

# Converting Colors

XYZ(82.0697, 82.9324, 77.1573)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(82.0697, 82.9324, 77.1573)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(82.0612, 82.8634,  
77.3148)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFE6D9
RGB	255, 230, 217
RGB Percent	100%, 90%, 85%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0980, 0.1490
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.15, 0.00
HSL	21°, 100%, 93%
HSV	21°, 15%, 100%
XYZ	82.0612, 82.8634, 77.3148
YIQ	235.9930, 19.0730, 1.2570

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

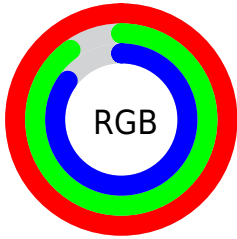
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 237, 217
Decimal	16770777
CIE Lab	92.95, 6.47, 9.42
CIE LCh	93, 11.433, 55.515
Yxy	82.8634, 0.3388, 0.3421
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294960857 (0xFFFFE6D9)
YUV	235.9930, -9.3635, 16.6691
Hunter-Lab	91.0293, 1.6130, 13.3632

# Details

The XYZ color **82.0612, 82.8634, 77.3148** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **78.4166, 85.4736, 106.9728**, and the grayscale version is **79.7844, 83.9394, 91.4100**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **45.1403, 45.2743, 40.5421** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **74.5523, 72.7497, 59.6930**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90.5358, 94.0875, 97.7890**.

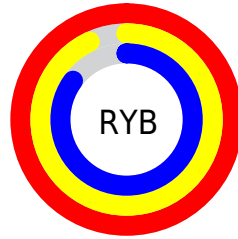
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (90%)

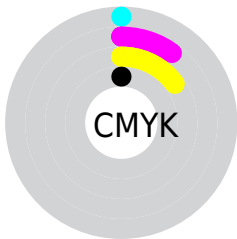
Blue (85%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (93%)

Blue (85%)

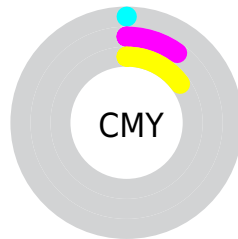


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (15%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)


Yellow (15%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 82.0612, 82.8634, 77.3148 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 82.0612, 82.8634, 77.3148 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 82.0612, 82.8634,  
77.3148

 82.0612, 82.8634,  
77.3148


490.4838,  
504.5312, 505.3028

 61.7303, 62.0775,  
56.9982


135.1952,  
137.3841, 131.3608

 45.0696, 45.0953,  
40.5944


168.7290,  
171.8877, 165.9273

 31.7137, 31.5325,  
27.6850


207.3944,  
211.7326, 206.0808

 21.2974, 21.0047,  
17.8514

251.5568,  
257.3033, 252.2399

 13.4553, 13.1274,  
10.6750

301.5816,  
308.9841, 304.8231

 7.8219, 7.5163,  
5.7373

357.8341,

 4.0321, 3.7871,

367.1594, 364.2490

2.6198

420.6797,  
432.2136, 430.9360

■ 1.7203, 1.5552,  
0.9027

■ 0.4689, 0.3271,  
0.0000

■ 82.0612, 82.8634,  
77.3148

■ 82.0612, 82.8634,  
77.3148

■ 74.5523, 72.7497,  
59.6930

■ 90.5358, 94.0875,  
97.7890

■ 67.9670, 63.7011,  
44.7905

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 62.2690, 55.6848,  
32.4717

■ 57.4166, 48.6619,  
22.5867

■ 53.3651, 42.5912,  
14.9703

■ 50.0644, 37.4280,  
9.4364

■ 47.4581, 33.1235,  
5.7686

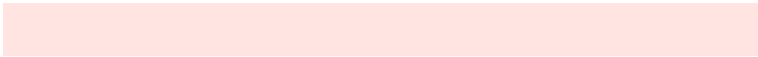
■ 45.4794, 29.6225,  
3.7015

■ 44.6702, 28.1203,  
3.0734

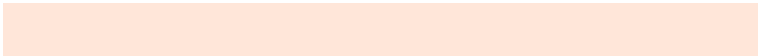
# Harmonies

## Analogous

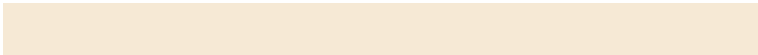
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



84.0654, 82.8634, 83.3124



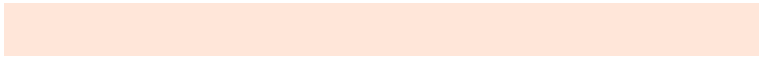
82.0612, 82.8634, 77.3148



79.2099, 82.8634, 74.7768

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



82.0612, 82.8634, 77.3148



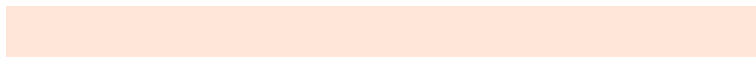
73.1625, 82.8634, 88.9420



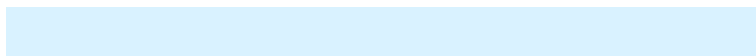
81.2630, 82.8634, 105.9233

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



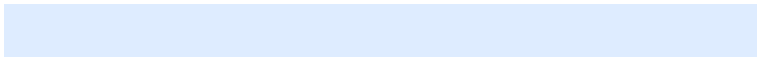
82.0612, 82.8634, 77.3148



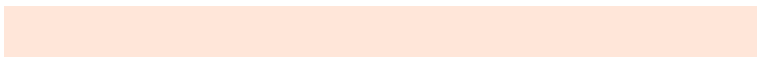
78.4166, 85.4736, 106.9728

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



78.3102, 82.8634, 107.6646



82.0612, 82.8634, 77.3148



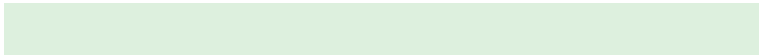
73.6811, 82.8634, 97.5080

# Square

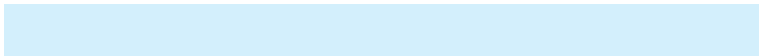
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



82.0612, 82.8634, 77.3148



74.1122, 82.8634, 81.2143



75.5469, 82.8634, 104.4960

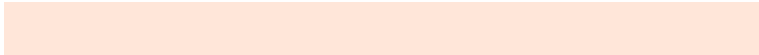


83.5964, 82.8634, 99.8769



# Rectangle

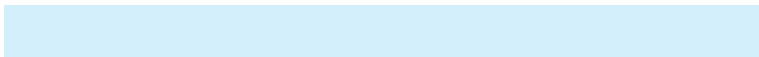
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



82.0612, 82.8634, 77.3148



77.2305, 82.8634, 75.2630



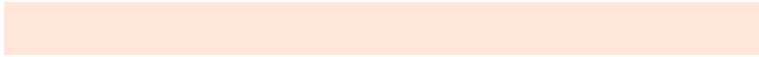
75.5469, 82.8634, 104.4960



80.3079, 82.8634, 107.0472

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82.0632, 82.8669, 77.3165



91.3478, 95.1541, 99.7782



82.1305, 77.3175, 94.8626



19.4070, 20.1762, 21.0009



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

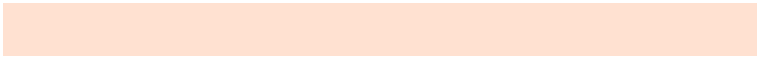


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82.0632, 82.8669, 77.3165



79.6346, 79.6155, 71.5567



87.5374, 93.8155, 79.1413



18.5175, 19.0033, 18.8363



23.4652, 14.9416, 1.6473

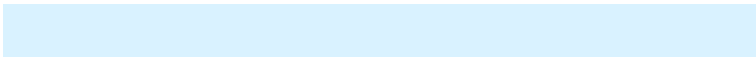


2.3816, 1.6485, 0.1927

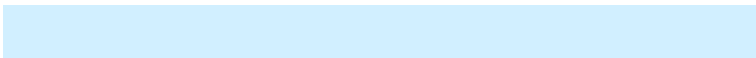


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78.4166, 85.4736, 106.9728



75.3246, 82.6936, 106.5992



73.1430, 74.9264, 105.2149



18.0007, 19.3731, 23.0406



16.8664, 18.6424, 52.1440

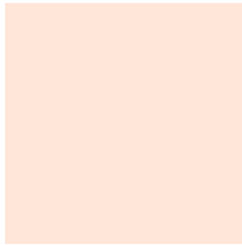


1.7439, 2.0185, 5.1110



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 82.0612, 82.8634, 77.3148 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

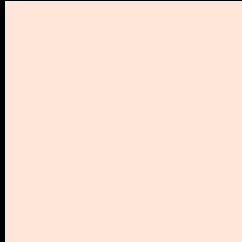
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 82.0612, 82.8634, 77.3148 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

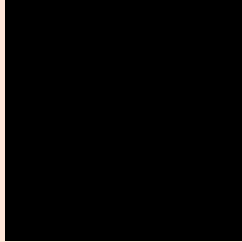
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 82.0612, 82.8634, 77.3148**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 82.0612, 82.8634, 77.3148.



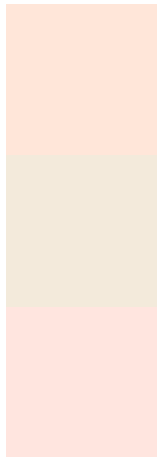
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 82.0612, 82.8634,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

82.0612, 82.8634, 77.3148

### Protanopia

79.1711, 83.0148, 78.8685

### Deuteranopia

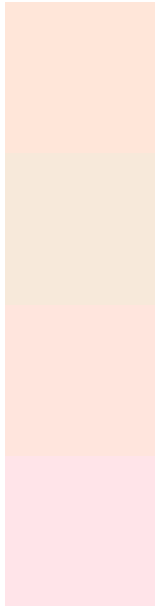
82.5786, 82.6263, 81.4082



## Tritanopia

84.7361, 82.6090, 95.4835

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

82.0612, 82.8634, 77.3148

## Protanomaly

80.1516, 83.1139, 78.1478

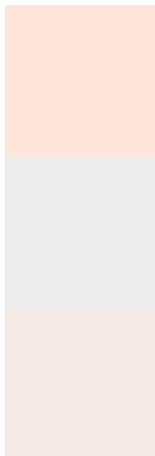
## Deuteranomaly

82.3105, 82.5191, 79.9962

## Tritanomaly

83.6914, 82.6300, 88.6290

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

82.0612, 82.8634, 77.3148

## Achromatopsia

79.7278, 83.8799, 91.3452

## Achromatomaly

80.5278, 83.5575, 86.0127

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 82.0612, 82.8634, 77.3148 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 230, 217)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 230, 217)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 230, 217) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 230, 217) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 82.0612, 82.8634, 77.3148 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 230, 217) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 230, 217) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 230, 217)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 230, 217); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 230, 217);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 230,  
217) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 82.0612, 82.8634, 77.3148 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 230, 217) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
230, 217) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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