

# Converting Colors

XYZ(82.6193, 85.2715, 91.6978)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(82.6193, 85.2715, 91.6978)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(82.7920, 85.4595, 91.4886)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(82.7920, 85.4595,  
91.4886)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F5ECEC
RGB	245, 236, 236
RGB Percent	96%, 93%, 93%
CMY	0.0392, 0.0745, 0.0745
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.04, 0.04
HSL	0°, 31%, 94%
HSV	0°, 4%, 96%
XYZ	82.7920, 85.4595, 91.4886
YIQ	238.6910, 5.3640, 1.9080

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

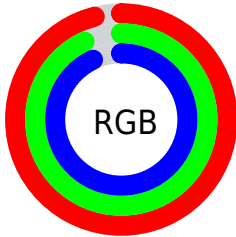
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	245, 236, 236
Decimal	16116972
CIE Lab	94.08, 3.03, 1.07
CIE LCh	94, 3.211, 19.428
Yxy	85.4595, 0.3187, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294307052 (0xFFFF5ECEC)
YUV	238.6910, -1.3267, 5.5330
Hunter-Lab	92.4443, -1.9151, 6.0340

# Details

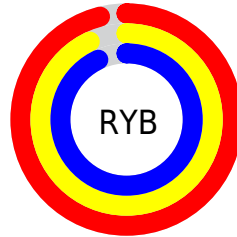
The XYZ color **82.7920, 85.4595, 91.4886** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **83.7259, 89.7291, 99.2941**, and the grayscale version is **81.8130, 86.0736, 93.7342**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **45.5457, 46.7566, 49.8044** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **72.9005, 70.9868, 71.8177**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **91.4667, 98.1528, 108.7323**.

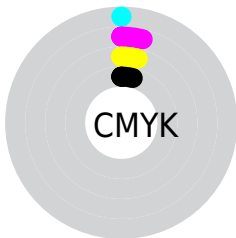
# Distribution



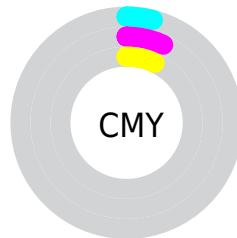
- Red (96%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (93%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (7%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 82.7920, 85.4595, 91.4886 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 82.7920, 85.4595, 91.4886 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



82.7920, 85.4595,  
91.4886

82.7920, 85.4595,  
91.4886

492.8875,  
513.1473, 553.5560

62.3349, 64.2211,  
68.6353

136.2141,  
141.0150, 151.3579

45.5600, 46.8298,  
49.9448

169.9099,  
176.1009, 189.2111

32.1019, 32.9011,  
34.9987

208.7493,  
216.5714, 232.9012

21.5953, 22.0507,  
23.3783

253.0976,  
262.8110, 282.8469

13.6747, 13.8942,  
14.6652

303.3202,  
315.2039, 339.4666

7.9750, 8.0471,  
8.4407

359.7825,

4.1306, 4.1251,

374.1347, 403.1791

4.2864

422.8498,  
439.9877, 474.4027

■ 1.7763, 1.7438,  
1.7838

■ 0.5033, 0.4518,  
0.4172

■ 82.7920, 85.4595,  
91.4886

■ 82.7920, 85.4595,  
91.4886

■ 72.9005, 70.9868,  
71.8177

■ 91.4667, 98.1528,  
108.7323

■ 64.4028, 58.5531,  
54.9219

■ 57.2384, 48.0702,  
40.6781

■ 51.3399, 39.4391,  
28.9517

■ 46.6336, 32.5521,  
19.5964

■ 43.0383, 27.2908,  
12.4506

■ 40.4629, 23.5215,  
7.3330

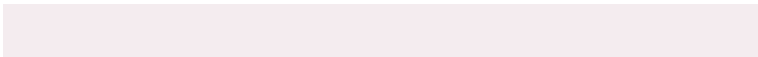
■ 38.8017, 21.0899,  
4.0332

■ 37.9261, 19.8077,  
2.2952

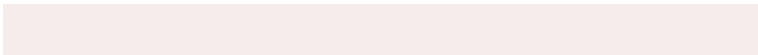
# Harmonies

## Analogous

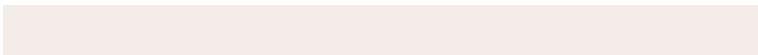
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



82.8588, 85.4595, 93.9202



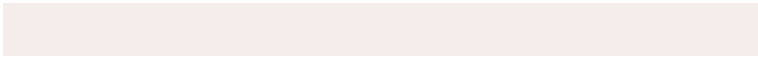
82.7920, 85.4595, 91.4886



82.3041, 85.4595, 89.5090

# Triad

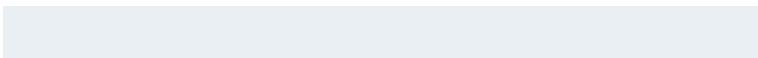
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



82.7920, 85.4595, 91.4886



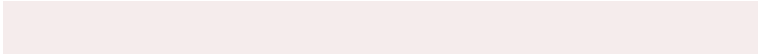
79.9804, 85.4595, 90.0124



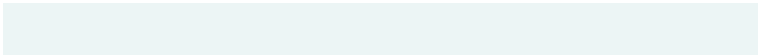
80.9245, 85.4595, 97.7717

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



82.7920, 85.4595, 91.4886



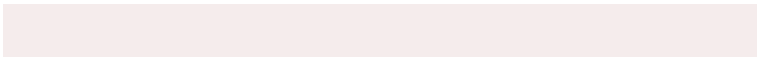
83.7259, 89.7291, 99.2941

# Split Complementary

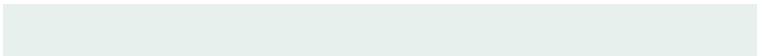
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



80.1587, 85.4595, 96.6850



82.7920, 85.4595, 91.4886



79.6162, 85.4595, 92.1869

# Square

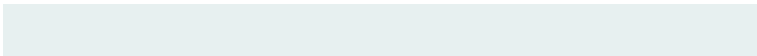
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



82.7920, 85.4595, 91.4886



80.6793, 85.4595, 88.6671



79.6812, 85.4595, 94.6308



81.7765, 85.4595, 97.5768

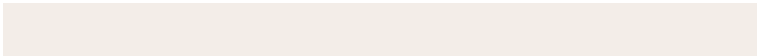


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



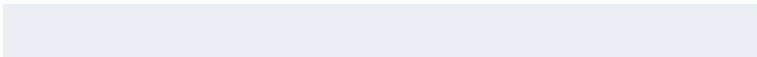
82.7920, 85.4595, 91.4886



81.8076, 85.4595, 88.6984



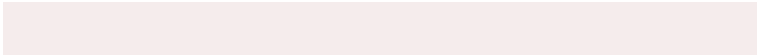
79.6812, 85.4595, 94.6308



80.6485, 85.4595, 97.5435

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82.7944, 85.4632, 91.4904



93.8344, 98.2214, 106.4828



84.1343, 85.9973, 98.5522



20.0972, 21.0422, 22.8172



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

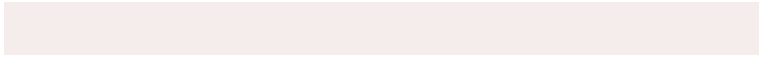


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82.7944, 85.4632, 91.4904



90.2842, 93.0270, 99.4237



84.1053, 88.0849, 91.9274



17.5295, 17.9904, 19.1571



20.2871, 10.4597, 0.9497

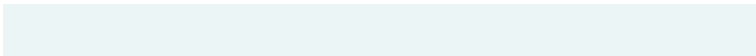


1.7832, 0.9197, 0.0835



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83.7259, 89.7291, 99.2941



91.3950, 98.1135, 108.7285



82.3823, 87.0417, 98.8462



17.7858, 19.1641, 21.3042



26.4515, 38.6967, 52.6131

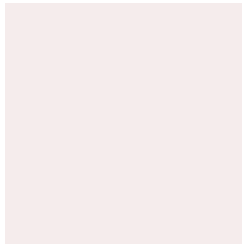


2.3250, 3.4015, 4.6242



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 82.7920, 85.4595, 91.4886 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

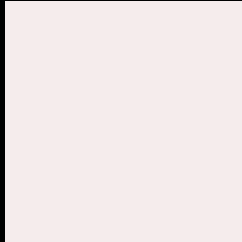
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 82.7920, 85.4595, 91.4886 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

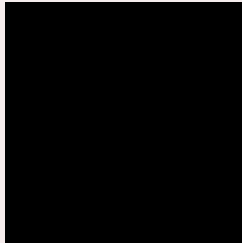
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

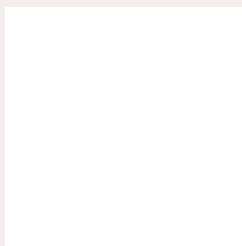
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 82.7920, 85.4595, 91.4886**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 82.7920, 85.4595, 91.4886.



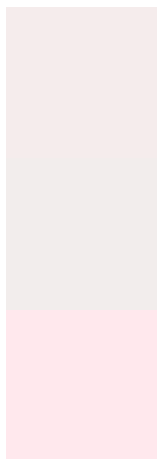
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 82.7920, 85.4595,

91.4886.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

82.7920, 85.4595, 91.4886

### Protanopia

82.0425, 85.5017, 91.5363

### Deuteranopia

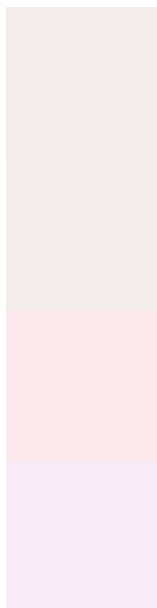
85.3827, 85.0877, 92.0442



## Tritanopia

85.3513, 85.6481, 104.1287

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

82.7920, 85.4595, 91.4886

## Protanomaly

82.3867, 85.6792, 91.5524

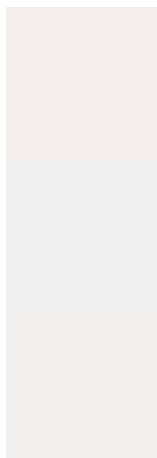
## Deuteranomaly

84.2086, 84.9015, 92.0701

## Tritanomaly

84.3489, 85.6633, 99.2778

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

82.7920, 85.4595, 91.4886

## Achromatopsia

82.0431, 86.3157, 93.9978

## Achromatomaly

82.2828, 86.0229, 93.1562

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 82.7920, 85.4595, 91.4886 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(245, 236, 236) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(245, 236, 236)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(245, 236, 236) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(245, 236, 236) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 82.7920, 85.4595, 91.4886 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(245, 236, 236) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(245, 236, 236) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(245, 236, 236)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(245, 236, 236); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 236, 236);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 236,  
236) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 82.7920, 85.4595, 91.4886 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(245, 236, 236) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(245,  
236, 236) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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