

# Converting Colors

XYZ(81.5022, 88.3521, 92.9465)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(81.5022, 88.3521, 92.9465)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(81.5684, 88.3082,  
92.8668)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EAF4ED
RGB	234, 244, 237
RGB Percent	92%, 96%, 93%
CMY	0.0823, 0.0431, 0.0706
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.03, 0.04
HSL	138°, 31%, 94%
HSV	138°, 4%, 96%
XYZ	81.5684, 88.3082, 92.8668
YIQ	240.2120, -3.7130, -4.2970

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

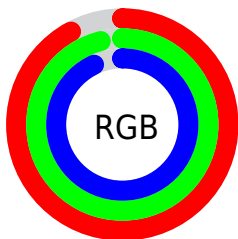
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	234, 242, 244
Decimal	15398125
CIE Lab	95.29, -4.55, 2.21
CIE LCh	95, 5.059, 154.083
Yxy	88.3082, 0.3104, 0.3361
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293588205 (0xFFEAF4ED)
YUV	240.2120, -1.5835, -5.4479
Hunter-Lab	93.9724, -9.5132, 7.1883

# Details

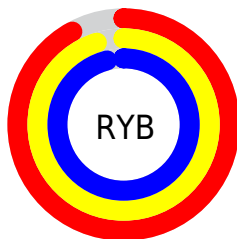
The XYZ color **81.5684, 88.3082, 92.8668** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **82.6115, 84.4318, 95.1663**, and the grayscale version is **83.0067, 87.3295, 95.1018**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **44.6838, 48.7676, 50.7741** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71.7247, 83.5109, 79.9926**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **91.4954, 93.1260, 106.9899**.

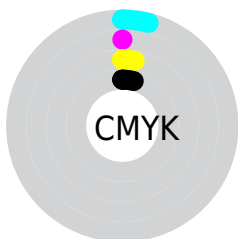
# Distribution



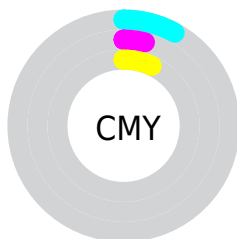
- Red (92%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (92%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (7%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 81.5684, 88.3082, 92.8668 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 81.5684, 88.3082, 92.8668 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



81.5684, 88.3082,  
92.8668

81.5684, 88.3082,  
92.8668

488.8593,  
522.5120, 558.1219

61.3227, 66.5783,  
69.7737

134.5076,  
144.9862, 153.2843

44.7392, 48.7420,  
50.8664

167.9318,  
180.7031, 191.4458

31.4525, 34.4149,  
35.7263

206.4796,  
221.8511, 235.4673

21.0971, 23.2125,  
23.9349

250.5162,  
268.8146, 285.7671

13.3079, 14.7505,  
15.0736

300.4072,  
321.9781, 342.7640

7.7194, 8.6445,  
8.7238

356.5178,

3.9662, 4.5100,

381.7259, 406.8764

4.4672

419.2134,  
448.4424, 478.5228

■ 1.6830, 1.9628,  
1.8850

■ 0.4456, 0.5857,  
0.4831

■ 81.5684, 88.3082,  
92.8668

■ 81.5684, 88.3082,  
92.8668

■ 71.7247, 83.5109,  
79.9926

■ 91.4954, 93.1260,  
106.9899

■ 63.1683, 79.3480,  
68.3836

■ 91.6424, 93.1848,  
107.7641

■ 55.8467, 75.7957,  
58.0032

■ 49.7011, 72.8247,  
48.8107

■ 44.6680, 70.4029,  
40.7634

■ 40.6772, 68.4952,  
33.8158

■ 37.6506, 67.0623,  
27.9195

■ 35.4980, 66.0588,  
23.0221

■ 34.1109, 65.4298,  
19.0666

# Harmonies

## Analogous

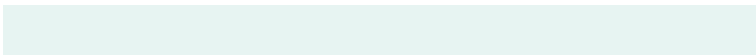
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



82.4549, 88.3082, 89.9903



81.5684, 88.3082, 92.8668



81.3133, 88.3082, 96.6952

# Triad

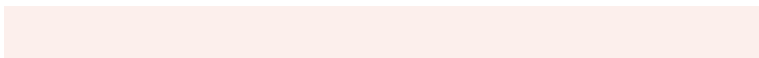
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



81.5684, 88.3082, 92.8668



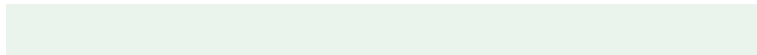
84.1235, 88.3082, 103.9398



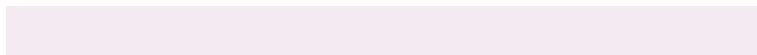
86.1529, 88.3082, 91.9533

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



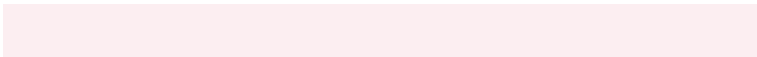
81.5684, 88.3082, 92.8668



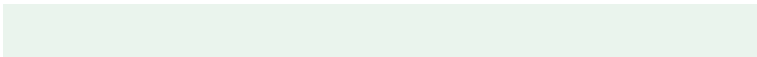
82.6115, 84.4318, 95.1663

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



86.6111, 88.3082, 95.6121



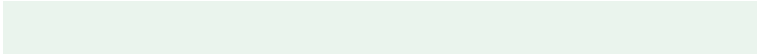
81.5684, 88.3082, 92.8668



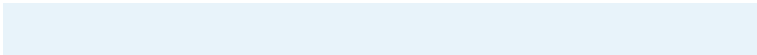
85.4313, 88.3082, 102.5900

# Square

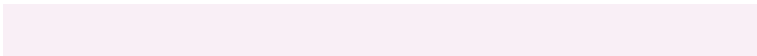
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



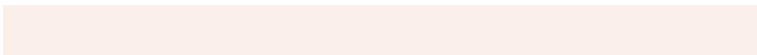
81.5684, 88.3082, 92.8668



82.7790, 88.3082, 103.1565



86.3455, 88.3082, 99.5150



85.1003, 88.3082, 89.4731



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



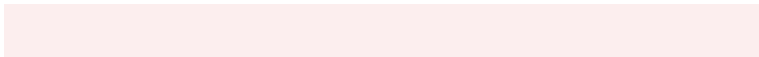
81.5684, 88.3082, 92.8668



81.5332, 88.3082, 99.2896



86.3455, 88.3082, 99.5150



86.3821, 88.3082, 93.0824

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81.5709, 88.3120, 92.8687



93.8319, 99.4051, 107.3496



83.5380, 89.3763, 90.6915



20.0967, 21.2831, 22.9936



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

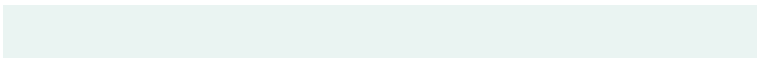
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81.5709, 88.3120, 92.8687



89.1097, 97.0999, 101.2936



82.2873, 88.5985, 96.6412



17.3125, 18.9566, 19.6559



18.3001, 35.4649, 9.5999



1.6519, 3.1344, 1.0727



# Inverse Universe

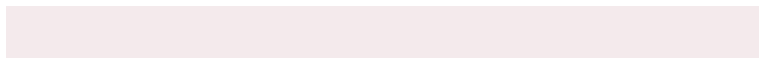
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



82.6115, 84.4318, 95.1663



90.5070, 91.8894, 104.3788



81.8984, 84.1466, 91.4112



17.6221, 17.8019, 20.3396



24.3373, 12.0784, 22.2823

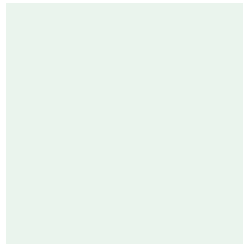


2.1843, 1.0797, 2.1967



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 81.5684, 88.3082, 92.8668 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

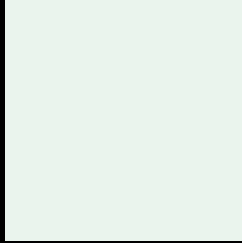
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 81.5684, 88.3082, 92.8668 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

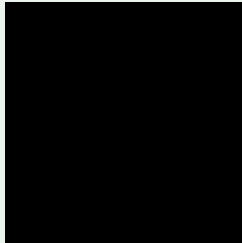
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

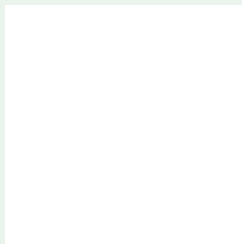
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 81.5684, 88.3082, 92.8668**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 81.5684, 88.3082, 92.8668.



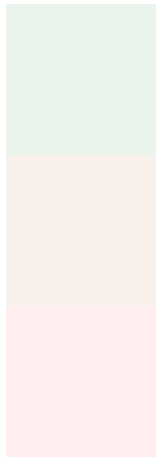
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 81.5684, 88.3082,

92.8668.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

81.5684, 88.3082, 92.8668

### Protanopia

84.5133, 88.0925, 91.1465

### Deuteranopia

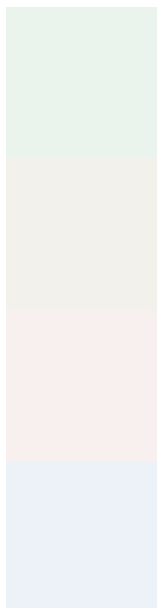
87.2524, 88.1196, 94.8482



## **Tritanopia**

85.1019, 88.4813, 107.2010

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

81.5684, 88.3082, 92.8668

## Protanomaly

83.2136, 87.8440, 91.9266

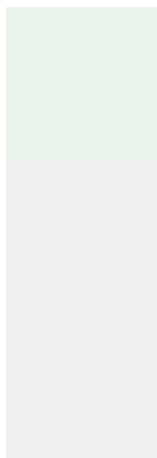
## Deuteranomaly

85.0978, 88.3263, 94.2249

## Tritanomaly

83.6205, 88.2861, 101.4406

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

81.5684, 88.3082, 92.8668

## Achromatopsia

82.8234, 87.1367, 94.8919

## Achromatomaly

82.2952, 87.3197, 94.1783

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 81.5684, 88.3082, 92.8668 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(234, 244, 237) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(234, 244, 237)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(234, 244, 237) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(234, 244, 237) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 81.5684, 88.3082, 92.8668 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(234, 244, 237) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(234, 244, 237) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(234, 244, 237) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(234, 244, 237); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 244, 237);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 244,  
237) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 81.5684, 88.3082, 92.8668 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(234, 244, 237) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(234,  
244, 237) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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