

Converting Colors

XYZ(81.7116, 85.6771, 95.4498)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(81.7116, 85.6771, 95.4498)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(81.7116, 85.6771,
95.4498)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EEEEF1
RGB	238, 238, 241
RGB Percent	93%, 93%, 95%
CMY	0.0667, 0.0666, 0.0549
CMYK	0.01, 0.01, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	240°, 10%, 94%
HSV	240°, 1%, 95%
XYZ	81.7116, 85.6771, 95.4498
YIQ	238.3420, -0.9630, 0.9330

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

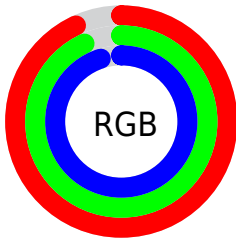
Format	Color
R _Y B	238, 238, 241
Decimal	15658737
CIE Lab	94.17, 0.54, -1.46
CIE LCh	94, 1.553, 290.344
Yxy	85.6771, 0.3109, 0.3260
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293848817 (0xFFEEEEEF1)
YUV	238.3420, 1.3104, -0.2999
Hunter-Lab	92.5619, -4.4076, 3.6535

Details

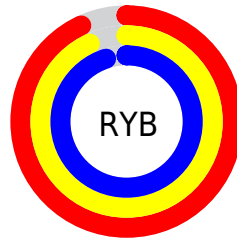
The XYZ color **81.7116, 85.6771, 95.4498** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **83.1636, 87.7833, 93.4508**, and the grayscale version is **81.5258, 85.7715, 93.4051**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **44.7763, 46.9038, 52.5923** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **67.6114, 68.6946, 92.9163**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **92.8774, 99.1310, 97.4594**.

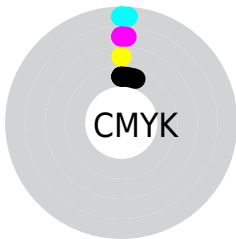
Distribution



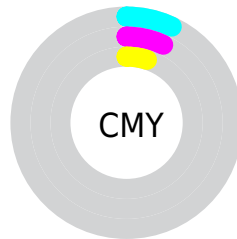
- Red (93%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (93%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (5%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 81.7116, 85.6771, 95.4498 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 81.7116, 85.6771, 95.4498 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

81.7116, 85.6771,
95.4498

81.7116, 85.6771,
95.4498

489.3316,
513.8659, 566.6250

61.4411, 64.4010,
71.9104

134.7074,
141.3188, 156.8868

44.8352, 46.9755,
52.5991

168.1635,
176.4532, 195.6215

31.5283, 33.0163,
37.0973

206.7455,
216.9758, 240.2584

21.1553, 22.1389,
24.9865

250.8188,
263.2710, 291.2161

13.3507, 13.9590,
15.8481

300.7486,
315.7232, 348.9131

7.7491, 8.0922,
9.2635

356.9005,

3.9853, 4.1540,

374.7169, 413.7678

4.8143

419.6397,
440.6363, 486.1990

■ 1.6938, 1.7601,
2.0819

■ 0.4524, 0.4621,
0.6050

■ 81.7116, 85.6771,
95.4498

■ 81.7116, 85.6771,
95.4498

■ 67.6114, 68.6946,
92.9163

■ 92.8774, 99.1310,
97.4594

■ 55.4488, 54.0442,
90.7295

■ 45.1417, 41.6276,
88.8761

■ 36.5986, 31.3350,
87.3397

■ 29.7209, 23.0475,
86.1026

■ 24.4000, 16.6346,
85.1452

■ 20.5145, 11.9501,
84.4458

■ 17.9250, 8.8265,
83.9793

■ 16.4645, 7.0629,
83.7159

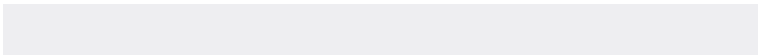
Harmonies

Analogous

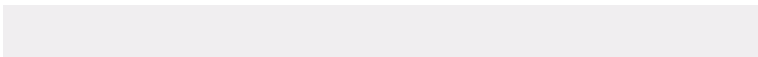
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



81.2996, 85.6771, 95.5619



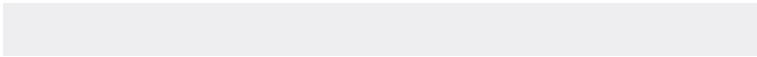
81.7116, 85.6771, 95.4498



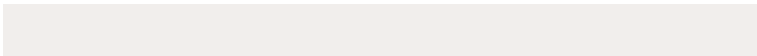
82.0502, 85.6771, 94.7557

Triad

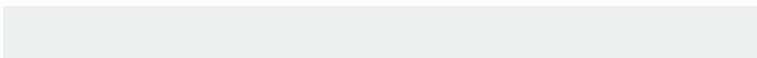
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



81.7116, 85.6771, 95.4498



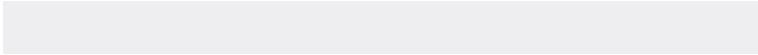
81.9445, 85.6771, 91.5372



80.6484, 85.6771, 92.9045

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



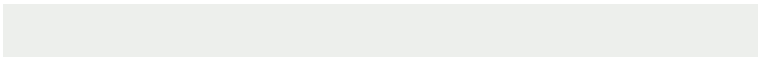
81.7116, 85.6771, 95.4498



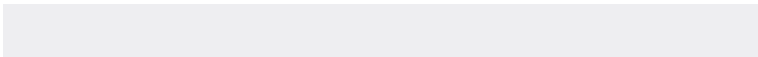
83.1636, 87.7833, 93.4508

Split Complementary

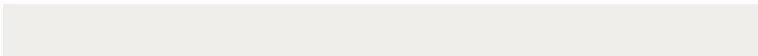
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



80.8199, 85.6771, 91.8351



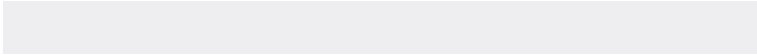
81.7116, 85.6771, 95.4498



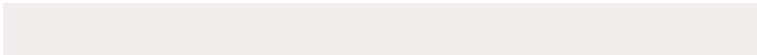
81.5676, 85.6771, 91.0501

Square

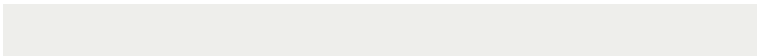
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



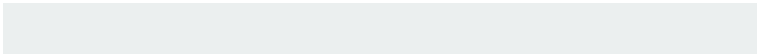
81.7116, 85.6771, 95.4498



82.1850, 85.6771, 92.4945



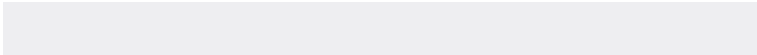
81.1561, 85.6771, 91.1587



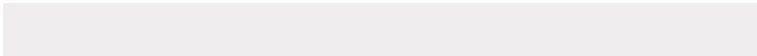
80.6867, 85.6771, 94.0856

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



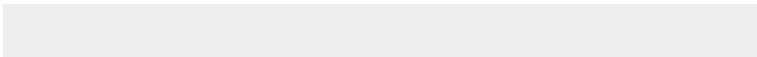
81.7116, 85.6771, 95.4498



82.1883, 85.6771, 94.0596



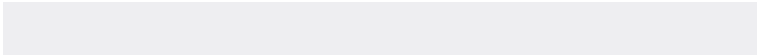
81.1561, 85.6771, 91.1587



80.6834, 85.6771, 92.5202

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81.7140, 85.6808, 95.4517

95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000



82.5862, 87.4370, 95.7055



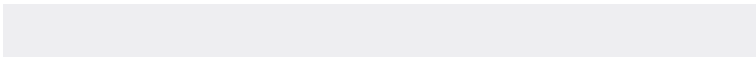
20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

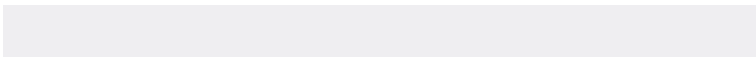
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81.7140, 85.6808, 95.4517



93.3111, 97.9056, 108.5874



82.2017, 85.9304, 95.4741



17.4967, 18.3610, 20.3435



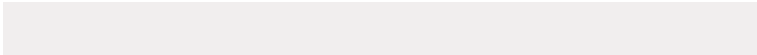
8.6126, 3.4495, 45.3398



0.7171, 0.2882, 3.7720

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



82.2846, 86.0244, 93.1608



93.8346, 98.2209, 106.4857



82.6718, 87.5316, 93.4281



17.5893, 18.4168, 19.9715



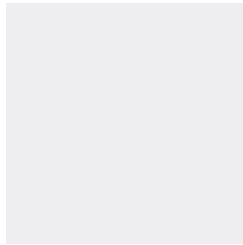
19.6729, 10.1416, 0.9280



1.6369, 0.8438, 0.0788

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 81.7116, 85.6771, 95.4498 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

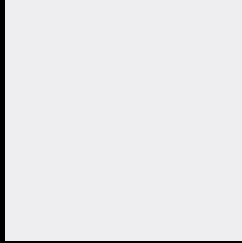
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 81.7116, 85.6771, 95.4498 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

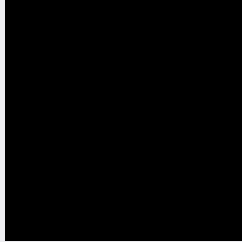
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

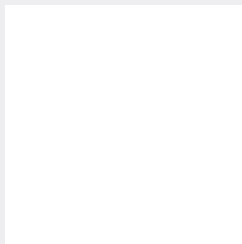
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 81.7116, 85.6771, 95.4498

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 81.7116, 85.6771, 95.4498.



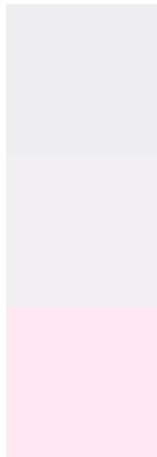
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 81.7116, 85.6771,

95.4498.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

81.7116, 85.6771, 95.4498

Protanopia

82.6303, 85.7369, 94.6319

Deuteranopia

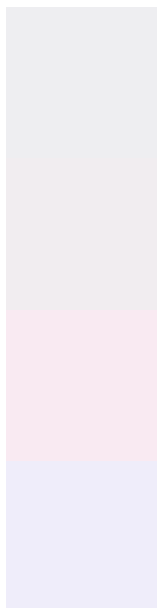
86.1236, 85.3840, 95.9460



Tritanopia

83.9806, 85.7362, 106.7302

Trichromacy



Original Color

81.7116, 85.6771, 95.4498

Protanomaly

82.2880, 85.5604, 94.6158

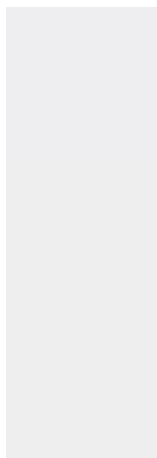
Deuteranomaly

84.5168, 85.3962, 96.0330

Tritanomaly

83.1361, 85.8212, 102.6259

Monochromacy



Original Color

81.7116, 85.6771, 95.4498

Achromatopsia

81.2670, 85.4993, 93.1087

Achromatomaly

81.4144, 85.5582, 93.8847

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 81.7116, 85.6771, 95.4498 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(238, 238, 241)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(238, 238, 241)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(238, 238, 241) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(238, 238, 241) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 81.7116, 85.6771, 95.4498 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(238, 238, 241) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(238, 238, 241) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(238, 238, 241) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(238, 238, 241); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(238, 238, 241);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(238, 238,  
241) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 81.7116, 85.6771, 95.4498 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(238, 238, 241) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(238,  
238, 241) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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