

# Converting Colors

XYZ(83.0777, 87.4968, 69.6367)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(83.0777, 87.4968, 69.6367)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(83.0056, 87.3526,  
69.6126)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	FFEFCC
RGB	255, 239, 204
RGB Percent	100%, 94%, 80%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0627, 0.2000
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.20, 0.00
HSL	41°, 100%, 90%
HSV	41°, 20%, 100%
XYZ	83.0056, 87.3526, 69.6126
YIQ	239.7940, 20.7710, -7.4930

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

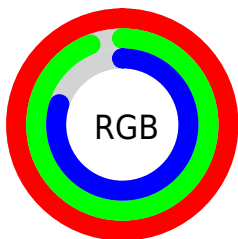
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	227, 255, 204
Decimal	16773068
CIE Lab	94.89, -0.04, 18.89
CIE LCh	95, 18.891, 90.119
Yxy	87.3526, 0.3459, 0.3640
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294963148 (0xFFFFEFC)
YUV	239.7940, -17.6464, 13.3357
Hunter-Lab	93.4626, -5.0309, 21.2636

# Details

The XYZ color **83.0056, 87.3526, 69.6126** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **68.5444, 71.2418, 104.7461**, and the grayscale version is **82.7874, 87.0987, 94.8505**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **45.7272, 48.0747, 35.7234** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **77.9048, 81.6514, 54.0385**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88.7149, 93.4688, 87.8622**.

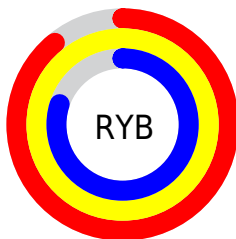
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (94%)

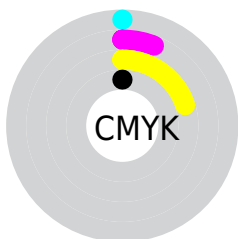
Blue (80%)



Red (89%)

Yellow (100%)

Blue (80%)

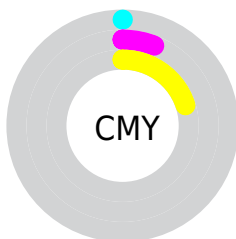


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (20%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)


Yellow (20%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 83.0056, 87.3526, 69.6126 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 83.0056, 87.3526, 69.6126 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 83.0056, 87.3526,  
69.6126

 83.0056, 87.3526,  
69.6126


493.5888,  
519.3808, 477.9409

 62.5117, 65.7870,  
50.7359


136.5118,  
143.6555, 120.3321

 45.7035, 48.0995,  
35.6232


170.2548,  
179.1616, 153.0119

 32.2155, 33.9057,  
23.8560


209.1449,  
220.0834, 191.1299

 21.6825, 22.8212,  
15.0156

253.5474,  
266.8052, 235.1046

 13.7391, 14.4615,  
8.6836

303.8277,  
319.7115, 285.3545

 8.0199, 8.4424,  
4.4414

360.3511,

 4.1596, 4.3793,

379.1866, 342.2982

1.8705

423.4830,  
445.6149, 406.3541

■ 1.7928, 1.8879,  
0.4739

■ 0.5133, 0.5411,  
0.0000

■ 83.0056, 87.3526,  
69.6126

■ 83.0056, 87.3526,  
69.6126

■ 77.9048, 81.6514,  
54.0385

■ 88.7149, 93.4688,  
87.8622

■ 73.3808, 76.3416,  
41.0056

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 69.4077, 71.4138,  
30.3767

■ 65.9554, 66.8534,  
21.9986

■ 62.9901, 62.6450,  
15.7011

■ 60.4734, 58.7707,  
11.2888

■ 58.3598, 55.2100,  
8.5291

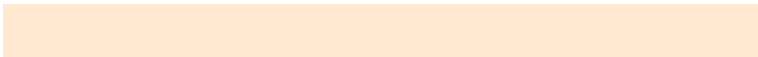
■ 56.5756, 51.9311,  
7.0419

■ 56.5754, 51.9309,  
7.0418

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.0277, 87.3526, 72.7011



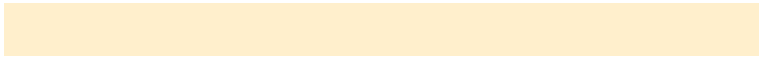
83.0056, 87.3526, 69.6126



78.1835, 87.3526, 72.7500

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



83.0056, 87.3526, 69.6126



74.7986, 87.3526, 109.9726



91.8576, 87.3526, 109.8610

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83.0056, 87.3526, 69.6126



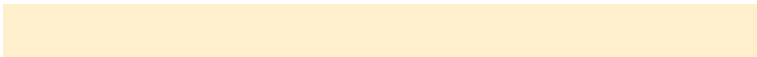
68.5444, 71.2418, 104.7461

# Split Complementary

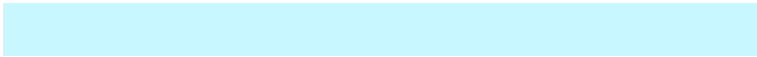
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



88.0645, 87.3526, 121.6429



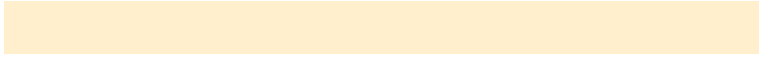
83.0056, 87.3526, 69.6126



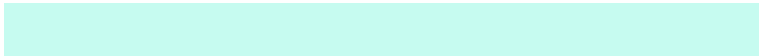
78.2175, 87.3526, 121.7118

# Square

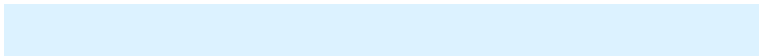
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



83.0056, 87.3526, 69.6126



73.5656, 87.3526, 95.1706



83.0465, 87.3526, 126.1832



93.2646, 87.3526, 95.0536

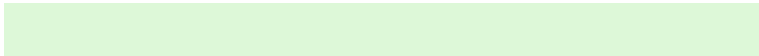


# Rectangle

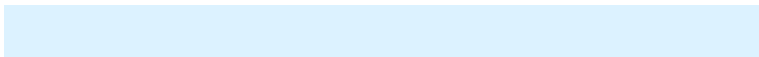
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83.0056, 87.3526, 69.6126



75.6985, 87.3526, 78.1556



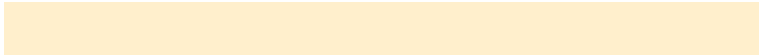
83.0465, 87.3526, 126.1832



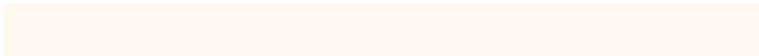
90.8118, 87.3526, 114.3593

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83.0076, 87.3564, 69.6144



91.1719, 96.0301, 95.9350



75.7716, 69.6220, 77.2600



19.4272, 20.4639, 20.2452



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83.0076, 87.3564, 69.6144



80.8950, 85.0257, 63.0692



84.5428, 95.4094, 71.0879



19.0525, 20.0732, 19.0147



29.7015, 27.4143, 3.7261



2.9898, 2.8649, 0.3954



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68.5444, 71.2418, 104.7461



64.0394, 66.2480, 104.0196



67.1860, 64.6054, 103.5367



17.4678, 18.3072, 22.8629



11.0463, 7.0021, 50.2039



1.1683, 0.8674, 4.9191



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 83.0056, 87.3526, 69.6126 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

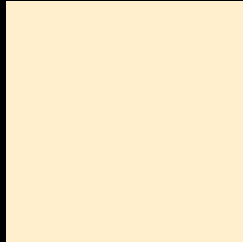
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 83.0056, 87.3526, 69.6126 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

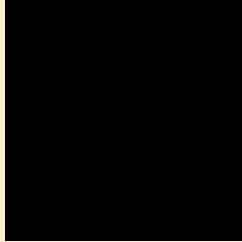
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 83.0056, 87.3526, 69.6126

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 83.0056, 87.3526, 69.6126.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 83.0056, 87.3526,

69.6126.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

83.0056, 87.3526, 69.6126

### Protanopia

82.5672, 87.5625, 69.6762

### Deuteranopia

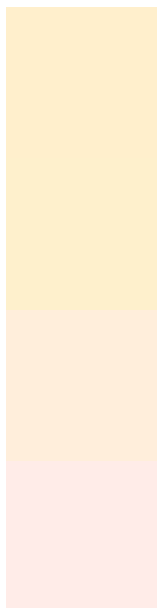
85.5278, 87.4298, 85.7666



## Tritanopia

87.8916, 87.4540, 101.0549

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

83.0056, 87.3526, 69.6126

## Protanomaly

82.9322, 87.7506, 69.6933

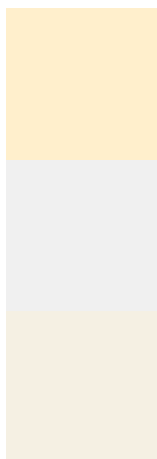
## Deuteranomaly

84.6007, 87.5235, 79.4526

## Tritanomaly

85.8009, 87.0771, 88.6293

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

83.0056, 87.3526, 69.6126

## Achromatopsia

82.8234, 87.1367, 94.8919

## Achromatomaly

82.6814, 87.2787, 85.1617

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 83.0056, 87.3526, 69.6126 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 239, 204)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 239, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 239, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 239, 204) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 83.0056, 87.3526, 69.6126 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 239, 204) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 239, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 239, 204)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 239, 204); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 239, 204);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 239,  
204) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 83.0056, 87.3526, 69.6126 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 239, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
239, 204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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