

Converting Colors

XYZ(82.7112, 108.1197,
137.7491)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(82.7112, 108.1197, 137.7491)
contains.

XYZ(67.5203, 85.8079, 107.6116)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(67.5203, 85.8079,
107.6116)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9CFFFF
RGB	156, 255, 255
RGB Percent	61%, 100%, 100%
CMY	0.3882, 0.0000, 0.0000
CMYK	0.39, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	180°, 100%, 81%
HSV	180°, 39%, 100%
XYZ	67.5203, 85.8079, 107.6116
YIQ	225.3990, -59.0040, -20.9880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	156, 206, 255
Decimal	10289151
CIELab	94.23, -28.99, -9.17
CIElCh	94, 30.407, 197.545
Yxy	85.8079, 0.2588, 0.3288
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288479231 (0xFF9CFFFF)
YUV	225.3990, 14.5933, -60.8629
Hunter-Lab	92.6326, -31.9975, -4.0346

Details

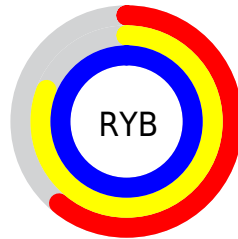
The XYZ color **67.5203, 85.8079, 107.6116** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **59.1303, 47.4389, 37.4946**, and the grayscale version is **71.7839, 75.5222, 82.2437**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **81.8343, 93.1871, 108.2815**, and **35.4241, 47.0621, 60.6429** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63.0935, 83.5258, 107.4045**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **72.9846, 88.6249, 107.8674**.

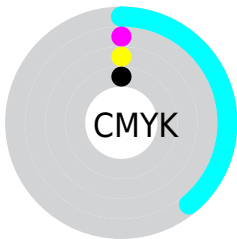
Distribution



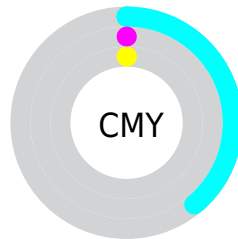
- Red (61%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 67.5203, 85.8079, 107.6116 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 67.5203, 85.8079, 107.6116 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 67.5203, 85.8079,
107.6116


 67.5203, 85.8079,
107.6116


441.1980,
514.2976, 605.7840

 49.7798, 64.5091,
82.0201


 114.7113,
141.5014, 173.7214

 35.4556, 47.0632,
60.8462


 144.8926,
176.6649, 215.0768

 24.1822, 33.0856,
43.6713


179.9515,
217.2188, 262.5239

 15.5943, 22.1920,
30.0769

220.2534,
263.5474, 316.4812

 9.3265, 13.9981,
19.6444

266.1636,
316.0352, 377.3674

 5.0136, 8.1193,
11.9553

318.0475,

 2.2901, 4.1714,

375.0666, 445.6009

6.5911

376.2705,
441.0259, 521.6002

■ 0.7896, 1.7699,
3.1332

■ 0.0000, 0.4683,
1.1630

■ 67.5203, 85.8079,
107.6116

■ 67.5203, 85.8079,
107.6116

■ 63.0935, 83.5258,
107.4045

■ 72.9846, 88.6249,
107.8674

■ 59.6362, 81.7435,
107.2427

■ 79.5434, 92.0060,
108.1743

■ 57.0766, 80.4240,
107.1229

■ 87.2527, 95.9803,
108.5351

■ 55.3316, 79.5244,
107.0412

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 54.3028, 78.9940,
106.9931

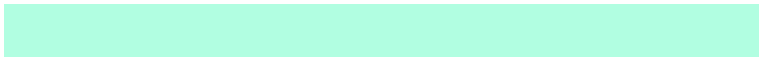
■ 53.8476, 78.7594,
106.9718

■ 53.8100, 78.7400,
106.9700

Harmonies

Analogous

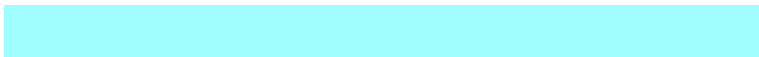
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



67.2034, 85.8079, 84.0885



67.5203, 85.8079, 107.6116



71.4383, 85.8079, 130.5766

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



67.5203, 85.8079, 107.6116



93.6649, 85.8079, 127.0876



84.9817, 85.8079, 56.1257

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



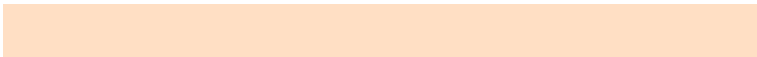
67.5203, 85.8079, 107.6116



59.1303, 47.4389, 37.4946

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



92.5906, 85.8079, 64.0953



67.5203, 85.8079, 107.6116



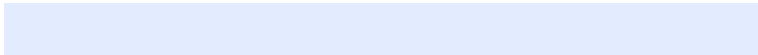
97.8232, 85.8079, 103.4394

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



67.5203, 85.8079, 107.6116



86.3699, 85.8079, 143.0433



97.4174, 85.8079, 80.5529



76.9279, 85.8079, 56.8629

Rectangle

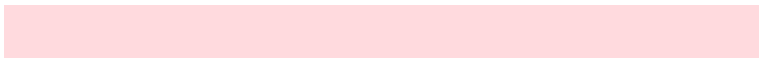
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



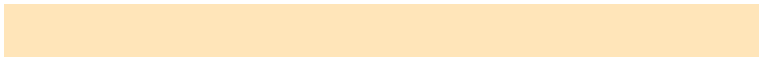
67.5203, 85.8079, 107.6116



75.7220, 85.8079, 141.3051



97.4174, 85.8079, 80.5529



87.6860, 85.8079, 57.8116

Sweetspot

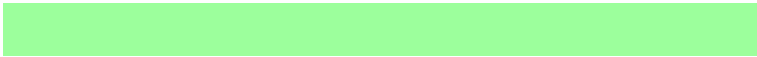
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67.5212, 85.8084, 107.6117



84.6746, 94.6513, 108.4144



55.4723, 80.9888, 44.1632



17.9045, 20.1462, 23.1949



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67.5212, 85.8084, 107.6117



63.8258, 83.9033, 107.4387



53.7128, 58.1917, 103.0089



18.5550, 20.4815, 23.2253



28.1169, 41.1433, 55.8941



2.7376, 4.0060, 5.4422

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71.1792, 52.2584, 100.9431



67.9749, 45.8498, 99.8750



69.1928, 67.5638, 40.8487



18.7928, 18.3004, 22.7918



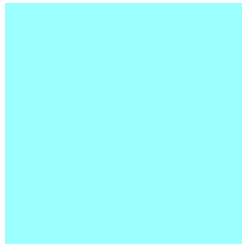
30.9803, 14.8814, 50.6741



3.0164, 1.4490, 4.9340

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 67.5203, 85.8079, 107.6116 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

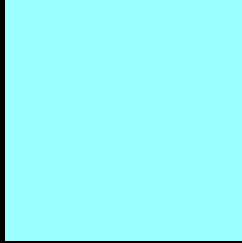
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 67.5203, 85.8079, 107.6116 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 67.5203, 85.8079, 107.6116

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 67.5203, 85.8079, 107.6116.

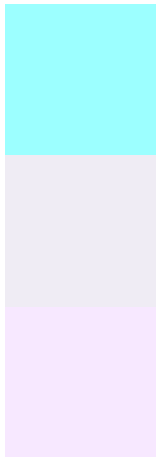


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 67.5203, 85.8079,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

67.5203, 85.8079, 107.6116

Protanopia

81.9212, 84.8733, 97.6524

Deuteranopia

85.2644, 84.7074, 106.4640



Tritanopia

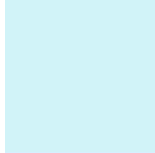
75.8792, 85.5040, 107.1124

Trichromacy



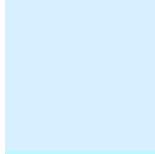
Original Color

67.5203, 85.8079, 107.6116



Protanomaly

75.2884, 84.4338, 101.1362



Deuteranomaly

76.9416, 83.8363, 106.7345



Tritanomaly

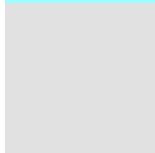
72.4192, 85.5362, 107.3010

Monochromacy



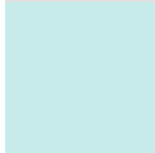
Original Color

67.5203, 85.8079, 107.6116



Achromatopsia

71.5672, 75.2942, 81.9954



Achromatomaly

68.9552, 78.3264, 90.8411

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 67.5203, 85.8079, 107.6116 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(156, 255, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 255, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 255, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 255, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 67.5203, 85.8079, 107.6116 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 255, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 255, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(156, 255, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(156, 255, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 255, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 255,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 67.5203, 85.8079, 107.6116 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 255, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156,  
255, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor