

# Converting Colors

XYZ(81.6075, 118.9343,  
82.4583)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(81.6075, 118.9343, 82.4583)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(64.6922, 85.0330, 76.6217)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(64.6922, 85.0330,  
76.6217)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ABFFD6
RGB	171, 255, 214
RGB Percent	67%, 100%, 84%
CMY	0.3294, 0.0000, 0.1608
CMYK	0.33, 0.00, 0.16, 0.00
HSL	151°, 100%, 84%
HSV	151°, 33%, 100%
XYZ	64.6922, 85.0330, 76.6217
YIQ	225.2100, -36.9030, -30.5590

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

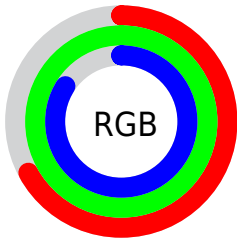
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">171, 227, 255</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">11272150</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">93.90, -33.88, 11.58</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">94, 35.802, 161.121</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">85.0330, 0.2858, 0.3757</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4289462230 (0xFFABFFD6)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">225.2100, -5.5265, -47.5422</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">92.2133, -36.1468, 15.2842</a>

# Details

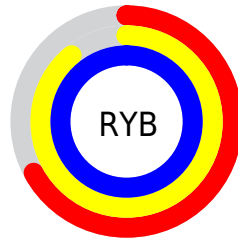
The XYZ color **64.6922, 85.0330, 76.6217** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFCC**. A complement of this color would be **67.6870, 55.1402, 69.3631**, and the grayscale version is **71.7764, 75.5143, 82.2351**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **85.8049, 95.2340, 108.4673**, and **33.6546, 46.6044, 40.0227** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58.1339, 81.8287, 68.3324**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **72.4449, 88.8389, 85.6037**.

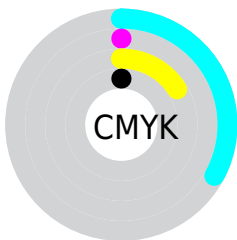
# Distribution



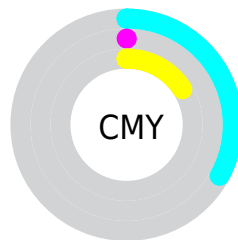
- Red (67%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (16%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 64.6922, 85.0330, 76.6217 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 64.6922, 85.0330, 76.6217 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



64.6922, 85.0330,  
76.6217

64.6922, 85.0330,  
76.6217

431.2478,  
511.7373, 502.8766

47.4753, 63.8686,  
56.4327

110.6754,  
140.4193, 130.3735

33.6211, 46.5443,  
40.1437

140.1724,  
175.4100, 164.7733

22.7642, 32.6755,  
27.3359

174.4935,  
215.7783, 204.7473

14.5392, 21.8780,  
17.5910

214.0041,  
261.9086, 250.7138

8.5808, 13.7673,  
10.4904

259.0694,  
314.1852, 303.0914

4.5237, 7.9590,  
5.6154

310.0549,

2.0025, 4.0687,

372.9926, 362.2988

2.5477

367.3259,  
438.7152, 428.7543

■ 0.6353, 1.7121,  
0.8653

■ 0.0000, 0.4315,  
0.0000

■ 64.6922, 85.0330,  
76.6217

■ 64.6922, 85.0330,  
76.6217

■ 58.1339, 81.8287,  
68.3324

■ 72.4449, 88.8389,  
85.6037

■ 52.7033, 79.1921,  
60.7145

■ 81.4493, 93.2757,  
95.2907

■ 48.3301, 77.0873,  
53.7515

■ 91.7615, 98.3721,  
105.6998

■ 44.9349, 75.4735,  
47.4245

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 42.4262, 74.3040,  
41.7137

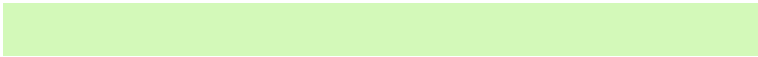
■ 40.6935, 73.5222,  
36.5973

■ 39.8255, 73.1462,  
33.3287

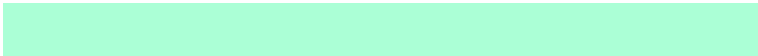
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



69.3587, 85.0330, 58.4107



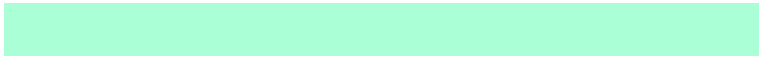
64.6922, 85.0330, 76.6217



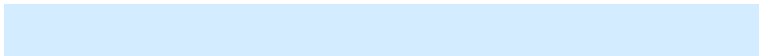
64.1406, 85.0330, 103.0828

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



64.6922, 85.0330, 76.6217



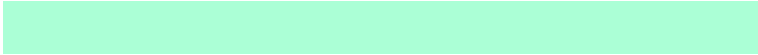
84.4077, 85.0330, 154.2213



95.4272, 85.0330, 62.1826

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64.6922, 85.0330, 76.6217



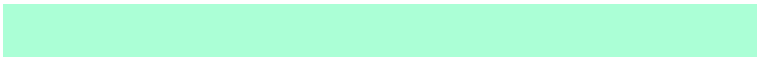
67.6870, 55.1402, 69.3631

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



100.1691, 85.0330, 82.8280



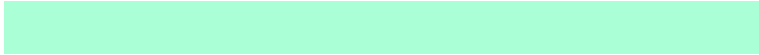
64.6922, 85.0330, 76.6217



93.4820, 85.0330, 138.0175

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



64.6922, 85.0330, 76.6217



75.0356, 85.0330, 151.6532



99.4305, 85.0330, 110.6278

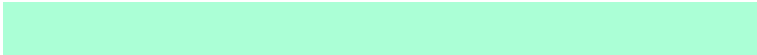


86.8971, 85.0330, 51.2765



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64.6922, 85.0330, 76.6217



66.1265, 85.0330, 122.4472



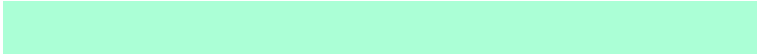
99.4305, 85.0330, 110.6278



97.5462, 85.0330, 68.0238

# Sweetspot

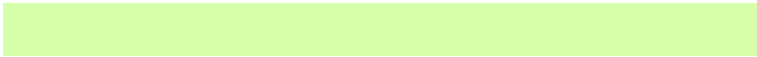
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64.6929, 85.0333, 76.6231



84.3432, 94.7045, 98.2756



70.5518, 88.6067, 51.9136



17.7538, 20.1230, 20.7280



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

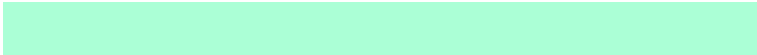


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

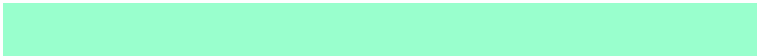


# Same Dimension

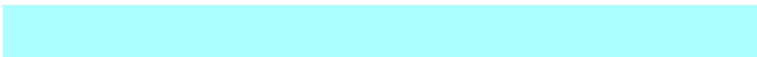
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64.6929, 85.0333, 76.6231



59.9423, 82.7105, 70.6995



70.6051, 87.3982, 107.7560



18.1597, 20.3234, 21.1440



20.8854, 38.2508, 17.8139



2.0888, 3.7464, 2.0252



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67.6870, 55.1402, 69.3631



63.3851, 48.3440, 62.3560



63.1542, 53.3271, 45.4938



18.3789, 18.1349, 20.6122



23.5399, 11.9053, 11.4937

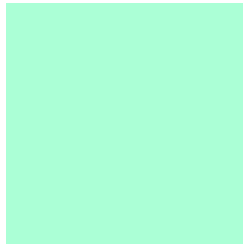


2.3470, 1.1812, 1.4086



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 64.6922, 85.0330, 76.6217 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

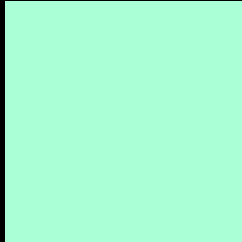
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 64.6922, 85.0330, 76.6217 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 64.6922, 85.0330, 76.6217**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 64.6922, 85.0330, 76.6217.



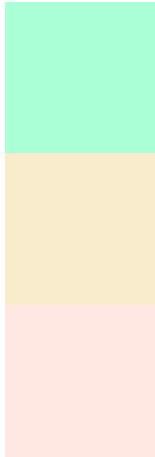
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 64.6922, 85.0330,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

64.6922, 85.0330, 76.6217

### Protanopia

79.6059, 84.3070, 69.2039

### Deuteranopia

83.5434, 83.9028, 83.7432



## Tritanopia

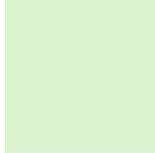
75.8327, 84.5866, 106.9378

# Trichromacy



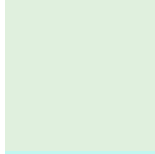
## Original Color

64.6922, 85.0330, 76.6217



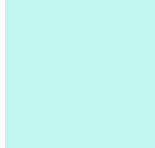
## Protanomaly

72.9510, 83.8709, 72.0183



## Deuteranomaly

75.0854, 83.4414, 81.2556



## Tritanomaly

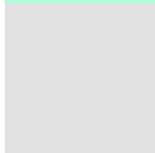
71.2371, 84.2821, 94.9516

# Monochromacy



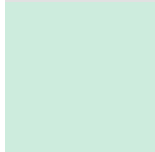
## Original Color

64.6922, 85.0330, 76.6217



## Achromatopsia

71.5672, 75.2942, 81.9954



## Achromatomaly

68.2234, 78.1905, 79.9031

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 64.6922, 85.0330, 76.6217 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 255, 214)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 255, 214)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 255, 214) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 255, 214) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 64.6922, 85.0330, 76.6217 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 255, 214) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 255, 214) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(171, 255, 214)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(171, 255, 214); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 255, 214);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 255,  
214) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 64.6922, 85.0330, 76.6217 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 255, 214) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171,  
255, 214) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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