

# Converting Colors

XYZ(81.7258, 72.9839,  
135.7521)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(81.7258, 72.9839, 135.7521)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(75.5309, 70.3363,  
104.2031)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EDD0FF
RGB	237, 208, 255
RGB Percent	93%, 82%, 100%
CMY	0.0706, 0.1843, 0.0000
CMYK	0.07, 0.18, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	277°, 100%, 91%
HSV	277°, 18%, 100%
XYZ	75.5309, 70.3363, 104.2031
YIQ	222.0290, 2.1970, 20.7650

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

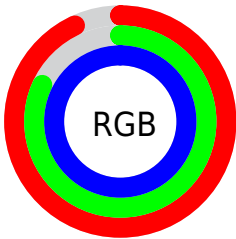
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	237, 208, 255
Decimal	15585535
CIE Lab	87.16, 18.46, -19.23
CIE LCh	87, 26.657, 313.839
Yxy	70.3363, 0.3020, 0.2813
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293775615 (0xFFEDD0FF)
YUV	222.0290, 16.2547, 13.1296
Hunter-Lab	83.8667, 13.9914, -14.9602

# Details

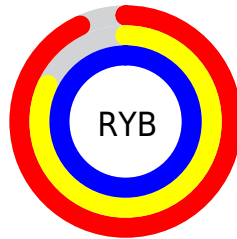
The XYZ color **75.5309, 70.3363, 104.2031** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **78.5110, 92.2437, 73.3448**, and the grayscale version is **69.3412, 72.9523, 79.4451**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **40.8047, 37.0122, 58.4195** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66.6346, 57.2525, 102.1466**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **85.6082, 85.5164, 106.6020**.

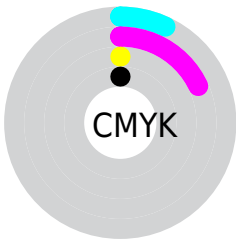
# Distribution



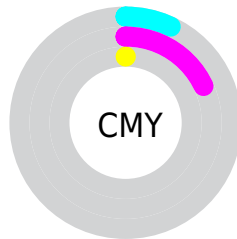
- Red (93%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 75.5309, 70.3363, 104.2031 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 75.5309, 70.3363, 104.2031 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



75.5309, 70.3363,  
104.2031

75.5309, 70.3363,  
104.2031

468.7095,  
461.7299, 594.9472

56.3436, 51.8008,  
79.1790

126.0475,  
119.6882, 169.0234

40.7166, 36.8463,  
58.5208

158.1075,  
151.2734, 209.6566

28.2844, 25.0885,  
41.8100

195.1892,  
187.9772, 256.3299

18.6817, 16.1430,  
28.6281

237.6578,  
230.1841, 309.4619

11.5431, 9.6254,  
18.5565

285.8788,  
278.2784, 369.4711

6.5034, 5.1513,  
11.1767

340.2175,

3.1971, 2.3363,

332.6445, 436.7760

6.0701

401.0393,  
393.6669, 511.7952

■ 1.2588, 0.7928,  
2.8183

■ 0.1521, 0.0000,  
1.0026

■ 75.5309, 70.3363,  
104.2031

■ 75.5309, 70.3363,  
104.2031

■ 66.6346, 57.2525,  
102.1466

■ 85.6082, 85.5164,  
106.6020

■ 58.8630, 46.1596,  
100.4150

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 52.1635, 36.9557,  
98.9916

■ 46.4768, 29.5265,  
97.8573

■ 41.7371, 23.7448,  
96.9912

■ 37.8697, 19.4659,  
96.3691

■ 34.7868, 16.5189,  
95.9627

■ 32.3664, 14.6649,  
95.7325

■ 32.0209, 14.4223,  
95.7038

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



69.7698, 70.3363, 115.1205



75.5309, 70.3363, 104.2031



79.0785, 70.3363, 86.5742

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



75.5309, 70.3363, 104.2031



70.2553, 70.3363, 48.0434



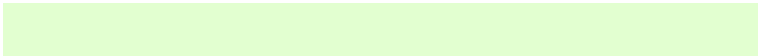
55.8445, 70.3363, 85.1193

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



75.5309, 70.3363, 104.2031



78.5110, 92.2437, 73.3448

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



55.9565, 70.3363, 67.3941



75.5309, 70.3363, 104.2031



64.0177, 70.3363, 47.7792

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



75.5309, 70.3363, 104.2031



75.9054, 70.3363, 55.1243



58.8658, 70.3363, 54.3354



58.5497, 70.3363, 102.9959



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



75.5309, 70.3363, 104.2031



79.5809, 70.3363, 74.3020



58.8658, 70.3363, 54.3354



55.5594, 70.3363, 78.9128

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



75.5328, 70.3392, 104.2036



88.2388, 89.5292, 107.2379



71.2657, 75.0343, 105.3347



18.7338, 18.9293, 22.9163



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



75.5328, 70.3392, 104.2036



72.2230, 65.4312, 103.4307



80.9769, 73.2462, 99.9161



18.0794, 17.9327, 22.7584



16.9033, 7.6245, 50.0153



1.7677, 0.8052, 4.8755



# Inverse Universe

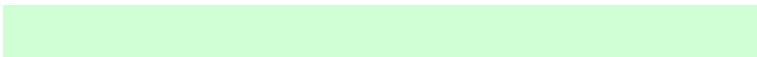
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77.5251, 71.8655, 81.7395



74.6098, 67.2486, 77.0260



73.8462, 89.7596, 76.7093



18.2972, 18.1022, 20.1825



22.7595, 11.5931, 7.3842



2.2674, 1.1493, 0.9893



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 75.5309, 70.3363, 104.2031 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

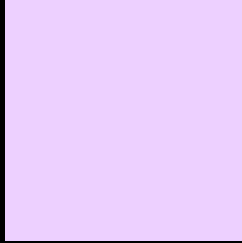
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 75.5309, 70.3363, 104.2031 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

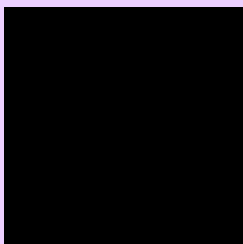
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 75.5309, 70.3363, 104.2031

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 75.5309, 70.3363, 104.2031.



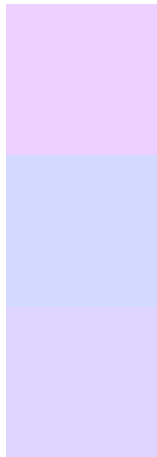
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 75.5309, 70.3363,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

75.5309, 70.3363, 104.2031

### Protanopia

69.7268, 70.6946, 104.5782

### Deuteranopia

72.1151, 70.4322, 103.5598



## Tritanopia

71.5414, 70.5693, 83.9793

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

75.5309, 70.3363, 104.2031

## Protanomaly

71.6118, 70.5288, 104.4468

## Deuteranomaly

73.1786, 70.2383, 103.4663

## Tritanomaly

72.6586, 70.2540, 90.6198

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

75.5309, 70.3363, 104.2031

## Achromatopsia

69.4303, 73.0461, 79.5472

## Achromatomaly

71.3427, 71.8971, 87.9593

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 75.5309, 70.3363, 104.2031 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(237, 208, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(237, 208, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(237, 208, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(237, 208, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 75.5309, 70.3363, 104.2031 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(237, 208, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(237, 208, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(237, 208, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(237, 208, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 208, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 208,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 75.5309, 70.3363, 104.2031 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(237, 208, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(237,  
208, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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