

# Converting Colors

XYZ(81.2202, 73.2421, 47.0410)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(81.2202, 73.2421, 47.0410)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(69.9007, 67.2729,  
46.3466)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFCCA8
RGB	255, 204, 168
RGB Percent	100%, 80%, 66%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2000, 0.3412
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.34, 0.00
HSL	25°, 100%, 83%
HSV	25°, 34%, 100%
XYZ	69.9007, 67.2729, 46.3466
YIQ	215.1450, 41.9520, -0.3840

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

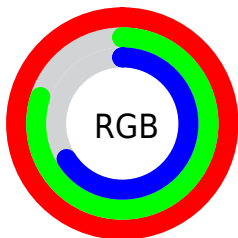
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 229, 168
Decimal	16764072
CIE Lab	85.64, 13.21, 24.80
CIE LCh	86, 28.096, 61.956
Yxy	67.2729, 0.3809, 0.3666
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294954152 (0xFFFFCCA8)
YUV	215.1450, -23.2425, 34.9528
Hunter-Lab	82.0201, 8.5896, 23.9114

# Details

The XYZ color **69.9007, 67.2729, 46.3466** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **59.5290, 66.2055, 104.2491**, and the grayscale version is **64.8236, 68.1995, 74.2692**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90.3193, 98.1077, 83.9884**, and **37.0847, 34.9440, 21.3133** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64.3707, 59.6491, 33.9099**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **76.2410, 75.7713, 61.3530**.

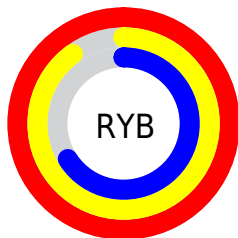
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (80%)

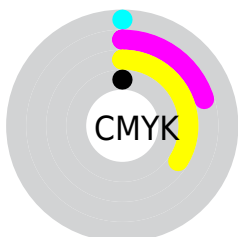
Blue (66%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (90%)

Blue (66%)

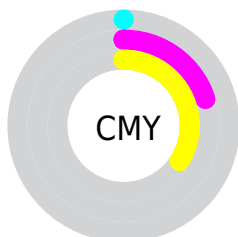


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (34%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (34%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 69.9007, 67.2729, 46.3466 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 69.9007, 67.2729, 46.3466 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 69.9007, 67.2729,  
46.3466

 69.9007, 67.2729,  
46.3466

449.4731,  
450.9155, 388.5183

 51.7249, 49.3064,  
32.1688


 118.0942,  
115.3114, 86.0772

 37.0092, 34.8626,  
21.2246


 148.8426,  
146.1522, 112.4671

 25.3883, 23.5571,  
13.0954


184.5125,  
182.0532, 143.7647

 16.4969, 15.0054,  
7.3628

225.4694,  
223.3988, 180.3887

 9.9695, 8.8232,  
3.6081

272.0785,  
270.5735, 222.7575

 5.4409, 4.6260,  
1.4129

324.7053,

 2.5456, 2.0296,

323.9616, 271.2897

0.1518

383.7150,  
383.9474, 326.4038

■ 0.9183, 0.6246,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 69.9007, 67.2729,  
46.3466

■ 69.9007, 67.2729,  
46.3466

■ 64.3707, 59.6491,  
33.9099

■ 76.2410, 75.7713,  
61.3530

■ 59.6089, 52.8603,  
23.8915

■ 83.4207, 85.1632,  
79.0604

■ 55.5768, 46.8776,  
16.1305

■ 91.4736, 95.4786,  
99.5959

■ 52.2300, 41.6666,  
10.4442

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 49.5179, 37.1893,  
6.6209

■ 47.3804, 33.4030,  
4.4022

■ 46.3461, 31.4722,  
3.6320

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



74.9566, 67.2729, 56.1396



69.9007, 67.2729, 46.3466



63.5220, 67.2729, 43.3786

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



69.9007, 67.2729, 46.3466



52.4175, 67.2729, 74.4577



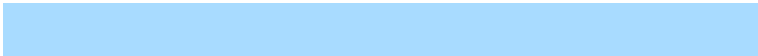
70.6752, 67.2729, 107.3915

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



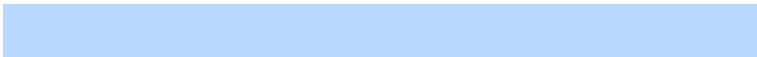
69.9007, 67.2729, 46.3466



59.5290, 66.2055, 104.2491

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



64.3616, 67.2729, 114.4027



69.9007, 67.2729, 46.3466



54.0610, 67.2729, 93.5224

# Square

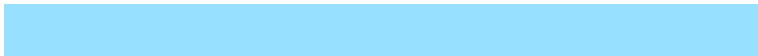
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



69.9007, 67.2729, 46.3466



53.6865, 67.2729, 57.9019



58.3298, 67.2729, 108.9508



75.4243, 67.2729, 91.0927



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69.9007, 67.2729, 46.3466



59.4508, 67.2729, 45.1908



58.3298, 67.2729, 108.9508



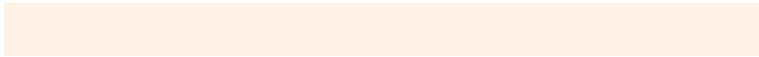
68.6516, 67.2729, 111.0245

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69.9024, 67.2761, 46.3480



86.6286, 89.2967, 87.1655



68.1878, 54.4438, 74.7644



18.3041, 18.8074, 18.0531



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69.9024, 67.2761, 46.3480



66.0106, 61.9350, 37.5200



81.3551, 90.1814, 50.1655



18.6269, 19.2219, 18.8728



24.3556, 16.7225, 1.9441

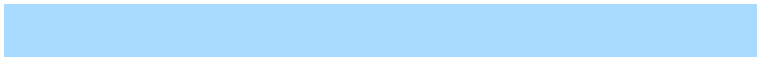


2.4761, 1.8375, 0.2242



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59.5290, 66.2055, 104.2491



54.1870, 60.6995, 103.4680



49.8621, 46.8715, 101.0267



17.8878, 19.1473, 23.0030



15.2367, 15.3830, 51.6007



1.5913, 1.7134, 5.0601



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 69.9007, 67.2729, 46.3466 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

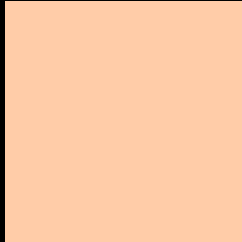
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 69.9007, 67.2729, 46.3466 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 69.9007, 67.2729, 46.3466**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 69.9007, 67.2729, 46.3466.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 69.9007, 67.2729,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

69.9007, 67.2729, 46.3466

### Protanopia

63.2679, 67.4412, 49.2180

### Deuteranopia

68.9229, 67.4790, 46.4379



## Tritanopia

73.9045, 67.3726, 72.0598

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

69.9007, 67.2729, 46.3466

## Protanomaly

65.3223, 67.0380, 48.0248

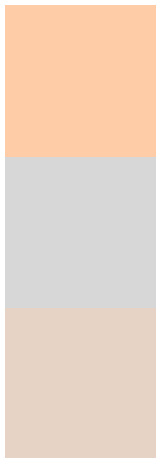
## Deuteranomaly

69.0441, 67.1852, 46.3748

## Tritanomaly

72.2047, 67.0645, 61.9625

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

69.9007, 67.2729, 46.3466

## Achromatopsia

64.5905, 67.9542, 74.0022

## Achromatomaly

66.1204, 67.4887, 62.9678

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 69.9007, 67.2729, 46.3466 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 204, 168)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 204, 168)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 204, 168) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 204, 168) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 69.9007, 67.2729, 46.3466 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 204, 168) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 204, 168) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 204, 168)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 204, 168); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 204, 168); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 204, 168) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 69.9007, 67.2729, 46.3466 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 204, 168) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
204, 168) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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