

Converting Colors

XYZ(80.8761, 83.2850, 68.3129)

Have a look what the booklet for XYZ(80.8761, 83.2850, 68.3129) contains.

- XYZ(80.8761, 83.2850, 68.3129) 3**
- Conversions* 4**
- Details* 6**
- Harmonies* 12**
- Previews* 24**
- Color Blindness Simulation* 28**
- CSS Examples* 31**

Color

**XYZ(80.8761, 83.2850,
68.3129)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFE8CB
RGB	255, 232, 203
RGB Percent	100%, 91%, 80%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0902, 0.2039
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.20, 0.00
HSL	33°, 100%, 90%
HSV	33°, 20%, 100%
XYZ	80.8761, 83.2850, 68.3129
YIQ	235.5710, 23.0170, -4.1430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

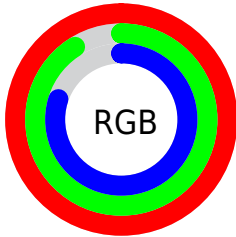
Format	Color
RYB	244, 255, 203
Decimal	16771275
CIELab	93.14, 3.38, 16.95
CIELCh	93, 17.288, 78.741
Yxy	83.2850, 0.3479, 0.3583
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294961355 (0xFFFFE8CB)
YUV	235.5710, -16.0575, 17.0392
Hunter-Lab	91.2606, -1.5175, 19.5011

Details

The XYZ color **80.8761, 83.2850, 68.3129** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **69.8743, 74.3071, 105.2677**, and the grayscale version is **79.5091, 83.6497, 91.0945**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **44.2389, 45.2264, 34.8317** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **75.0112, 76.0248, 52.5785**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87.4486, 91.1597, 86.7511**.

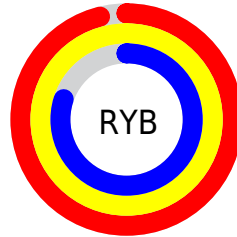
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (91%)

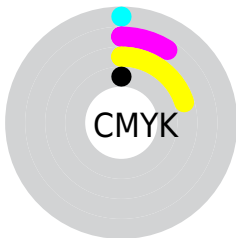
Blue (80%)



Red (96%)

Yellow (100%)

Blue (80%)

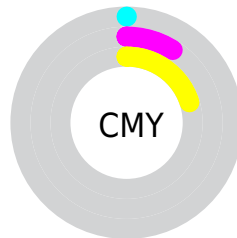


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (20%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)


Magenta (9%)


Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 80.8761, 83.2850, 68.3129 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 80.8761, 83.2850, 68.3129 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 80.8761, 83.2850,
68.3129

 80.8761, 83.2850,
68.3129


486.5722,
505.9359, 473.2320

 60.7505, 62.4253,
49.6841


133.5409,
137.9746, 118.4581

 44.2756, 45.3764,
34.7930


166.8107,
172.5732, 150.8115

 31.0861, 31.7540,
23.2212


205.1927,
212.5203, 188.5769

 20.8166, 21.1737,
14.5501

249.0522,
258.2001, 232.1728

 13.1017, 13.2510,
8.3611

298.7545,
309.9973, 282.0177

 7.5761, 7.6016,
4.2358

354.6651,

 3.8744, 3.8411,

368.2960, 338.5302

1.7556

417.1492,
433.4807, 402.1287

■ 1.6313, 1.5851,
0.3984

■ 0.4127, 0.3475,
0.0000

■ 80.8761, 83.2850,
68.3129

■ 80.8761, 83.2850,
68.3129

■ 75.0112, 76.0248,
52.5785

■ 87.4486, 91.1597,
86.7511

■ 69.8196, 69.3510,
39.4127

94.7490, 99.6546,
108.0089

■ 65.2731, 63.2488,
28.6768

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 61.3385, 57.6985,
20.2164

■ 57.9792, 52.6788,
13.8592

■ 55.1538, 48.1664,
9.4079

■ 52.8133, 44.1344,
6.6270

■ 50.9485, 40.6769,
5.1662

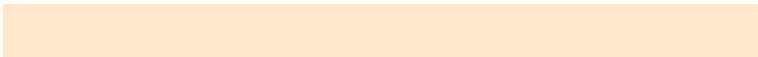
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



85.0557, 83.2850, 73.1623



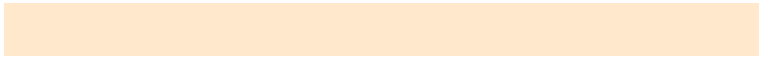
80.8761, 83.2850, 68.3129



76.3890, 83.2850, 69.0141

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80.8761, 83.2850, 68.3129



71.1798, 83.2850, 98.9527



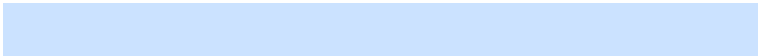
85.9032, 83.2850, 108.1845

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80.8761, 83.2850, 68.3129



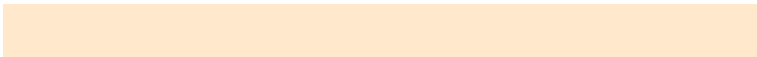
69.8743, 74.3071, 105.2677

Split Complementary

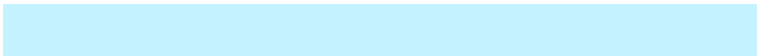
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



81.9970, 83.2850, 116.4707



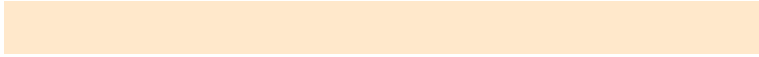
80.8761, 83.2850, 68.3129



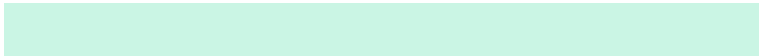
73.5430, 83.2850, 110.7993

Square

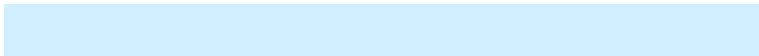
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80.8761, 83.2850, 68.3129



70.9056, 83.2850, 85.8902



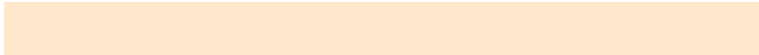
77.4681, 83.2850, 117.4709



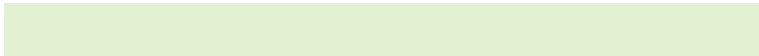
88.0312, 83.2850, 95.6513

Rectangle

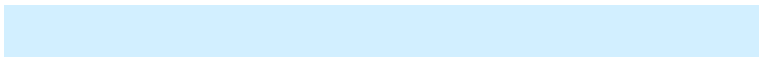
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80.8761, 83.2850, 68.3129



73.8231, 83.2850, 72.5521



77.4681, 83.2850, 117.4709



84.7478, 83.2850, 111.6083

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80.8781, 83.2886, 68.3146



90.5631, 94.8124, 95.7320



76.3789, 69.4858, 81.6268



19.2832, 20.1758, 20.1972



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



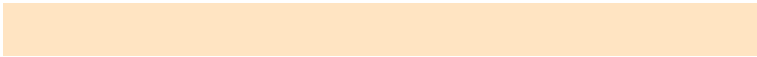
20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80.8781, 83.2886, 68.3146



78.6813, 80.5983, 62.3313



86.8297, 96.6021, 70.5707



18.8498, 19.6677, 18.9471



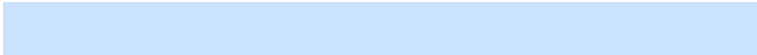
26.7730, 21.5573, 2.7499



2.7158, 2.3169, 0.3041

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.8743, 74.3071, 105.2677



66.0671, 70.3034, 104.6955



64.7495, 62.9976, 103.3548



17.6641, 18.6998, 22.9284



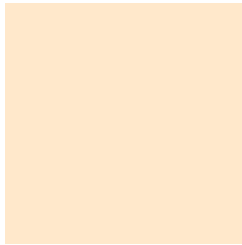
12.6464, 10.2023, 50.7373



1.3381, 1.2069, 4.9757

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 80.8761, 83.2850, 68.3129 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

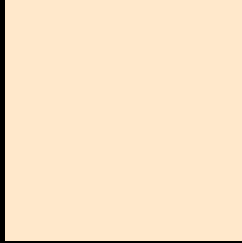
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 80.8761, 83.2850, 68.3129 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

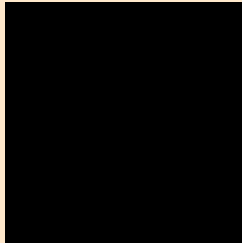
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 80.8761, 83.2850, 68.3129

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 80.8761, 83.2850, 68.3129.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 80.8761, 83.2850,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

80.8761, 83.2850, 68.3129

Protanopia

78.9652, 83.5505, 69.0917

Deuteranopia

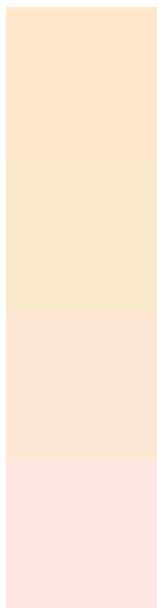
82.6021, 83.5263, 78.7864



Tritanopia

85.0104, 83.1576, 95.5749

Trichromacy



Original Color

80.8761, 83.2850, 68.3129

Protanomaly

79.7462, 83.5293, 69.0464

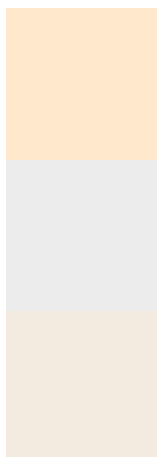
Deuteranomaly

81.8262, 83.2159, 74.7004

Tritanomaly

83.2629, 82.9001, 85.0117

Monochromacy



Original Color

80.8761, 83.2850, 68.3129

Achromatopsia

79.7278, 83.8799, 91.3452

Achromatomaly

80.1250, 83.8532, 82.4832

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 80.8761, 83.2850, 68.3129 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 232, 203)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 232, 203)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 232, 203) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 232, 203) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 80.8761, 83.2850, 68.3129 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 232, 203) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 232, 203) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 232, 203) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 232, 203); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 232, 203);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 232,  
203) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 80.8761, 83.2850, 68.3129 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 232, 203) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
232, 203) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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