

# Converting Colors

XYZ(81.3829, 83.2658, 79.1922)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(81.3829, 83.2658, 79.1922)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(81.5585, 83.3898,  
79.5074)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FBE8DC
RGB	251, 232, 220
RGB Percent	98%, 91%, 86%
CMY	0.0157, 0.0902, 0.1372
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.12, 0.02
HSL	23°, 79%, 92%
HSV	23°, 12%, 98%
XYZ	81.5585, 83.3898, 79.5074
YIQ	236.3130, 15.1760, 0.2960

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

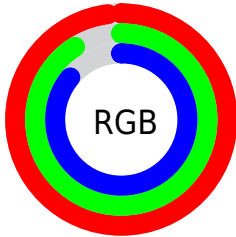
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	251, 240, 220
Decimal	16509148
CIE Lab	93.18, 4.51, 8.15
CIE LCh	93, 9.313, 61.058
Yxy	83.3898, 0.3336, 0.3411
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294699228 (0xFFFBE8DC)
YUV	236.3130, -8.0423, 12.8805
Hunter-Lab	91.3180, -0.3835, 12.3009

# Details

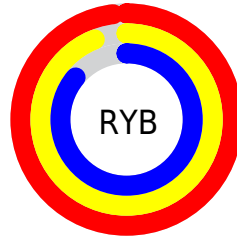
The XYZ color **81.5585, 83.3898, 79.5074** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **77.7938, 83.9118, 103.3638**, and the grayscale version is **80.0221, 84.1895, 91.6823**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **44.5650, 45.2366, 41.9800** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **74.3398, 73.8783, 61.9133**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **89.6599, 93.8661, 99.8601**.

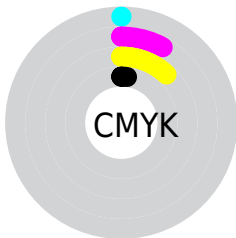
# Distribution



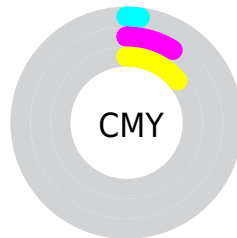
- Red (98%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (86%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (94%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (2%)




- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (14%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 81.5585, 83.3898, 79.5074 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 81.5585, 83.3898, 79.5074 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 81.5585, 83.3898,  
79.5074

 81.5585, 83.3898,  
79.5074


488.8266,  
506.2847, 512.9341

 61.3145, 62.5118,  
58.7893


134.4938,  
138.1213, 134.4781

 44.7326, 45.4463,  
42.0246


167.9158,  
172.7435, 169.5677

 31.4472, 31.8091,  
28.7949


206.4612,  
212.7159, 210.2850

 21.0931, 21.2158,  
18.6815

250.4953,  
258.4229, 257.0484

 13.3049, 13.2818,  
11.2659

300.3836,  
310.2489, 310.2764

 7.7173, 7.6229,  
6.1295

356.4913,

 3.9649, 3.8546,

368.5783, 370.3877

2.8539

419.1839,  
433.7954, 437.8008

■ 1.6823, 1.5926,  
1.0205

■ 0.4451, 0.3526,  
0.0000

■ 81.5585, 83.3898,  
79.5074

■ 81.5585, 83.3898,  
79.5074

■ 74.3398, 73.8783,  
61.9133

■ 89.6599, 93.8661,  
99.8601

■ 67.9650, 65.2923,  
46.9524

■ 93.5939, 99.2494,  
108.8319

■ 62.4025, 57.6060,  
34.4976

■ 57.6160, 50.7879,  
24.4091

■ 53.5659, 44.8046,  
16.5329

■ 50.2088, 39.6203,  
10.6969

■ 47.4954, 35.1958,  
6.7028

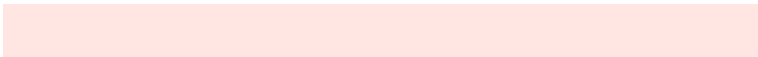
■ 45.3683, 31.4872,  
4.3116

■ 44.0772, 29.0959,  
3.2930

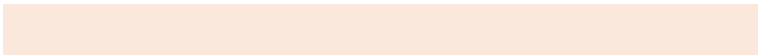
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83.3592, 83.3898, 84.0209



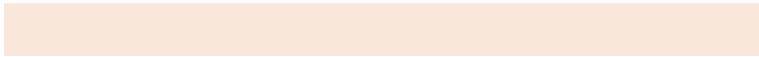
81.5585, 83.3898, 79.5074



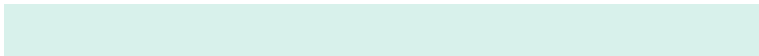
79.1727, 83.3898, 77.9789

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



81.5585, 83.3898, 79.5074



74.6473, 83.3898, 91.0463



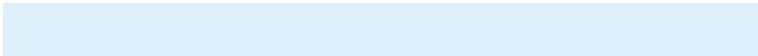
81.7119, 83.3898, 102.8378

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



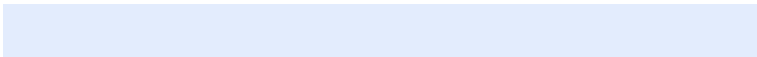
81.5585, 83.3898, 79.5074



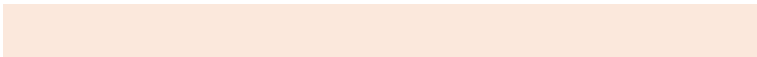
77.7938, 83.9118, 103.3638

# Split Complementary

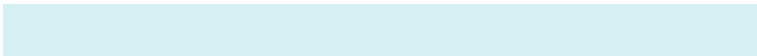
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



79.3464, 83.3898, 104.9487



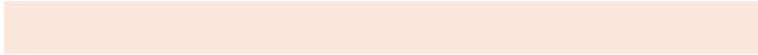
81.5585, 83.3898, 79.5074



75.2965, 83.3898, 97.9287

# Square

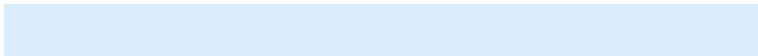
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



81.5585, 83.3898, 79.5074



75.2126, 83.3898, 84.4307



77.0041, 83.3898, 103.1084



83.4490, 83.3898, 97.4762



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81.5585, 83.3898, 79.5074



77.5808, 83.3898, 78.7928



77.0041, 83.3898, 103.1084



80.9623, 83.3898, 103.9631

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81.5608, 83.3935, 79.5092



91.4894, 95.4373, 99.8254



80.9750, 77.9356, 92.5279



19.4428, 20.2477, 21.0128



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

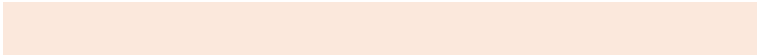


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

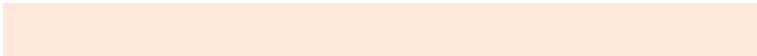


# Same Dimension

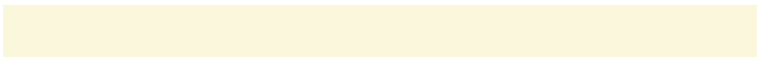
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81.5608, 83.3935, 79.5092



82.4655, 83.7239, 77.2892



86.0808, 92.4335, 81.0158



17.7958, 18.3274, 18.0620



23.2994, 15.5554, 1.7745

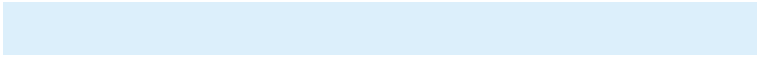


2.2573, 1.6394, 0.1975

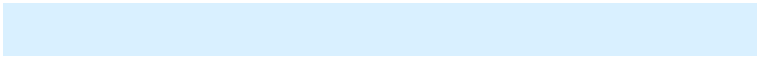


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77.7938, 83.9118, 103.3638



77.8063, 84.3641, 106.7908



73.4816, 75.2873, 101.9264



17.1685, 18.4138, 22.0346



15.3550, 16.0657, 50.2652

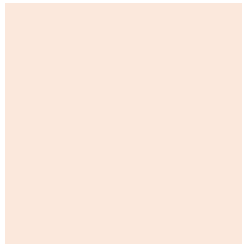


1.5249, 1.6936, 4.6897



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 81.5585, 83.3898, 79.5074 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

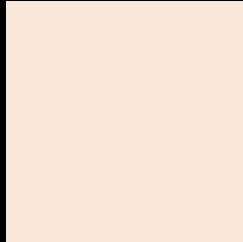
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 81.5585, 83.3898, 79.5074 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

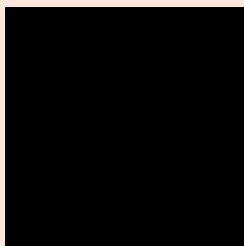
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

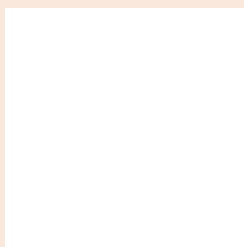
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 81.5585, 83.3898, 79.5074**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 81.5585, 83.3898, 79.5074.



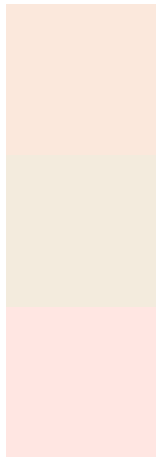
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 81.5585, 83.3898,

79.5074.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

81.5585, 83.3898, 79.5074

### Protanopia

79.7216, 83.6918, 80.3590

### Deuteranopia

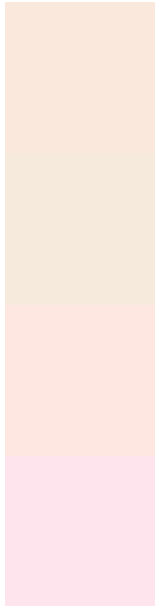
83.2643, 83.3446, 83.6501



## Tritanopia

85.6180, 83.4006, 98.7742

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

81.5585, 83.3898, 79.5074

## Protanomaly

80.4800, 83.6589, 80.3126

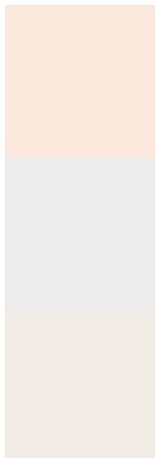
## Deuteranomaly

82.9035, 83.6045, 82.2888

## Tritanomaly

84.1784, 83.2239, 91.7479

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

81.5585, 83.3898, 79.5074

## Achromatopsia

79.7278, 83.8799, 91.3452

## Achromatomaly

80.2669, 83.8306, 86.8133

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 81.5585, 83.3898, 79.5074 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(251, 232, 220) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(251, 232, 220)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(251, 232, 220) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(251, 232, 220) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 81.5585, 83.3898, 79.5074 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(251, 232, 220) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(251, 232, 220) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(251, 232, 220)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(251, 232, 220); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 232, 220);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 232,  
220) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 81.5585, 83.3898, 79.5074 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(251, 232, 220) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(251,  
232, 220) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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