

# Converting Colors

XYZ(81.4034, 86.6142, 96.2280)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(81.4034, 86.6142, 96.2280)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(81.4140, 86.8138,  
96.4702)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EAF1F2
RGB	234, 241, 242
RGB Percent	92%, 95%, 95%
CMY	0.0823, 0.0549, 0.0510
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	187°, 24%, 93%
HSV	187°, 3%, 95%
XYZ	81.4140, 86.8138, 96.4702
YIQ	239.0210, -4.4930, -1.1730

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

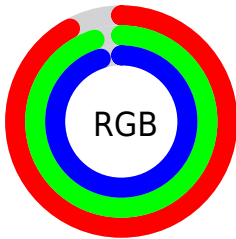
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">234, 238, 242</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">15397362</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">94.66, -2.13, -1.30</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">95, 2.494, 211.402</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">86.8138, 0.3076, 0.3280</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4293587442</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFEAF1F2</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">239.0210, 1.4686, -4.4034</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">93.1739, -7.0837, 3.8342</a>

# Details

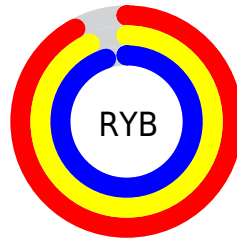
The XYZ color **81.4140, 86.8138, 96.4702** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **81.1778, 84.2337, 89.8234**, and the grayscale version is **82.0540, 86.3272, 94.0103**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **44.5720, 47.7081, 53.3138** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **73.1214, 81.2279, 95.8304**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **89.6237, 92.3837, 97.1139**.

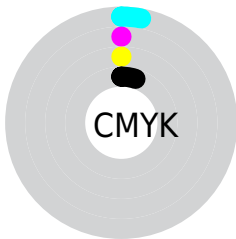
# Distribution



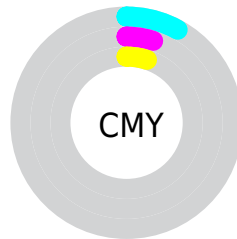
- Red (92%)
- Green (95%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (92%)
- Yellow (93%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (5%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 81.4140, 86.8138, 96.4702 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 81.4140, 86.8138, 96.4702 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



81.4140, 86.8138,  
96.4702

81.4140, 86.8138,  
96.4702

488.3497,  
517.6108, 569.9652

61.1951, 65.3411,  
72.7556

134.2920,  
142.9046, 158.3072

44.6358, 47.7377,  
53.2855

167.6819,  
178.2915, 197.2667

31.3707, 33.6192,  
37.6415

206.1927,  
219.0852, 242.1448

21.0345, 22.6012,  
25.4049

250.1900,  
265.6703, 293.3603

13.2618, 14.2994,  
16.1572

300.0389,  
318.4309, 351.3315

7.6873, 8.3292,  
9.4799

356.1049,

3.9456, 4.3063,

377.7517, 416.4770

4.9544

418.7534,  
444.0168, 489.2154

■ 1.6714, 1.8463,  
2.1623

■ 0.4383, 0.5158,  
0.6525

■ 81.4140, 86.8138,  
96.4702

■ 81.4140, 86.8138,  
96.4702

■ 73.1214, 81.2279,  
95.8304

■ 89.6237, 92.3837,  
97.1139

■ 65.8824, 76.2045,  
95.2423

■ 90.5380, 94.2124,  
97.4187

■ 59.6530, 71.7232,  
94.7057

■ 91.4672, 96.0708,  
97.7284

■ 54.3827, 67.7580,  
94.2181

■ 92.4114, 97.9592,  
98.0432

■ 50.0169, 64.2806,  
93.7770

■ 93.0273, 99.1909,  
98.2485

■ 46.4955, 61.2598,  
93.3795

■ 43.7507, 58.6607,  
93.0225

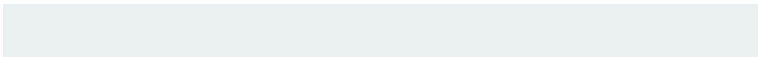
■ 41.7044, 56.4428,  
92.7023

■ 40.2615, 54.5571,  
92.4143

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



81.2266, 86.8138, 94.6162



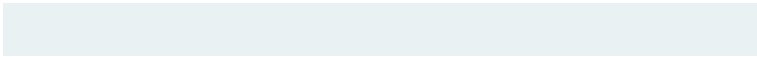
81.4140, 86.8138, 96.4702



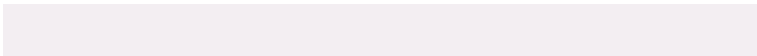
81.8959, 86.8138, 97.8178

# Triad

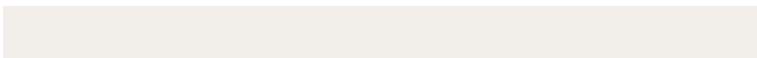
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



81.4140, 86.8138, 96.4702



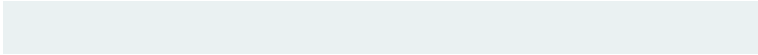
83.6556, 86.8138, 96.3111



82.4823, 86.8138, 90.8677

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



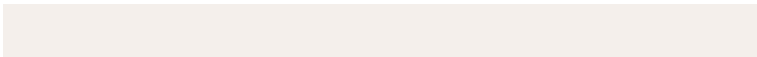
81.4140, 86.8138, 96.4702



81.1778, 84.2337, 89.8234

# Split Complementary

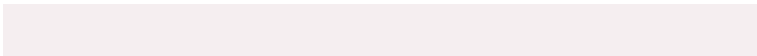
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



83.1351, 86.8138, 91.3078



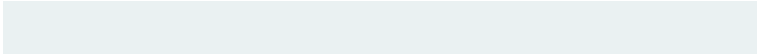
81.4140, 86.8138, 96.4702



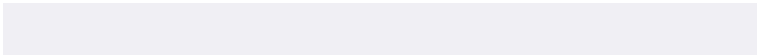
83.8147, 86.8138, 94.4348

# Square

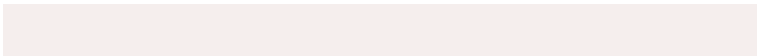
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



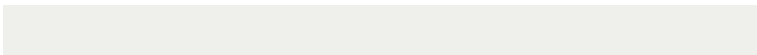
81.4140, 86.8138, 96.4702



83.1902, 86.8138, 97.7251



83.6237, 86.8138, 92.6071



81.8413, 86.8138, 91.3965

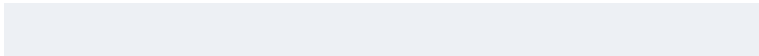


# Rectangle

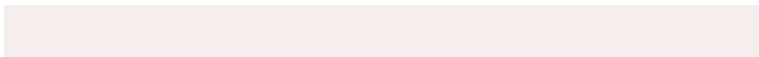
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



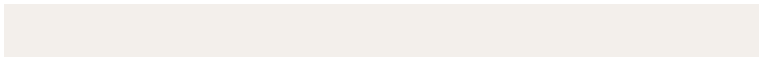
81.4140, 86.8138, 96.4702



82.3205, 86.8138, 98.2385



83.6237, 86.8138, 92.6071



82.7076, 86.8138, 90.9072

# Sweetspot

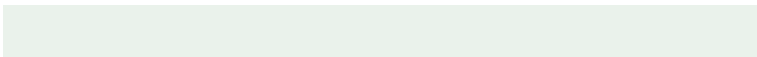
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81.4165, 86.8175, 96.4721



94.0168, 99.3171, 108.8226



80.6709, 86.9924, 91.0875



20.1344, 21.2652, 23.2933



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

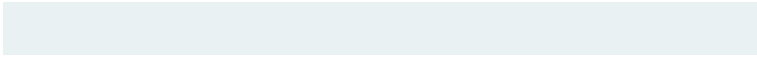


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

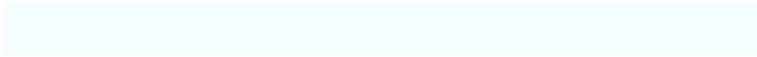


# Same Dimension

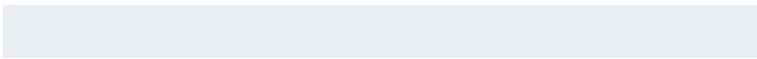
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81.4165, 86.8175, 96.4721



90.9926, 97.3088, 108.5944



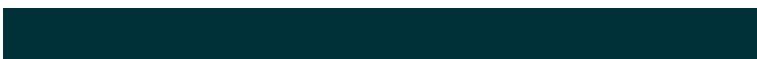
80.2635, 84.5116, 96.0878



16.9112, 18.1387, 20.3314



21.3088, 28.8419, 49.5718



1.8194, 2.4927, 4.1395



# Inverse Universe

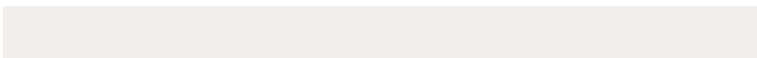
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81.9199, 84.0754, 95.1340



91.6781, 93.5823, 106.7705



82.3176, 86.5132, 90.2034



17.0622, 17.3193, 19.9291



26.0813, 12.7050, 34.6745

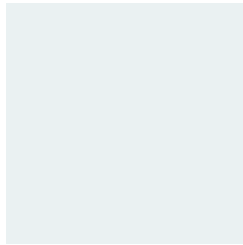


2.1933, 1.0664, 3.0086



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 81.4140, 86.8138, 96.4702 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

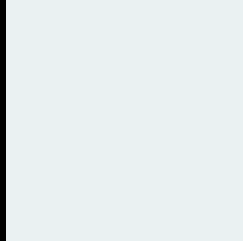
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 81.4140, 86.8138, 96.4702 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

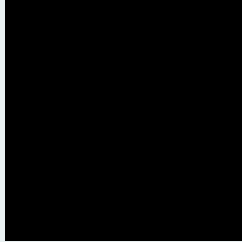
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

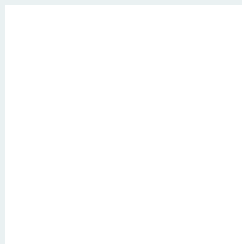
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 81.4140, 86.8138, 96.4702

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 81.4140, 86.8138, 96.4702.



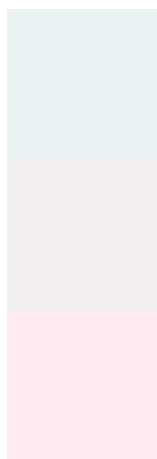
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 81.4140, 86.8138,

96.4702.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

81.4140, 86.8138, 96.4702

### Protanopia

83.2649, 86.4950, 94.7448

### Deuteranopia

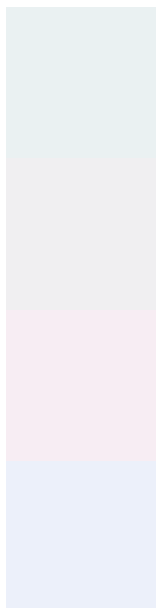
86.8405, 86.5767, 96.9280



## Tritanopia

83.8416, 86.9575, 106.9733

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

81.4140, 86.8138, 96.4702

## Protanomaly

82.6789, 86.6091, 95.5787

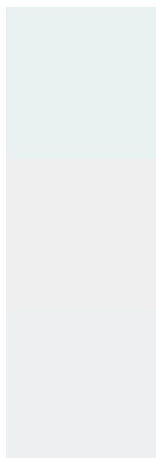
## Deuteranomaly

84.8196, 86.8136, 97.0802

## Tritanomaly

83.0075, 87.0552, 102.8708

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

81.4140, 86.8138, 96.4702

## Achromatopsia

82.0431, 86.3157, 93.9978

## Achromatomaly

81.8133, 86.6160, 94.8446

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 81.4140, 86.8138, 96.4702 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(234, 241, 242) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(234, 241, 242)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(234, 241, 242) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(234, 241, 242) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 81.4140, 86.8138, 96.4702 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(234, 241, 242) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(234, 241, 242) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(234, 241, 242)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(234, 241, 242); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 241, 242);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 241,  
242) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 81.4140, 86.8138, 96.4702 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(234, 241, 242) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(234,  
241, 242) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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