

# Converting Colors

XYZ(83.4418, 73.0102, 66.8795)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(83.4418, 73.0102, 66.8795)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(73.2596, 67.8607,  
66.3640)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFCACC
RGB	255, 202, 204
RGB Percent	100%, 79%, 80%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2078, 0.2000
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.20, 0.00
HSL	358°, 100%, 90%
HSV	358°, 21%, 100%
XYZ	73.2596, 67.8607, 66.3640
YIQ	218.0750, 30.9460, 11.8580

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

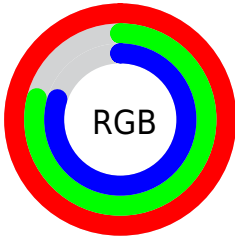
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 202, 204
Decimal	16763596
CIE Lab	85.94, 19.05, 6.18
CIE LCh	86, 20.031, 17.973
Yxy	67.8607, 0.3531, 0.3271
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294953676 (0xFFFFCACC)
YUV	218.0750, -6.9390, 32.3832
Hunter-Lab	82.3776, 14.5818, 9.8999

# Details

The XYZ color **73.2596, 67.8607, 66.3640** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **77.8492, 91.1696, 106.4269**, and the grayscale version is **66.7251, 70.2000, 76.4478**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **39.3836, 35.3876, 33.6089** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65.0482, 55.7830, 50.2318**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82.9266, 82.1071, 85.2710**.

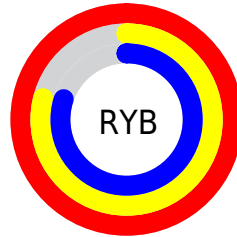
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (79%)

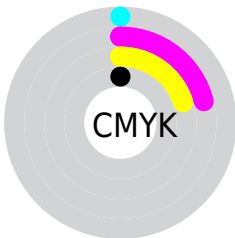
Blue (80%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (79%)

Blue (80%)

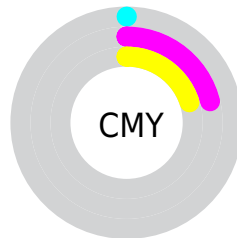


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (20%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (20%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 73.2596, 67.8607, 66.3640 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 73.2596, 67.8607, 66.3640 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



73.2596, 67.8607,  
66.3640

73.2596, 67.8607,  
66.3640

461.0039,  
453.0023, 466.1173

54.4774, 49.7844,  
48.1096

122.8468,  
116.1528, 115.6406

39.2156, 35.2421,  
33.5531

154.3826,  
147.1375, 147.4999

27.1090, 23.8495,  
22.2759

190.9002,  
183.1937, 184.7312

17.7921, 15.2220,  
13.8595

232.7650,  
224.7059, 227.7531

10.8996, 8.9753,  
7.8854

280.3425,  
272.0585, 276.9841

6.0662, 4.7251,  
3.9350


333.9979,


2.9264, 2.0869,


325.6358, 332.8428


1.5897


394.0966,  
385.8223, 395.7476


 1.1150, 0.6572,  
0.2835


 0.0376, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 73.2596, 67.8607,  
66.3640


 73.2596, 67.8607,  
66.3640


 65.0482, 55.7830,  
50.2318


 82.9266, 82.1071,  
85.2710

 58.2174, 45.7592,  
36.7399

 94.1098, 98.6115,  
107.0702

 52.6928, 37.6777,  
25.7490

 95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

 48.3911, 31.4129,  
17.1054

■ 45.2193, 26.8241,  
10.6383

■ 43.0712, 23.7502,  
6.1540

■ 41.8203, 21.9986,  
3.4244

■ 41.2926, 21.2810,  
2.2070

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



73.5177, 67.8607, 79.2790



73.2596, 67.8607, 66.3640



70.5874, 67.8607, 56.6660

# Triad

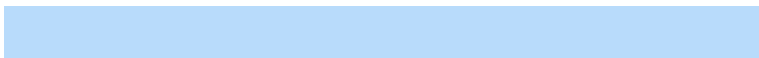
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



73.2596, 67.8607, 66.3640



58.1662, 67.8607, 58.2329



62.6789, 67.8607, 101.4547

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



73.2596, 67.8607, 66.3640



77.8492, 91.1696, 106.4269

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.7722, 67.8607, 94.2892



73.2596, 67.8607, 66.3640



56.2508, 67.8607, 68.7486

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



73.2596, 67.8607, 66.3640



61.8156, 67.8607, 52.3689



56.4672, 67.8607, 81.9619



67.2601, 67.8607, 100.6191



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



73.2596, 67.8607, 66.3640



67.8648, 67.8607, 52.8562



56.4672, 67.8607, 81.9619



61.2474, 67.8607, 99.8701

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



73.2613, 67.8637, 66.3654



88.0811, 89.7114, 95.3269



79.4439, 70.2249, 103.9754



18.6978, 18.9730, 20.1014



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

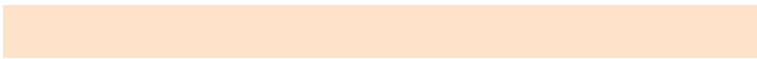
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



73.2613, 67.8637, 66.3654



69.6237, 62.5101, 59.2293



79.0579, 79.8376, 67.1244



18.0371, 17.9981, 18.8125



21.5882, 11.1246, 1.2162



2.1113, 1.0869, 0.1674



# Inverse Universe

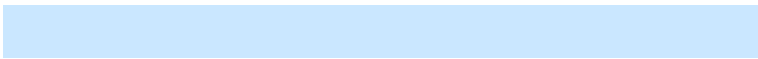
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



73.2613, 67.8637, 66.3654



69.6237, 62.5101, 59.2293



71.0275, 77.0148, 105.7295



18.0371, 17.9981, 18.8125



21.5882, 11.1246, 1.2162



2.1113, 1.0869, 0.1674



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 73.2596, 67.8607, 66.3640 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

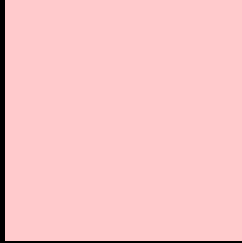
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 73.2596, 67.8607, 66.3640 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

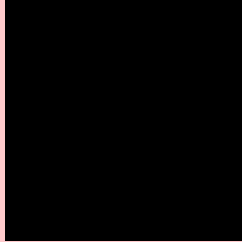
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 73.2596, 67.8607, 66.3640**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 73.2596, 67.8607, 66.3640.



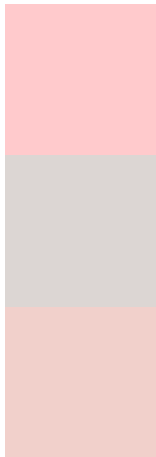
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 73.2596, 67.8607,

66.3640.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

73.2596, 67.8607, 66.3640

### Protanopia

65.3196, 68.0119, 71.3129

### Deuteranopia

69.6110, 68.1243, 65.9803



## Tritanopia

74.5213, 67.9912, 74.1617

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

73.2596, 67.8607, 66.3640

## Protanomaly

68.0360, 67.9709, 69.2083

## Deuteranomaly

70.8568, 68.0472, 65.8998

## Tritanomaly

74.0103, 67.7868, 71.4707

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

73.2596, 67.8607, 66.3640

## Achromatopsia

66.6397, 70.1102, 76.3500

## Achromatomaly

68.5087, 68.8800, 72.6352

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 73.2596, 67.8607, 66.3640 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 202, 204)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 202, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 202, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 202, 204) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 73.2596, 67.8607, 66.3640 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 202, 204) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 202, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 202, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 202, 204); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 202, 204);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 202,  
204) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 73.2596, 67.8607, 66.3640 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 202, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
202, 204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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