

# Converting Colors

XYZ(82.5647, 90.0078, 93.6498)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(82.5647, 90.0078, 93.6498)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(82.6251, 90.1870, 93.9419)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# **Color**

**XYZ(82.6251, 90.1870,  
93.9419)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	EAF7EE
RGB	234, 247, 238
RGB Percent	92%, 97%, 93%
CMY	0.0823, 0.0314, 0.0667
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.04, 0.03
HSL	138°, 45%, 94%
HSV	138°, 5%, 97%
XYZ	82.6251, 90.1870, 93.9419
YIQ	242.0870, -4.8590, -5.5550

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

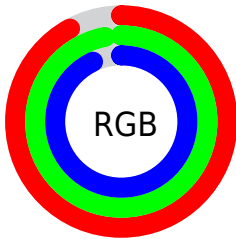
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	234, 244, 247
Decimal	15398894
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	96.07, -5.89, 2.83
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	96, 6.532, 154.294
Yxy	90.1870, 0.3097, 0.3381
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293588974 (0xFFEAF7EE)
YUV	242.0870, -2.0149, -7.0923
Hunter-Lab	94.9668, -10.8895, 7.8267

# Details

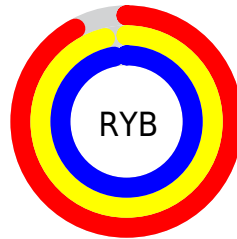
The XYZ color **82.6251, 90.1870, 93.9419** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **83.9616, 85.0933, 96.7979**, and the grayscale version is **84.4874, 88.8873, 96.7982**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **45.4344, 50.1040, 51.5324** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **72.6800, 85.3393, 80.9775**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **92.5525, 95.0050, 108.0675**.

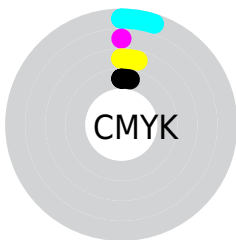
# Distribution



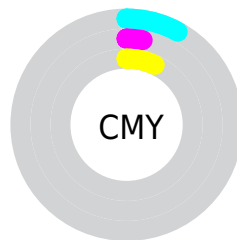
- Red (92%)
- Green (97%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (92%)
- Yellow (96%)
- Blue (97%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (3%)




- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (7%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 82.6251, 90.1870, 93.9419 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 82.6251, 90.1870, 93.9419 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 82.6251, 90.1870,  
93.9419

 82.6251, 90.1870,  
93.9419


492.3391,  
528.6390, 561.6696

 62.1968, 68.1358,  
70.6626


135.9815,  
147.5981, 154.7850

 45.4479, 50.0082,  
51.5868


169.6403,  
183.7268, 193.1858

 32.0132, 35.4199,  
36.2958


208.4400,  
225.3167, 237.4643

 21.5272, 23.9865,  
24.3713

252.7459,  
272.7523, 288.0389

 13.6245, 15.3236,  
15.3945

302.9235,  
326.4179, 345.3282

 7.9399, 9.0468,  
8.9470

359.3379,

 4.1080, 4.7717,

386.6979, 409.7507

4.6103

422.3547,  
453.9768, 481.7250

■ 1.7634, 2.1140,  
1.9658

■ 0.4955, 0.6725,  
0.5341

■ 82.6251, 90.1870,  
93.9419

■ 82.6251, 90.1870,  
93.9419

■ 72.6800, 85.3393,  
80.9775

■ 92.5525, 95.0050,  
108.0675

■ 64.0485, 81.1395,  
69.2844

■ 56.6766, 77.5630,  
58.8258

■ 50.5033, 74.5792,  
49.5609

■ 45.4627, 72.1551,  
41.4468

■ 41.4820, 70.2540,  
34.4381

■ 38.4798, 68.8349,  
28.4860

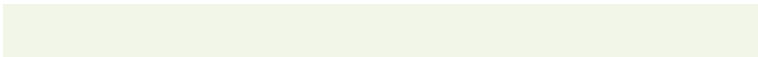
■ 36.3618, 67.8503,  
23.5380

■ 35.0131, 67.2423,  
19.5369

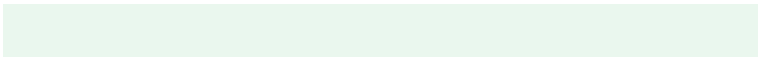
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83.7758, 90.1870, 90.1989



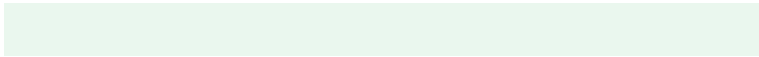
82.6251, 90.1870, 93.9419



82.2993, 90.1870, 98.9457

# Triad

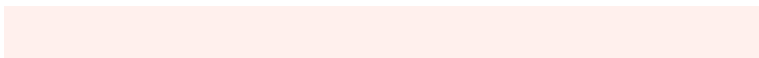
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



82.6251, 90.1870, 93.9419



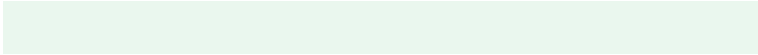
85.9806, 90.1870, 108.4670



88.6249, 90.1870, 92.6938

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



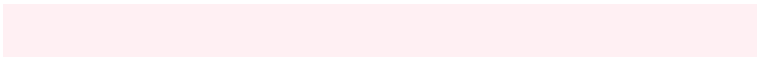
82.6251, 90.1870, 93.9419



83.9616, 85.0933, 96.7979

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



89.2343, 90.1870, 97.4547



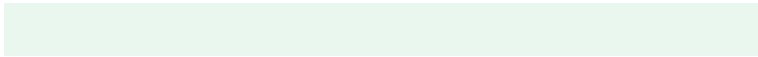
82.6251, 90.1870, 93.9419



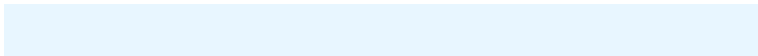
87.6941, 90.1870, 106.6572

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



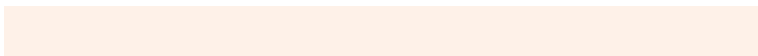
82.6251, 90.1870, 93.9419



84.2206, 90.1870, 107.4469



88.8913, 90.1870, 102.5814

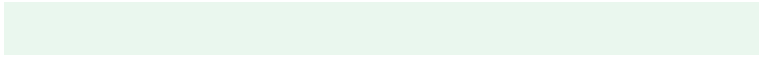


87.2371, 90.1870, 89.4963

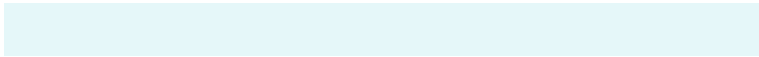


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



82.6251, 90.1870, 93.9419



82.5897, 90.1870, 102.3524



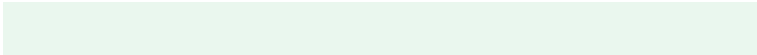
88.8913, 90.1870, 102.5814



88.9284, 90.1870, 94.1581

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82.6276, 90.1909, 93.9439



92.6351, 98.8202, 105.8465



85.1122, 91.5389, 91.0261



19.8530, 21.1639, 22.6876



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

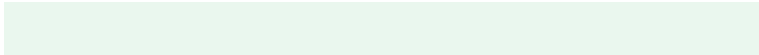


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

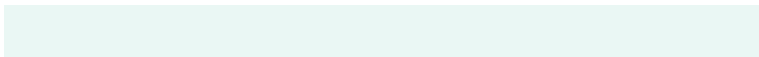
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82.6276, 90.1909, 93.9439



87.9843, 96.5492, 99.9103



83.5855, 90.5740, 98.9877



17.1060, 18.8555, 19.4038



18.3355, 35.4790, 9.7866



1.6555, 3.1359, 1.0920



# Inverse Universe

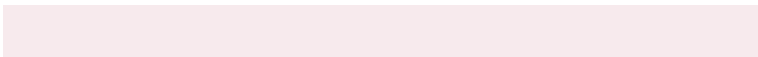
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83.9616, 85.0933, 96.7979



89.6133, 90.3243, 103.3954



83.0111, 84.7131, 91.7928



17.4571, 17.5140, 20.1549



24.2414, 12.0400, 21.7773

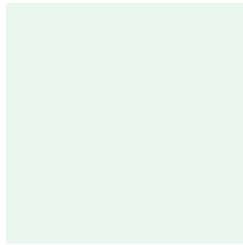


2.1764, 1.0765, 2.1554



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 82.6251, 90.1870, 93.9419 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

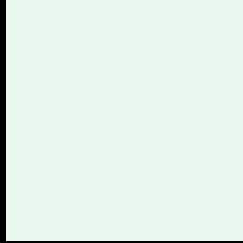
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 82.6251, 90.1870, 93.9419 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

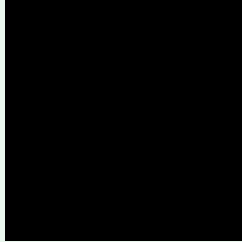
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

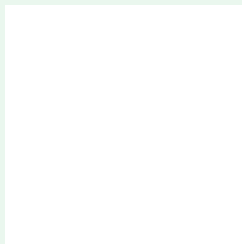
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 82.6251, 90.1870, 93.9419**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 82.6251, 90.1870, 93.9419.



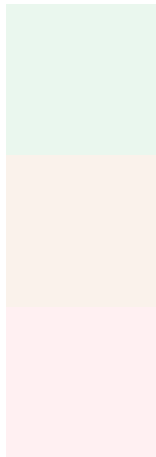
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 82.6251, 90.1870,

93.9419.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

82.6251, 90.1870, 93.9419

### Protanopia

86.1719, 89.8264, 91.3937

### Deuteranopia

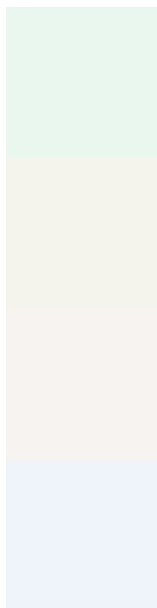
88.4271, 89.9910, 96.7138



## Tritanopia

86.0358, 89.8464, 107.4153

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

82.6251, 90.1870, 93.9419

## Protanomaly

84.7992, 89.9906, 92.2574

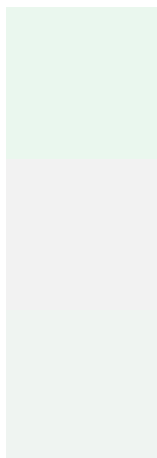
## Deuteranomaly

86.2855, 90.2262, 96.0868

## Tritanomaly

84.7095, 89.7181, 102.4752

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

82.6251, 90.1870, 93.9419

## Achromatopsia

84.3971, 88.7923, 96.6948

## Achromatomaly

83.8245, 89.4030, 96.0576

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 82.6251, 90.1870, 93.9419 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(234, 247, 238) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(234, 247, 238)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(234, 247, 238) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(234, 247, 238) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 82.6251, 90.1870, 93.9419 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(234, 247, 238) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(234, 247, 238) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(234, 247, 238)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(234, 247, 238); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 247, 238);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 247,  
238) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 82.6251, 90.1870, 93.9419 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(234, 247, 238) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(234,  
247, 238) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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