

# Converting Colors

XYZ(82.0523, 83.8152, 84.7881)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(82.0523, 83.8152, 84.7881)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(82.0710, 83.9636, 84.5540)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(82.0710, 83.9636,  
84.5540)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F9E9E3
RGB	249, 233, 227
RGB Percent	98%, 91%, 89%
CMY	0.0235, 0.0863, 0.1098
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.09, 0.02
HSL	16°, 65%, 93%
HSV	16°, 9%, 98%
XYZ	82.0710, 83.9636, 84.5540
YIQ	237.1000, 11.4620, 1.5260

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

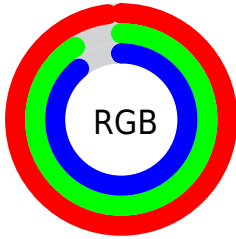
Format	Color
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	249, 235, 227
Decimal	16378339
CIE Lab	93.43, 4.42, 4.85
CIE LCh	93, 6.563, 47.626
Yxy	83.9636, 0.3275, 0.3351
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294568419 (0xFF9E9E3)
YUV	237.1000, -4.9793, 10.4363
Hunter-Lab	91.6317, -0.4797, 9.4317

# Details

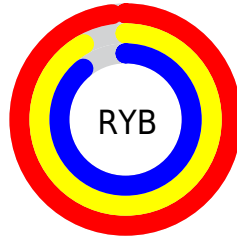
The XYZ color **82.0710, 83.9636, 84.5540** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **80.8279, 87.2702, 102.2084**, and the grayscale version is **80.6062, 84.8040, 92.3516**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **44.9068, 45.6293, 45.4702** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **74.0155, 72.9598, 66.1218**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **91.1541, 96.2252, 105.7828**.

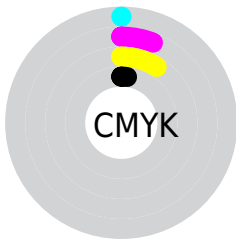
# Distribution



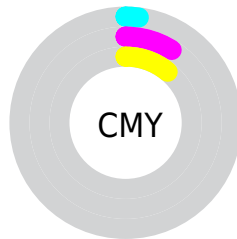
- Red (98%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (92%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (2%)




- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (11%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 82.0710, 83.9636, 84.5540 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 82.0710, 83.9636, 84.5540 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 82.0710, 83.9636,  
84.5540

 82.0710, 83.9636,  
84.5540


490.5161,  
508.1924, 530.2572

 61.7384, 62.9854,  
62.9249


135.2089,  
138.9243, 141.6185

 45.0761, 45.8294,  
45.3398


168.7448,  
173.6755, 177.8910

 31.7189, 32.1112,  
31.3803


207.4126,  
213.7865, 219.8817

 21.3014, 21.4465,  
20.6277

251.5775,  
259.6417, 268.0091

 13.4582, 13.4507,  
12.6636

301.6050,  
311.6255, 322.6918

 7.8240, 7.7397,  
7.0693

357.8603,

 4.0334, 3.9288,

370.1223, 384.3484

3.4264

420.7089,  
435.5164, 453.3973

■ 1.7210, 1.6338,  
1.3163

■ 0.4694, 0.3802,  
0.0751

■ 82.0710, 83.9636,  
84.5540

■ 82.0710, 83.9636,  
84.5540

■ 74.0155, 72.9598,  
66.1218

■ 91.1541, 96.2252,  
105.7828

■ 66.9436, 63.1629,  
50.3636

■ 92.8774, 98.8800,  
108.7983

■ 60.8183, 54.5342,  
37.1560

■ 55.5975, 47.0290,  
26.3632

■ 51.2358, 40.5998,  
17.8371

■ 47.6837, 35.1951,  
11.4131

■ 44.8857, 30.7593,  
6.9036

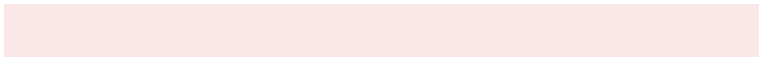
■ 42.7785, 27.2305,  
4.0875

■ 41.2777, 24.5351,  
2.6435

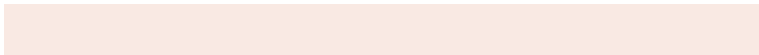
# Harmonies

## Analogous

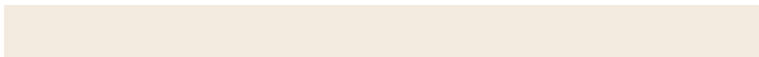
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83.0218, 83.9636, 88.5637



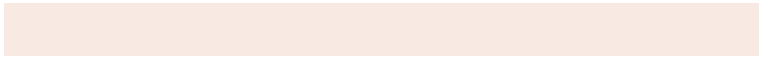
82.0710, 83.9636, 84.5540



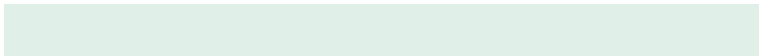
80.5208, 83.9636, 82.4169

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



82.0710, 83.9636, 84.5540



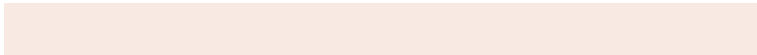
76.5953, 83.9636, 89.3930



80.8178, 83.9636, 100.8188

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



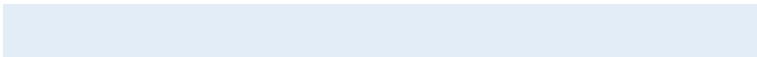
82.0710, 83.9636, 84.5540



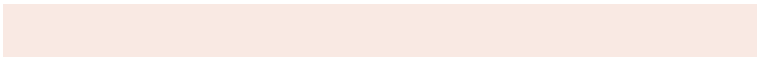
80.8279, 87.2702, 102.2084

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



79.0932, 83.9636, 101.0604



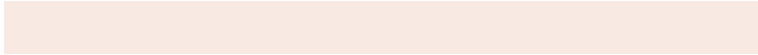
82.0710, 83.9636, 84.5540



76.6722, 83.9636, 94.3413

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



82.0710, 83.9636, 84.5540



77.3693, 83.9636, 85.1421



77.5809, 83.9636, 98.6524

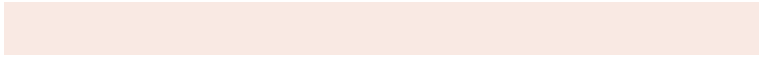


82.2911, 83.9636, 98.0035



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



82.0710, 83.9636, 84.5540



79.3637, 83.9636, 82.2889



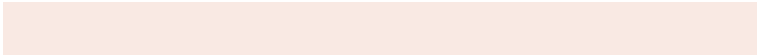
77.5809, 83.9636, 98.6524



80.2477, 83.9636, 101.2072

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82.0733, 83.9673, 84.5558



92.0938, 96.0194, 101.9589



82.7350, 81.5583, 96.2825



19.5464, 20.3288, 21.4362



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

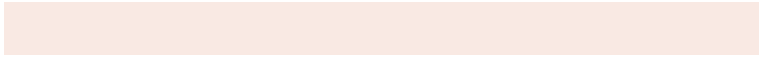


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

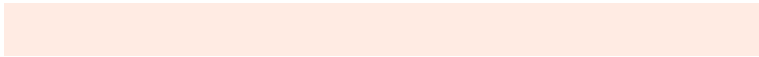


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82.0733, 83.9673, 84.5558



84.6937, 85.9943, 84.7716



85.2438, 90.3081, 85.6126



17.6300, 17.9960, 18.0068



22.1177, 13.1921, 1.3806



2.1327, 1.3902, 0.1559

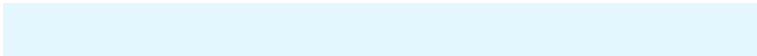


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80.8279, 87.2702, 102.2084



83.0790, 90.2752, 107.6539



77.6728, 80.9600, 101.1567



17.3418, 18.7604, 22.0924



18.1268, 21.6091, 51.1891

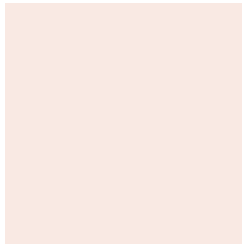


1.7670, 2.1777, 4.7704



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 82.0710, 83.9636, 84.5540 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

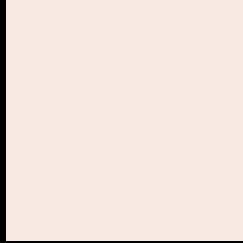
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 82.0710, 83.9636, 84.5540 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 82.0710, 83.9636, 84.5540

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 82.0710, 83.9636, 84.5540.



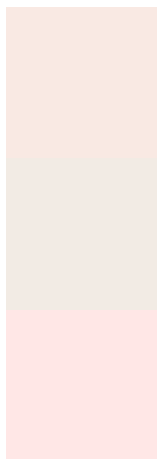
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 82.0710, 83.9636,

84.5540.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

82.0710, 83.9636, 84.5540

### Protanopia

80.3299, 83.8953, 85.3584

### Deuteranopia

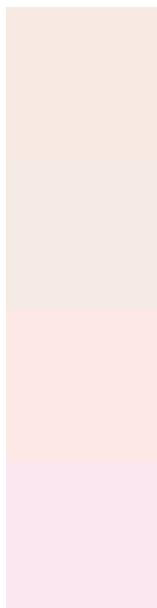
84.0988, 84.1250, 86.6682



## Tritanopia

85.3850, 84.0664, 100.5331

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

82.0710, 83.9636, 84.5540

## Protanomaly

81.0826, 83.8596, 85.3118

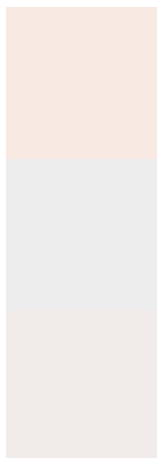
## Deuteranomaly

83.5075, 84.2530, 85.9899

## Tritanomaly

84.0878, 83.9523, 94.2106

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

82.0710, 83.9636, 84.5540

## Achromatopsia

80.4953, 84.6873, 92.2245

## Achromatomaly

80.9791, 84.5749, 89.1473

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 82.0710, 83.9636, 84.5540 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(249, 233, 227) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(249, 233, 227)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(249, 233, 227) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(249, 233, 227) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 82.0710, 83.9636, 84.5540 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(249, 233, 227) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(249, 233, 227) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(249, 233, 227)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(249, 233, 227); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 233, 227);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 233,  
227) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 82.0710, 83.9636, 84.5540 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(249, 233, 227) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(249,  
233, 227) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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