

# Converting Colors

XYZ(82.1786, 90.2366, 60.6823)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(82.1786, 90.2366, 60.6823)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(82.1778, 90.2378,  
60.6634)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FCF6BC
RGB	252, 246, 188
RGB Percent	99%, 96%, 74%
CMY	0.0118, 0.0353, 0.2627
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.25, 0.01
HSL	54°, 91%, 86%
HSV	54°, 25%, 99%
XYZ	82.1778, 90.2378, 60.6634
YIQ	241.1820, 22.1940, -16.7660

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

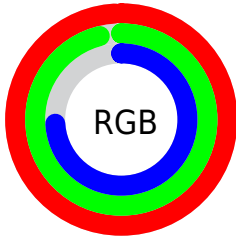
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">195, 252, 188</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16578236</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">96.10, -6.84, 28.70</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">96, 29.501, 103.404</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">90.2378, 0.3526, 0.3872</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294768316</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFFCF6BC</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">241.1820, -26.2187, 9.4874</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">94.9936, -11.8206, 28.6326</a>

# Details

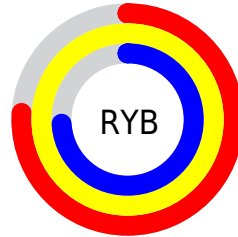
The XYZ color **82.1778, 90.2378, 60.6634** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **57.6014, 56.3020, 99.9274**, and the grayscale version is **83.9422, 88.3137, 96.1737**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93.3291, 99.3117, 99.8380**, and **45.2222, 50.1502, 29.8508** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78.9825, 87.8213, 47.3459**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **85.8613, 92.8704, 76.4859**.

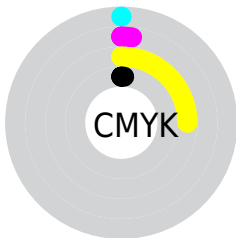
# Distribution



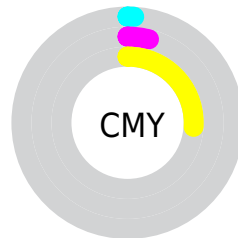
- Red (99%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (99%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (1%)




- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (26%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 82.1778, 90.2378, 60.6634 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 82.1778, 90.2378, 60.6634 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 82.1778, 90.2378,  
60.6634

 82.1778, 90.2378,  
60.6634


490.8677,  
528.8041, 444.9111

 61.8267, 68.1779,  
43.5248


 135.3578,  
147.6687, 107.3442

 45.1478, 50.0425,  
29.9626


168.9175,  
183.8084, 137.7234

 31.7756, 35.4471,  
19.5584

207.6107,  
225.4102, 173.3533

 21.3449, 24.0075,  
11.8936

251.8028,  
272.8585, 214.6524

 13.4902, 15.3392,  
6.5496

301.8593,  
326.5376, 262.0391

 7.8463, 9.0578,  
3.1079

358.1453,

 4.0477, 4.7789,

386.8320, 315.9322

1.1500

421.0263,  
454.1260, 376.7500

■ 1.7292, 2.1181,  
0.0000

■ 0.4744, 0.6748,  
0.0000

■ 82.1778, 90.2378,  
60.6634

■ 82.1778, 90.2378,  
60.6634

■ 78.9825, 87.8213,  
47.3459

■ 85.8613, 92.8704,  
76.4859

■ 76.2437, 85.5989,  
36.3978

■ 90.0489, 95.7162,  
94.9282

■ 73.9368, 83.5636,  
27.6794

■ 93.3479, 98.2212,  
108.6464

■ 72.0320, 81.7037,  
21.0341

■ 93.9551, 99.4356,  
108.8488

■ 70.4958, 80.0056,  
16.2848

■ 69.2887, 78.4535,  
13.2251

■ 68.3625, 77.0280,  
11.6000

■ 67.9979, 76.4012,  
11.1630

# Harmonies

## Analogous

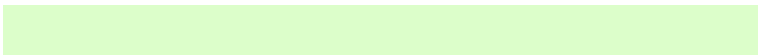
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



90.3343, 90.2378, 61.1350



82.1778, 90.2378, 60.6634



75.4198, 90.2378, 69.0561

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



82.1778, 90.2378, 60.6634



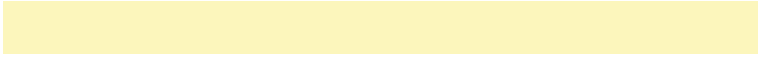
74.8532, 90.2378, 132.5259



101.7222, 90.2378, 111.6731

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



82.1778, 90.2378, 60.6634



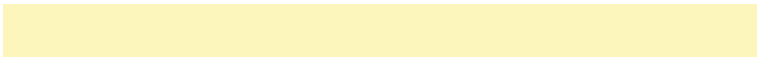
57.6014, 56.3020, 99.9274

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



97.0226, 90.2378, 134.7014



82.1778, 90.2378, 60.6634



81.3589, 90.2378, 147.9873

# Square

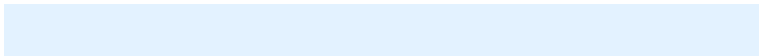
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



82.1778, 90.2378, 60.6634



71.3757, 90.2378, 109.0569



89.4619, 90.2378, 148.8414



101.9762, 90.2378, 88.1884

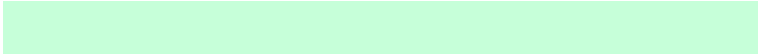


# Rectangle

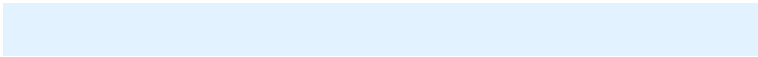
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



82.1778, 90.2378, 60.6634



72.4735, 90.2378, 79.4555



89.4619, 90.2378, 148.8414



100.5971, 90.2378, 119.8048

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82.1801, 90.2419, 60.6653



91.3311, 97.5420, 92.3084



67.9116, 60.5761, 59.3891



19.4072, 20.7826, 19.1329



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

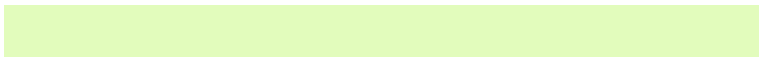
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82.1801, 90.2419, 60.6653



82.8428, 91.5277, 55.6835



75.3780, 89.4858, 60.8779



18.5803, 19.8964, 18.3235



35.4797, 39.9160, 5.8346



3.3253, 3.7755, 0.5535



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.6014, 56.3020, 99.9274



54.0135, 51.7212, 101.7441



63.1699, 57.2320, 99.8134



16.4138, 16.9043, 21.7831



9.3638, 4.0832, 48.2682

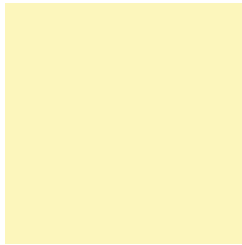


0.9099, 0.4635, 4.4847



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 82.1778, 90.2378, 60.6634 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

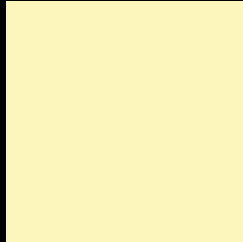
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 82.1778, 90.2378, 60.6634 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

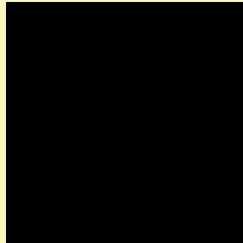
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 82.1778, 90.2378, 60.6634

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 82.1778, 90.2378, 60.6634.



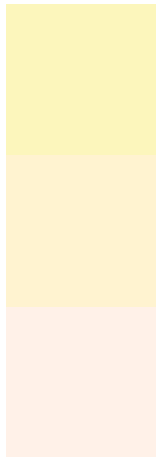
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 82.1778, 90.2378,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

82.1778, 90.2378, 60.6634

### Protanopia

84.6758, 89.9153, 72.5670

### Deuteranopia

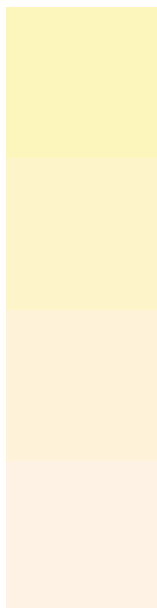
87.2608, 89.9968, 89.1159



## Tritanopia

89.6772, 90.0213, 104.7448

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

82.1778, 90.2378, 60.6634

## Protanomaly

83.7663, 89.9892, 68.2130

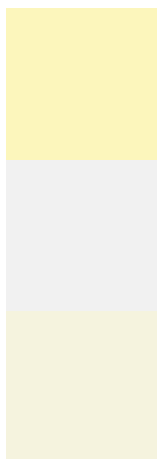
## Deuteranomaly

85.3183, 90.1299, 77.8658

## Tritanomaly

86.7680, 90.2322, 86.9721

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

82.1778, 90.2378, 60.6634

## Achromatopsia

83.6081, 87.9622, 95.7909

## Achromatomaly

82.8916, 88.7876, 81.8761

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 82.1778, 90.2378, 60.6634 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(252, 246, 188)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(252, 246, 188)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(252, 246, 188) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(252, 246, 188) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 82.1778, 90.2378, 60.6634 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(252, 246, 188) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(252, 246, 188) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(252, 246, 188)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(252, 246, 188); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 246, 188);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 246,  
188) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 82.1778, 90.2378, 60.6634 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(252, 246, 188) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(252,  
246, 188) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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