

Converting Colors

XYZ(80.8370, 92.6729,
108.2348)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(80.8370, 92.6729, 108.2348)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(80.9614, 92.7370,
108.2407)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D4FFFF
RGB	212, 255, 255
RGB Percent	83%, 100%, 100%
CMY	0.1686, 0.0000, 0.0000
CMYK	0.17, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	180°, 100%, 92%
HSV	180°, 17%, 100%
XYZ	80.9614, 92.7370, 108.2407
YIQ	242.1430, -25.6280, -9.1160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	212, 234, 255
Decimal	13959167
CIE _{Lab}	97.12, -13.62, -4.57
CIE _{LCh}	97, 14.367, 198.548
Yxy	92.7370, 0.2872, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292149247 (0xFFD4FFFF)
YUV	242.1430, 6.3385, -26.4354
Hunter-Lab	96.3001, -18.4565, 0.7684

Details

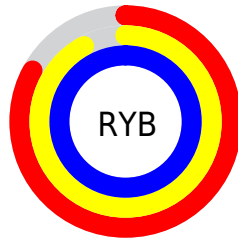
The XYZ color **80.9614, 92.7370, 108.2407** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **76.6682, 73.1019, 72.3584**, and the grayscale version is **84.4769, 88.8762, 96.7862**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **44.2918, 51.6335, 61.0579** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **74.1821, 89.2422, 107.9234**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88.9032, 96.8312, 108.6123**.

Distribution



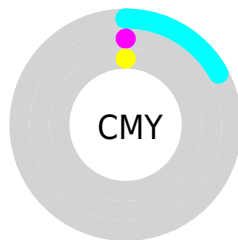
- Red (83%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (83%)
- Yellow (92%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 80.9614, 92.7370, 108.2407 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 80.9614, 92.7370, 108.2407 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 80.9614, 92.7370,
108.2407

 80.9614, 92.7370,
108.2407


486.8543,
536.8946, 607.7731

 60.8210, 70.2529,
82.5451


133.6600,
151.1344, 174.5869

 44.3327, 51.7328,
61.2766


166.9489,
187.8166, 216.0745

 31.1312, 36.7921,
44.0164

205.3514,
230.0003, 263.6633

 20.8511, 25.0466,
30.3461

249.2327,
278.0698, 317.7718

 13.1270, 16.1118,
19.8472

298.9583,
332.4096, 378.8185

 7.5937, 9.6033,
12.1010

354.8936,

 3.8857, 5.1367,

393.4040, 447.2219

6.6891

417.4038,
461.4376, 523.4006

■ 1.6377, 2.3277,
3.1930

■ 0.4168, 0.7883,
1.1940

■ 80.9614, 92.7370,
108.2407

■ 80.9614, 92.7370,
108.2407

■ 74.1821, 89.2422,
107.9234

■ 88.9032, 96.8312,
108.6123

■ 68.5085, 86.3173,
107.6579

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 63.8828, 83.9327,
107.4414

■ 60.2407, 82.0552,
107.2710

■ 57.5113, 80.6481,
107.1432

■ 55.6138, 79.6699,
107.0544

■ 54.4534, 79.0717,
107.0001

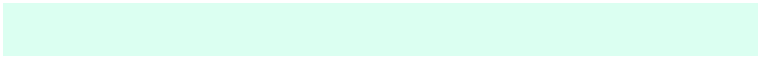
■ 53.9102, 78.7916,
106.9747

■ 53.8100, 78.7400,
106.9700

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80.7258, 92.7370, 96.6090



80.9614, 92.7370, 108.2407



83.0858, 92.7370, 118.6400

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80.9614, 92.7370, 108.2407



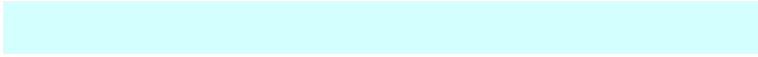
94.1135, 92.7370, 116.4786



89.6997, 92.7370, 80.6458

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



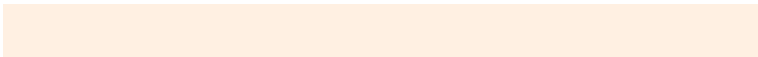
80.9614, 92.7370, 108.2407



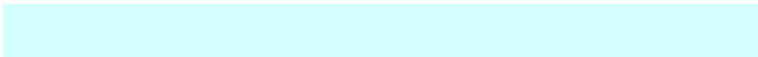
76.6682, 73.1019, 72.3584

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



93.4029, 92.7370, 85.1564



80.9614, 92.7370, 108.2407



96.0028, 92.7370, 105.4702

Square

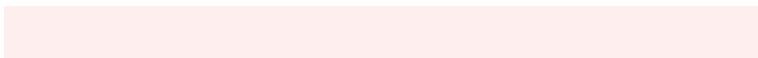
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80.9614, 92.7370, 108.2407



90.6455, 92.7370, 123.6417



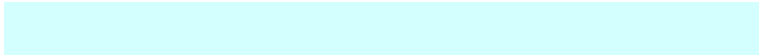
95.7388, 92.7370, 94.0416



85.6884, 92.7370, 81.2627

Rectangle

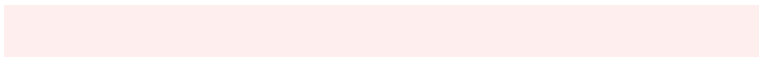
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80.9614, 92.7370, 108.2407



85.3249, 92.7370, 123.1997



95.7388, 92.7370, 94.0416



91.0240, 92.7370, 81.5977

Sweetspot

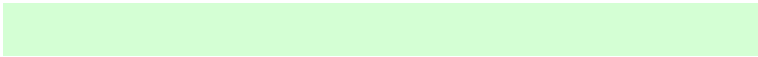
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80.9622, 92.7375, 108.2407



90.5138, 97.6615, 108.6877



74.7962, 90.2711, 75.7710



19.2425, 20.8360, 23.2575



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

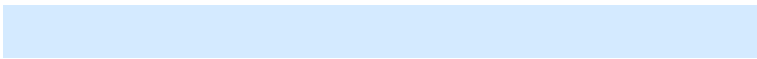
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80.9622, 92.7375, 108.2407



78.7118, 91.5774, 108.1354



74.4832, 79.7796, 106.0811



18.5550, 20.4815, 23.2253



28.1169, 41.1433, 55.8941



2.7376, 4.0060, 5.4422

Inverse Universe

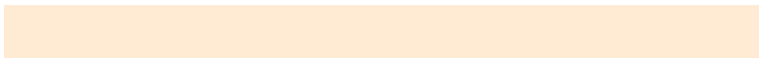
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



82.8342, 75.5683, 104.8281



80.8829, 71.6657, 104.1776



82.4051, 84.5757, 74.2707



18.7928, 18.3004, 22.7918



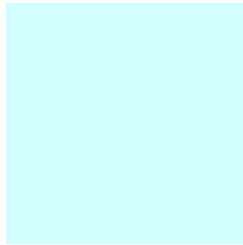
30.9803, 14.8814, 50.6741



3.0164, 1.4490, 4.9340

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 80.9614, 92.7370, 108.2407 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

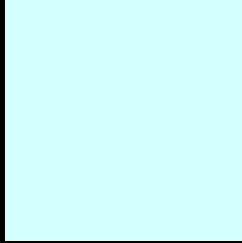
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 80.9614, 92.7370, 108.2407 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

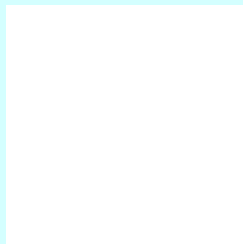
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 80.9614, 92.7370, 108.2407

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 80.9614, 92.7370, 108.2407.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 80.9614, 92.7370,

Color Blindness Simulation

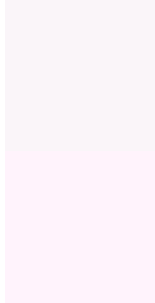
Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

80.9614, 92.7370, 108.2407



Protanopia

89.1756, 92.4684, 102.7707

Deuteranopia

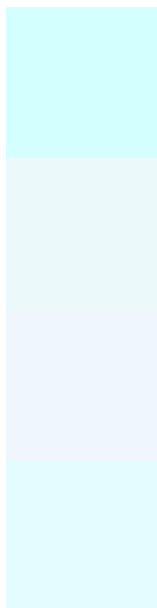
90.8613, 92.3895, 105.1395



Tritanopia

86.5425, 92.3593, 107.8736

Trichromacy



Original Color

80.9614, 92.7370, 108.2407

Protanomaly

85.8803, 92.5493, 104.6042

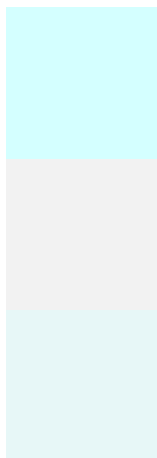
Deuteranomaly

86.5870, 91.9641, 106.1157

Tritanomaly

84.5421, 92.7083, 108.0464

Monochromacy



Original Color

80.9614, 92.7370, 108.2407

Achromatopsia

84.3971, 88.7923, 96.6948

Achromatomaly

83.0043, 90.2259, 101.0362

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 80.9614, 92.7370, 108.2407 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(212, 255, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(212, 255, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(212, 255, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(212, 255, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 80.9614, 92.7370, 108.2407 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

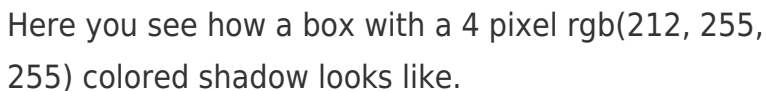
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(212, 255, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(212, 255, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(212, 255, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 255, 255); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 255, 255); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 255, 255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 80.9614, 92.7370, 108.2407 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(212, 255, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(212,  
255, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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