

# Converting Colors

XYZ(82.8632, 57.4023,  
105.9202)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(82.8632, 57.4023, 105.9202)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(70.6812, 51.2625,  
100.7771)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF99FF
RGB	255, 153, 255
RGB Percent	100%, 60%, 100%
CMY	0.0000, 0.4000, 0.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.40, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	300°, 100%, 80%
HSV	300°, 40%, 100%
XYZ	70.6812, 51.2625, 100.7771
YIQ	195.1260, 28.0500, 53.3460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

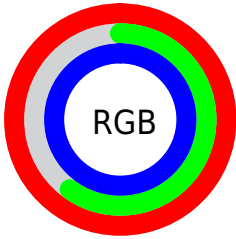
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">255, 153, 255</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16751103</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">76.84, 52.83, -34.84</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">77, 63.286, 326.594</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">51.2625, 0.3174, 0.2302</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294941183 (0xFFFF99FF)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">195.1260, 29.5179, 52.5095</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">71.5978, 50.9185, -33.3348</a>

# Details

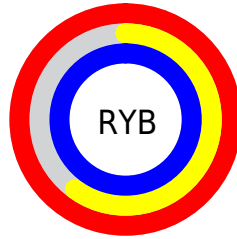
The XYZ color **70.6812, 51.2625, 100.7771** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99FF**. A complement of this color would be **54.6483, 80.5930, 42.8153**, and the grayscale version is **51.7661, 54.4619, 59.3091**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82.0905, 74.0809, 104.5802**, and **37.4198, 24.7367, 56.2285** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66.9449, 43.7898, 99.5316**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **75.3113, 60.5225, 102.3204**.

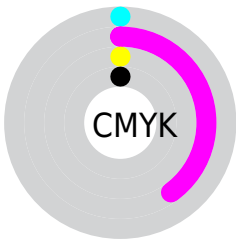
# Distribution



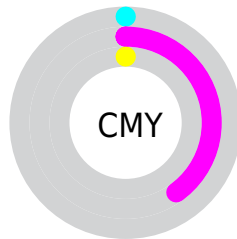
- Red (100%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 70.6812, 51.2625, 100.7771 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 70.6812, 51.2625, 100.7771 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 70.6812, 51.2625,  
100.7771


 70.6812, 51.2625,  
100.7771


452.1674,  
391.5828, 583.9492

 52.3637, 36.4176,  
76.3292

 119.2007, 92.0427,  
164.2859

 37.5205, 24.7569,  
56.1942

 150.1333,  
118.7467, 204.1838

 25.7862, 15.8960,  
39.9536

186.0017,  
150.1725, 250.0688

 16.7956, 9.4506,  
27.1889

227.1712,  
186.7046, 302.3595

 10.1833, 5.0362,  
17.4814

274.0072,  
228.7272, 361.4743

 5.5839, 2.2685,  
10.4128

326.8750,

 2.6320, 0.7570,

276.6249, 427.8318

5.5643

386.1399,  
330.7820, 501.8506

■ 0.9623, 0.0000,  
2.5175

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.8494

■ 70.6812, 51.2625,  
100.7771

■ 70.6812, 51.2625,  
100.7771

■ 66.9449, 43.7898,  
99.5316

■ 75.3113, 60.5225,  
102.3204

■ 64.0420, 37.9839,  
98.5640

■ 80.8843, 71.6686,  
104.1781

■ 61.9094, 33.7189,  
97.8531

■ 87.4495, 84.7991,  
106.3665

■ 60.4741, 30.8482,  
97.3747

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 59.6485, 29.1971,  
97.0995

■ 59.2901, 28.4801,  
96.9800

■ 59.2900, 28.4800,  
96.9800

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.8221, 51.2625, 138.4140



70.6812, 51.2625, 100.7771



75.6344, 51.2625, 59.8426

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



70.6812, 51.2625, 100.7771



50.1098, 51.2625, 12.3799



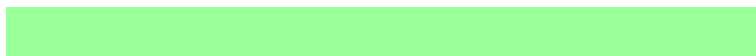
30.8377, 51.2625, 91.0093

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



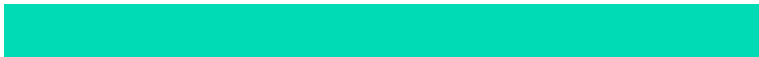
70.6812, 51.2625, 100.7771



54.6483, 80.5930, 42.8153

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.0987, 51.2625, 51.9745



70.6812, 51.2625, 100.7771



39.0902, 51.2625, 15.0789

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



70.6812, 51.2625, 100.7771



62.5913, 51.2625, 16.7831



31.8613, 51.2625, 26.7245



37.0720, 51.2625, 131.3321



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



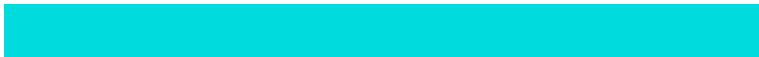
70.6812, 51.2625, 100.7771



74.4051, 51.2625, 38.9633



31.8613, 51.2625, 26.7245



29.7574, 51.2625, 76.9389

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70.6822, 51.2644, 100.7774



86.0533, 82.0066, 105.9011



42.5802, 36.7773, 99.4623



18.2287, 17.1724, 22.6038



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70.6822, 51.2644, 100.7774



67.6229, 45.1457, 99.7576



63.5317, 48.4042, 63.1231



18.7928, 18.3004, 22.7918



30.9803, 14.8814, 50.6741



3.0164, 1.4490, 4.9340



# Inverse Universe

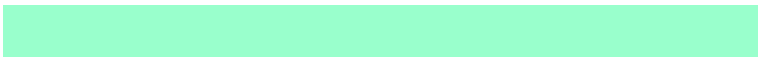
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70.6822, 51.2644, 100.7774



67.6229, 45.1457, 99.7576



59.7974, 82.6527, 69.9305



18.7928, 18.3004, 22.7918



30.9803, 14.8814, 50.6741



3.0164, 1.4490, 4.9340



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 70.6812, 51.2625, 100.7771 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

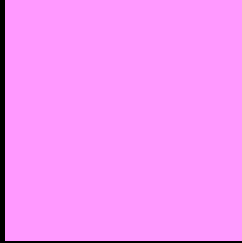
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 70.6812, 51.2625, 100.7771 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 70.6812, 51.2625, 100.7771**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 70.6812, 51.2625, 100.7771.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 70.6812, 51.2625,

100.7771.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

70.6812, 51.2625, 100.7771

### Protanopia

52.6108, 51.7325, 101.8202

### Deuteranopia

53.0007, 51.7273, 96.8135



## Tritanopia

60.6375, 51.3462, 50.9708

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

70.6812, 51.2625, 100.7771



## Protanomaly

57.4674, 50.2975, 101.2873



## Deuteranomaly

57.9194, 50.6041, 97.9817



## Tritanomaly

63.6727, 50.9376, 66.7976

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

70.6812, 51.2625, 100.7771



## Achromatopsia

51.8711, 54.5724, 59.4294



## Achromatomaly

57.4609, 52.4040, 72.7321

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 70.6812, 51.2625, 100.7771 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 153, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 153, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 153, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 153, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 70.6812, 51.2625, 100.7771 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 153, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 153, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 153, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 153, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 153, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 153,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 70.6812, 51.2625, 100.7771 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 153, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
153, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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