

Converting Colors

XYZ(82.3847, 86.6758, 94.3872)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(82.3847, 86.6758, 94.3872)
contains.

XYZ(82.0431, 86.3157, 93.9978)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

**XYZ(82.0431, 86.3157,
93.9978)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EFEFEF
RGB	239, 239, 239
RGB Percent	94%, 94%, 94%
CMY	0.0627, 0.0627, 0.0627
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.06
HSL	120°, 0%, 94%
HSV	120°, 0%, 94%
XYZ	82.0431, 86.3157, 93.9978
YIQ	239.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R _Y B	239, 239, 239
Decimal	15724527
CIE Lab	94.45, 0.01, -0.01
CIE LCh	94, 0.011, 297.050
Yxy	86.3157, 0.3127, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293914607 (0xFFEFEFEF)
YUV	239.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000
Hunter-Lab	92.9062, -4.9572, 5.0478

Details

The XYZ color **82.0431, 86.3157, 93.9978** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **82.0463, 86.3180, 94.0025**, and the grayscale version is **82.0462, 86.3190, 94.0014**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **45.0092, 47.3531, 51.5676** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71.2015, 81.1105, 76.2613**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90.1582, 90.2163, 107.2694**.

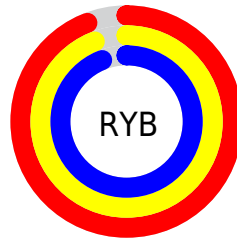
Distribution



Red (94%)

Green (94%)

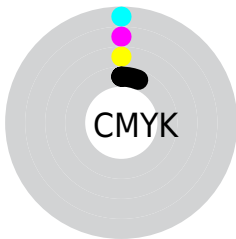
Blue (94%)



Red (94%)

Yellow (94%)

Blue (94%)

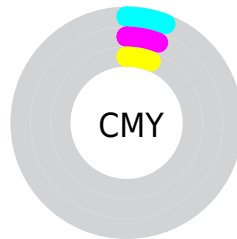


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (6%)



Cyan (6%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (6%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 82.0431, 86.3157, 93.9978 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 82.0431, 86.3157, 93.9978 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

82.0431, 86.3157,
93.9978

82.0431, 86.3157,
93.9978

490.4242,
515.9716, 561.8537

61.7153, 64.9291,
70.7089

135.1699,
142.2100, 154.8629

45.0574, 47.4036,
51.6243

168.6997,
177.4864, 193.2762

31.7041, 33.3548,
36.3255

207.3608,
218.1615, 237.5680

21.2901, 22.3984,
24.3940

251.5186,
264.6197, 288.1569

13.4499, 14.1499,
15.4113

301.5385,
317.2455, 345.4613

7.8182, 8.2250,
8.9587

357.7858,

4.0296, 4.2393,

376.4231, 409.8999

4.6178

420.6259,
442.5370, 481.8912

■ 1.7189, 1.8083,
1.9700

■ 0.4681, 0.4923,
0.5368

■ 82.0431, 86.3157,
93.9978

■ 82.0431, 86.3157,
93.9978

■ 71.2015, 81.1105,
76.2613

■ 90.1582, 90.2163,
107.2694

■ 61.8315, 76.6096,
60.9343

■ 53.8720, 72.7863,
47.9146

■ 47.2547, 69.6077,
37.0906

■ 41.9057, 67.0383,
28.3413

■ 37.7440, 65.0392,
21.5341

■ 34.6790, 63.5669,
16.5212

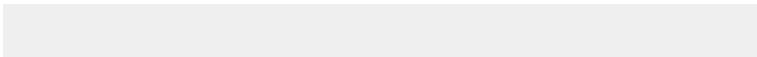
■ 32.6076, 62.5719,
13.1334

■ 31.4066, 61.9950,
11.1695

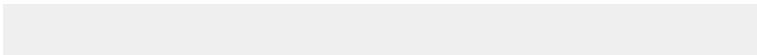
Harmonies

Analogous

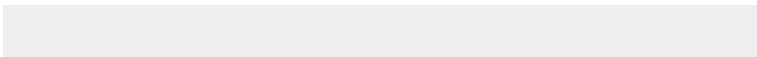
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



82.0402, 86.3157, 93.9996



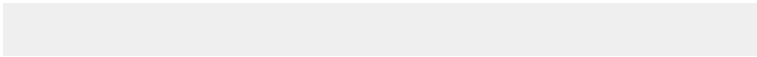
82.0431, 86.3157, 93.9978



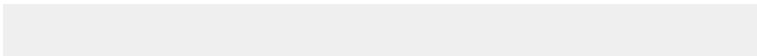
82.0453, 86.3157, 93.9921

Triad

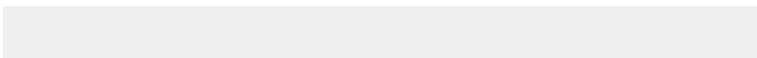
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



82.0431, 86.3157, 93.9978



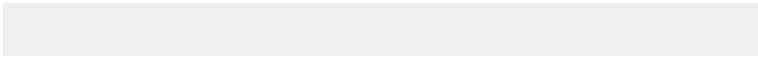
82.0436, 86.3157, 93.9693



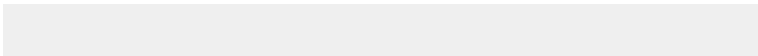
82.0347, 86.3157, 93.9823

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



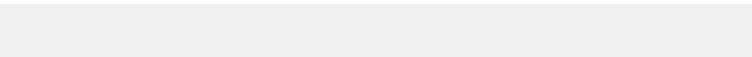
82.0431, 86.3157, 93.9978



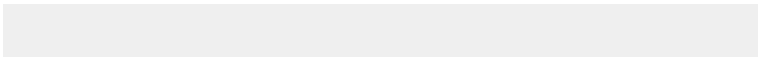
82.0463, 86.3180, 94.0025

Split Complementary

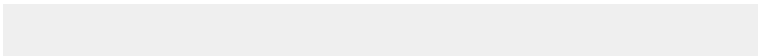
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



82.0357, 86.3157, 93.9742



82.0431, 86.3157, 93.9978



82.0408, 86.3157, 93.9667

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



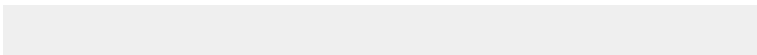
82.0431, 86.3157, 93.9978



82.0456, 86.3157, 93.9756



82.0379, 86.3157, 93.9684



82.0354, 86.3157, 93.9906

Rectangle

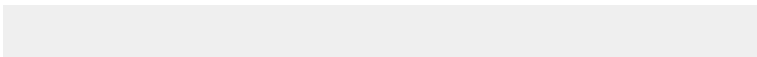
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



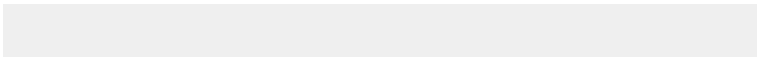
82.0431, 86.3157, 93.9978



82.0461, 86.3157, 93.9868



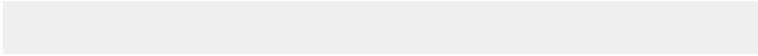
82.0379, 86.3157, 93.9684



82.0349, 86.3157, 93.9794

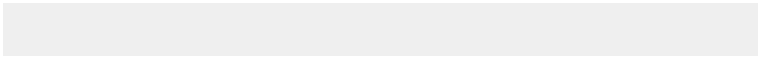
Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82.0455, 86.3194, 93.9997

95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000



82.0469, 86.3201, 93.9997



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

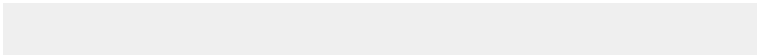
Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82.0455, 86.3194, 93.9997

95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000



82.0458, 86.3195, 94.0012



17.8044, 18.7317, 20.3988



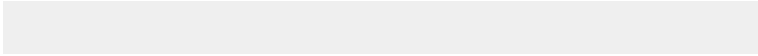
17.0577, 34.1151, 5.6858



1.4191, 2.8381, 0.4730

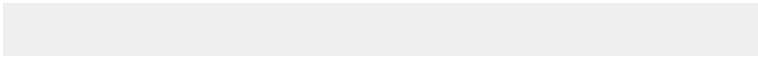
Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



82.0463, 86.3180, 94.0025

95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000



82.0460, 86.3179, 94.0010



17.8044, 18.7317, 20.3988



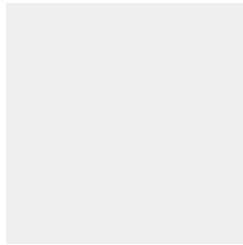
28.2777, 13.5831, 46.2593



2.3525, 1.1300, 3.8483

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 82.0431, 86.3157, 93.9978 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

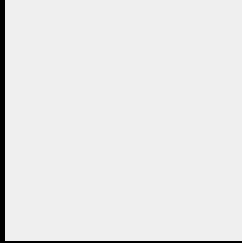
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 82.0431, 86.3157, 93.9978 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

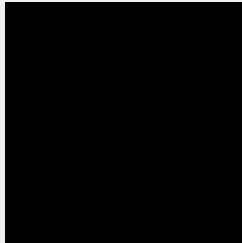
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

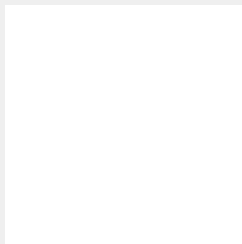
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 82.0431, 86.3157, 93.9978

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 82.0431, 86.3157, 93.9978.



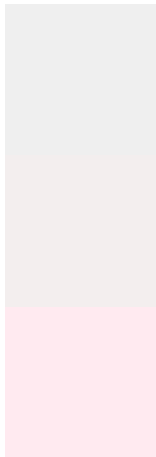
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 82.0431, 86.3157,

93.9978.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

82.0431, 86.3157, 93.9978

Protanopia

82.9693, 86.3768, 93.1884

Deuteranopia

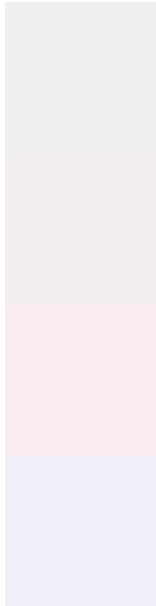
86.3910, 86.3969, 94.5611



Tritanopia

84.6098, 86.4891, 106.8424

Trichromacy



Original Color

82.0431, 86.3157, 93.9978

Protanomaly

82.6251, 86.1994, 93.1723

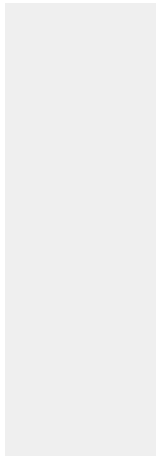
Deuteranomaly

84.7906, 86.4219, 94.6502

Tritanomaly

83.6086, 86.5139, 101.9147

Monochromacy



Original Color

82.0431, 86.3157, 93.9978

Achromatopsia

82.0431, 86.3157, 93.9978

Achromatomaly

82.0431, 86.3157, 93.9978

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 82.0431, 86.3157, 93.9978 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(239, 239, 239) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(239, 239, 239)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(239, 239, 239) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(239, 239, 239) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 82.0431, 86.3157, 93.9978 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(239, 239, 239) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(239, 239, 239) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(239, 239, 239)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(239, 239, 239); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 239, 239);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 239,  
239) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 82.0431, 86.3157, 93.9978 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(239, 239, 239) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(239,  
239, 239) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor