

# Converting Colors

XYZ(82.9343, 94.2384, 86.4556)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(82.9343, 94.2384, 86.4556)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(82.9038, 94.2219,  
86.4902)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E8FFE3
RGB	232, 255, 227
RGB Percent	91%, 100%, 89%
CMY	0.0902, 0.0000, 0.1098
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.11, 0.00
HSL	109°, 100%, 95%
HSV	109°, 11%, 100%
XYZ	82.9038, 94.2219, 86.4902
YIQ	244.9310, -4.7200, -13.5840

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

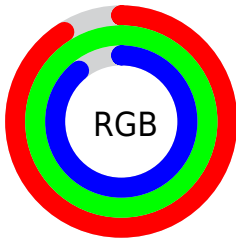
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	227, 255, 250
Decimal	15269859
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	97.72, -12.45, 10.85
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	98, 16.511, 138.934
Yxy	94.2219, 0.3145, 0.3574
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293459939 (0xFFE8FFE3)
YUV	244.9310, -8.8400, -11.3405
Hunter-Lab	97.0680, -17.4157, 15.1186

# Details

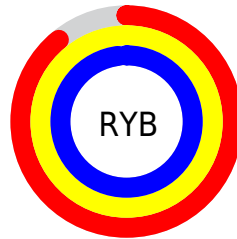
The XYZ color **82.9038, 94.2219, 86.4902** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **84.9443, 82.4834, 106.0516**, and the grayscale version is **86.8066, 91.3273, 99.4554**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **45.5450, 52.5968, 46.7815** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **73.2413, 89.6176, 69.0061**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **93.8994, 99.4530, 106.7604**.

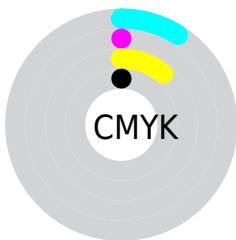
# Distribution



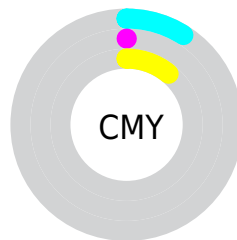
- Red (91%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 82.9038, 94.2219, 86.4902 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 82.9038, 94.2219, 86.4902 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



82.9038, 94.2219,  
86.4902

82.9038, 94.2219,  
86.4902

493.2546,  
541.6710, 536.8189

62.4274, 71.4875,  
64.5162

136.3699,  
153.1892, 144.3459

45.6351, 52.7402,  
46.6200

170.0904,  
190.1909, 181.0648

32.1614, 37.5954,  
32.3832

208.9563,  
232.7172, 223.5356

21.6409, 25.6688,  
21.3871

253.3330,  
281.1524, 272.1770

13.7084, 16.5760,  
13.2133

303.5858,  
335.8810, 327.4074

7.9985, 9.9327,  
7.4431

360.0801,

4.1458, 5.3543,

397.2874, 389.6456

3.6581

423.1813,  
465.7559, 459.3098

■ 1.7849, 2.4566,  
1.4397

■ 0.5086, 0.8548,  
0.1724

■ 82.9038, 94.2219,  
86.4902

■ 82.9038, 94.2219,  
86.4902

■ 73.2413, 89.6176,  
69.0061

■ 93.8994, 99.4530,  
106.7604

■ 64.8587, 85.6157,  
54.1824

■ 95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 57.7022, 82.1910,  
41.8898

■ 51.7132, 79.3166,  
31.9868

■ 46.8284, 76.9630,  
24.3178

■ 42.9781, 75.0983,  
18.7091

■ 40.0842, 73.6864,  
14.9612

■ 38.0569, 72.6862,  
12.8348

■ 36.8657, 72.0900,  
11.9717

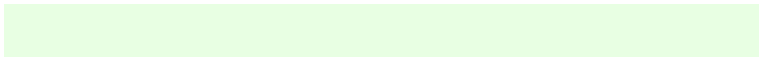
# Harmonies

## Analogous

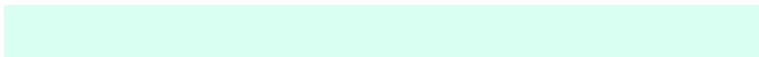
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



86.6506, 94.2219, 79.9772



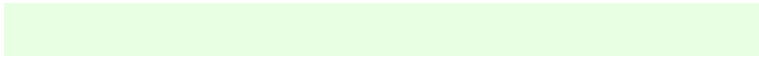
82.9038, 94.2219, 86.4902



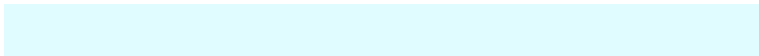
80.9640, 94.2219, 97.6971

# Triad

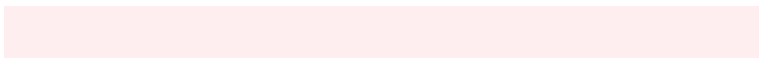
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



82.9038, 94.2219, 86.4902



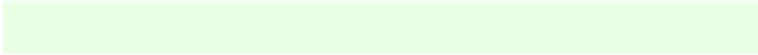
87.8294, 94.2219, 130.1875



98.3908, 94.2219, 94.4094

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



82.9038, 94.2219, 86.4902



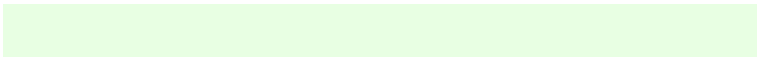
84.9443, 82.4834, 106.0516

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



98.7334, 94.2219, 107.6469



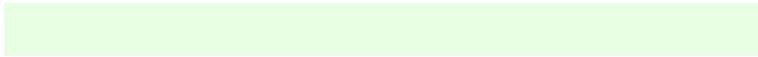
82.9038, 94.2219, 86.4902



92.5238, 94.2219, 129.1115

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



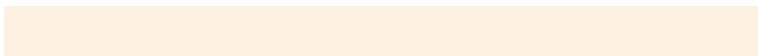
82.9038, 94.2219, 86.4902



83.7407, 94.2219, 123.3994



96.5529, 94.2219, 120.5768

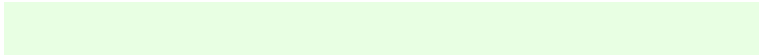


95.6326, 94.2219, 84.2652

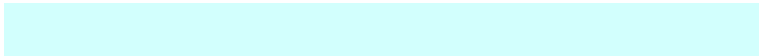


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



82.9038, 94.2219, 86.4902



80.9094, 94.2219, 106.6696



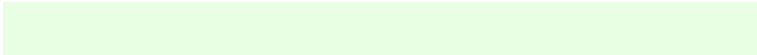
96.5529, 94.2219, 120.5768



98.7958, 94.2219, 98.6189

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82.9045, 94.2222, 86.4916



91.5683, 98.3446, 102.4354



89.2497, 95.0948, 86.3256



19.4047, 20.9572, 21.5650



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

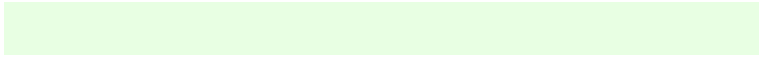


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

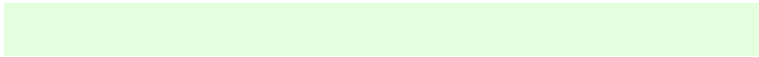


# Same Dimension

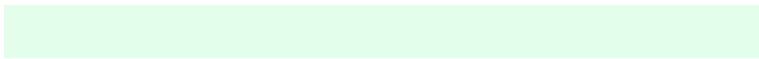
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82.9045, 94.2222, 86.4916



80.8464, 93.2421, 82.7384



82.5603, 93.8997, 93.0294



18.0739, 20.3240, 19.1147



19.3500, 37.7134, 6.2596



1.9625, 3.7124, 0.6131



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84.9443, 82.4834, 106.0516



83.2272, 79.5375, 105.5735



85.3647, 82.8613, 98.7912



18.4558, 18.1267, 22.7760



23.3559, 10.9509, 50.3173

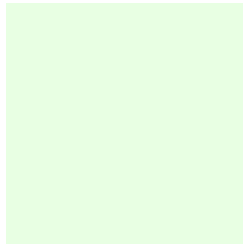


2.3535, 1.1072, 4.9029



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 82.9038, 94.2219, 86.4902 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

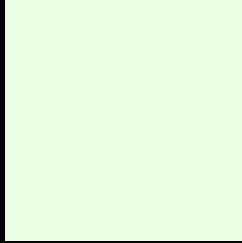
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 82.9038, 94.2219, 86.4902 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

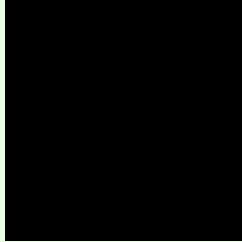
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

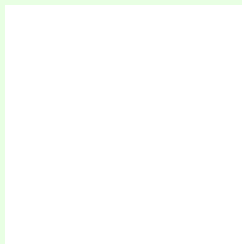
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 82.9038, 94.2219, 86.4902

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 82.9038, 94.2219, 86.4902.



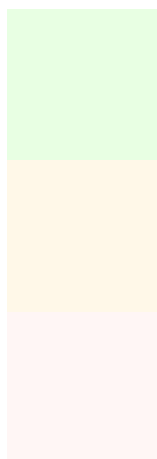
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 82.9038, 94.2219,

86.4902.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

82.9038, 94.2219, 86.4902

### Protanopia

89.3729, 94.2210, 89.8199

### Deuteranopia

90.6772, 93.7641, 99.7053

## **Tritanopia**

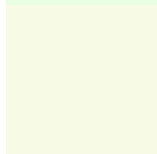
89.2736, 93.7673, 108.0014

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

82.9038, 94.2219, 86.4902



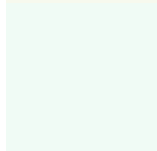
## Protanomaly

87.1379, 94.4817, 88.5070



## Deuteranomaly

87.6661, 93.6986, 94.3541



## Tritanomaly

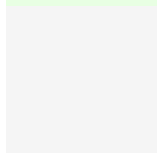
86.9138, 94.1122, 99.9708

# Monochromacy



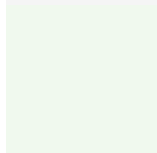
## Original Color

82.9038, 94.2219, 86.4902



## Achromatopsia

86.7900, 91.3099, 99.4364



## Achromatomaly

85.2435, 92.4497, 94.2407

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 82.9038, 94.2219, 86.4902 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(232, 255, 227) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(232, 255, 227)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(232, 255, 227) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(232, 255, 227) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 82.9038, 94.2219, 86.4902 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(232, 255, 227) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(232, 255, 227) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(232, 255, 227)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(232, 255, 227); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 255, 227);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 255,  
227) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 82.9038, 94.2219, 86.4902 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(232, 255, 227) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(232,  
255, 227) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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