

# Converting Colors

XYZ(80.6139, 84.8111, 92.3614)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(80.6139, 84.8111, 92.3614)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(80.4953, 84.6873,  
92.2245)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                      |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex         | EDEDED                     |
| RGB         | 237, 237, 237              |
| RGB Percent | 93%, 93%, 93%              |
| CMY         | 0.0706, 0.0706, 0.0706     |
| CMYK        | 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.07     |
| HSL         | 121°, 0%, 93%              |
| HSV         | 121°, 0%, 93%              |
| XYZ         | 80.4953, 84.6873, 92.2245  |
| YIQ         | 237.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

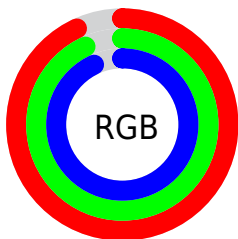
| Format                              | Color                       |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| R <sub>Y</sub> B                    | 237, 237, 237               |
| Decimal                             | 15592941                    |
| CIE Lab                             | 93.75, 0.01, -0.01          |
| CIE LCh                             | 94, 0.011, 296.958          |
| Yxy                                 | 84.6873, 0.3127,<br>0.3290  |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4293783021<br>(0xFFEDED)    |
| YUV                                 | 237.0000, 0.0000,<br>0.0000 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 92.0257, -4.9102,<br>4.9999 |

# Details

The XYZ color **80.4953, 84.6873, 92.2245** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **80.4984, 84.6895, 92.2290**, and the grayscale version is **80.4984, 84.6905, 92.2280**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **43.9204, 46.2077, 50.3202** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **69.9178, 79.6044, 75.1223**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **89.5758, 89.0516, 107.0753**.

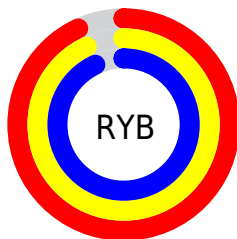
# Distribution



Red (93%)

Green (93%)

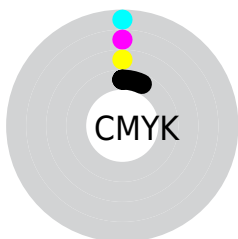
Blue (93%)



Red (93%)

Yellow (93%)

Blue (93%)

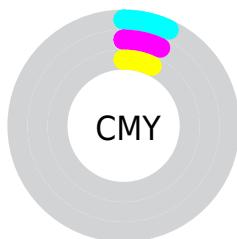


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (7%)



Cyan (7%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (7%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 80.4953, 84.6873, 92.2245 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 80.4953, 84.6873, 92.2245 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



80.4953, 84.6873,  
92.2245

80.4953, 84.6873,  
92.2245

485.3116,  
510.5928, 555.9965

60.4359, 63.5830,  
69.2430

133.0087,  
139.9362, 152.3869

44.0209, 46.3130,  
50.4367

166.1935,  
174.8496, 190.4049

30.8849, 32.4929,  
35.3869

204.4840,  
215.1349, 234.2722

20.6626, 21.7383,  
23.6751

248.2458,  
261.1764, 284.4073

12.9887, 13.6647,  
14.8828

297.8441,  
313.3586, 341.2287

7.4977, 7.8878,  
8.5915

353.6442,

3.8243, 4.0233,

372.0658, 405.1551

4.3825

416.0116,  
437.6824, 476.6048

■ 1.6032, 1.6866,  
1.8375

■ 0.3945, 0.4149,  
0.4525

■ 80.4953, 84.6873,  
92.2245

■ 80.4953, 84.6873,  
92.2245

■ 69.9178, 79.6044,  
75.1223

■ 89.5758, 89.0516,  
107.0753

■ 60.7673, 75.2058,  
60.2994

■ 52.9849, 71.4655,  
47.6612

■ 46.5050, 68.3519,  
37.1045

■ 41.2564, 65.8307,  
28.5177

■ 37.1611, 63.8645,  
21.7788

■ 34.1325, 62.4113,  
16.7522

■ 32.0714, 61.4234,  
13.2839

■ 30.8604, 60.8441,  
11.1923

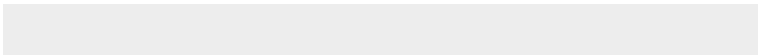
# Harmonies

## Analogous

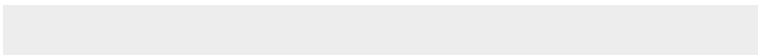
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80.4924, 84.6873, 92.2262



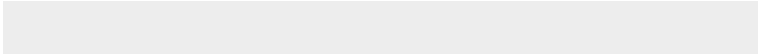
80.4953, 84.6873, 92.2245



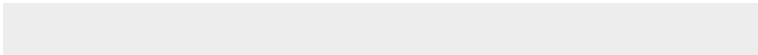
80.4975, 84.6873, 92.2189

# Triad

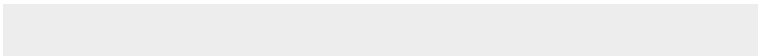
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80.4953, 84.6873, 92.2245



80.4958, 84.6873, 92.1965



80.4871, 84.6873, 92.2092

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80.4953, 84.6873, 92.2245



80.4984, 84.6895, 92.2290

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



80.4880, 84.6873, 92.2012



80.4953, 84.6873, 92.2245



80.4930, 84.6873, 92.1939

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80.4953, 84.6873, 92.2245



80.4978, 84.6873, 92.2027



80.4902, 84.6873, 92.1956



80.4877, 84.6873, 92.2174



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80.4953, 84.6873, 92.2245



80.4982, 84.6873, 92.2137



80.4902, 84.6873, 92.1956



80.4872, 84.6873, 92.2064

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80.4977, 84.6909, 92.2263

95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000



80.4990, 84.6916, 92.2264



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

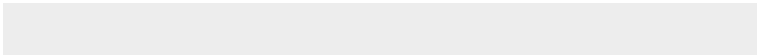
# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80.4977, 84.6909, 92.2263

95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000



80.4980, 84.6911, 92.2279



17.0014, 17.8868, 19.4787



16.5523, 33.0754, 5.6074



1.3037, 2.5988, 0.4612



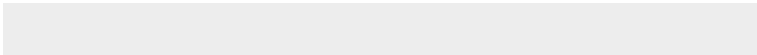
# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80.4984, 84.6895, 92.2290

95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000



80.4981, 84.6894, 92.2275



17.0014, 17.8868, 19.4787



27.0758, 13.0330, 43.0619



2.1299, 1.0249, 3.4016



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 80.4953, 84.6873, 92.2245 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

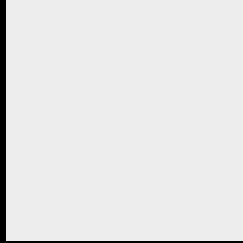
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 80.4953, 84.6873, 92.2245 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# XYZ 80.4953, 84.6873, 92.2245

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 80.4953, 84.6873, 92.2245.



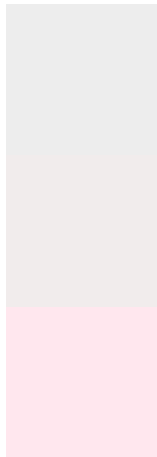
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 80.4953, 84.6873,

92.2245.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

80.4953, 84.6873, 92.2245

### Protanopia

81.4114, 84.7478, 91.4240

### Deuteranopia

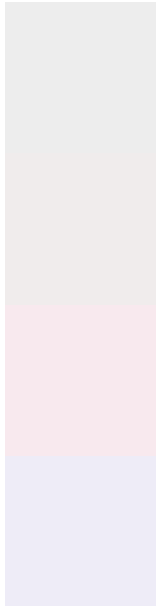
85.2485, 84.5849, 92.7224



## Tritanopia

83.0346, 84.8592, 104.9316

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

80.4953, 84.6873, 92.2245

## Protanomaly

81.0710, 84.5723, 91.4081

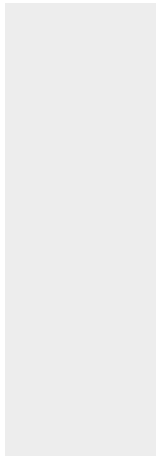
## Deuteranomaly

83.2829, 84.4073, 92.7917

## Tritanomaly

82.0438, 84.8834, 100.0557

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

80.4953, 84.6873, 92.2245

## Achromatopsia

80.4953, 84.6873, 92.2245

## Achromatomaly

80.4953, 84.6873, 92.2245

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 80.4953, 84.6873, 92.2245 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(237, 237, 237)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(237, 237, 237)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(237, 237, 237) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(237, 237, 237) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 80.4953, 84.6873, 92.2245 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(237, 237, 237) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(237, 237, 237) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(237, 237, 237) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(237, 237, 237); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 237, 237);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 237,  
237) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 80.4953, 84.6873, 92.2245 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(237, 237, 237) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(237,  
237, 237) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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