

# Converting Colors

XYZ(83.4593, 83.2988, 90.3815)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(83.4593, 83.2988, 90.3815)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(83.4371, 83.2872,  
90.2757)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FCE6EB
RGB	252, 230, 235
RGB Percent	99%, 90%, 92%
CMY	0.0118, 0.0980, 0.0784
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.07, 0.01
HSL	346°, 79%, 95%
HSV	346°, 9%, 99%
XYZ	83.4371, 83.2872, 90.2757
YIQ	237.1480, 11.5070, 6.2190

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

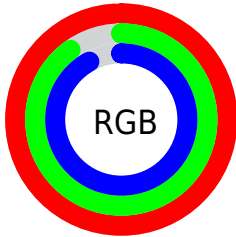
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	252, 230, 235
Decimal	16574187
CIE Lab	93.14, 8.32, 0.28
CIE LCh	93, 8.325, 1.955
Yxy	83.2872, 0.3247, 0.3241
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294764267 (0xFFFC6EB)
YUV	237.1480, -1.0590, 13.0252
Hunter-Lab	91.2618, 3.4874, 5.2339

# Details

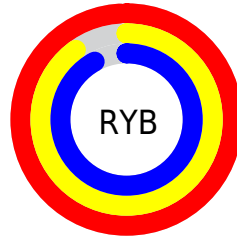
The XYZ color **83.4371, 83.2872, 90.2757** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **84.2352, 93.1614, 101.5425**, and the grayscale version is **80.6139, 84.8121, 92.3604**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **45.7784, 45.1289, 48.9458** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **74.2636, 69.1988, 74.0869**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **93.8715, 99.4021, 108.4069**.

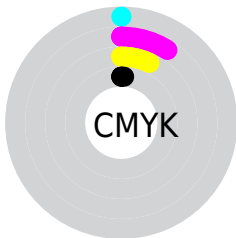
# Distribution



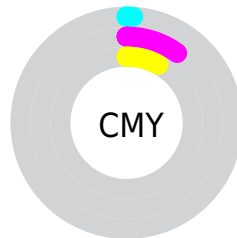
- Red (99%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (92%)



- Red (99%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (92%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (1%)




- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (8%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 83.4371, 83.2872, 90.2757 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 83.4371, 83.2872, 90.2757 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 83.4371, 83.2872,  
90.2757

 83.4371, 83.2872,  
90.2757


495.0040,  
505.9432, 549.5205

 62.8689, 62.4271,  
67.6343


137.1128,  
137.9776, 149.6602

 45.9934, 45.3779,  
49.1355


170.9511,  
172.5768, 187.2403

 32.4452, 31.7552,  
34.3606


209.9435,  
212.5244, 230.6372

 21.8590, 21.1746,  
22.8912

254.4553,  
258.2048, 280.2692

 13.8694, 13.2517,  
14.3086

304.8519,  
310.0025, 336.5551

 8.1109, 7.6021,  
8.1944

361.4986,

 4.2184, 3.8414,

368.3019, 399.9132

4.1301

424.7609,  
433.4873, 470.7622

■ 1.8264, 1.5852,  
1.6970

■ 0.5335, 0.3476,  
0.3586

■ 83.4371, 83.2872,  
90.2757

■ 83.4371, 83.2872,  
90.2757

■ 74.2636, 69.1988,  
74.0869

■ 93.8715, 99.4021,  
108.4069

■ 66.3565, 57.1669,  
59.7905

■ 93.9554, 99.4357,  
108.8488

■ 59.6612, 47.0983,  
47.3180

■ 54.1167, 38.8879,  
36.5949

■ 49.6561, 32.4213,  
27.5411

■ 46.2058, 27.5710,  
20.0703

■ 43.6824, 24.1919,  
14.0880

■ 41.9885, 22.1128,  
9.4885

■ 40.9882, 21.0885,  
6.1454

# Harmonies

## Analogous

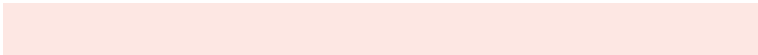
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



82.9295, 83.2872, 96.4634



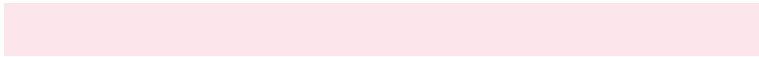
83.4371, 83.2872, 90.2757



82.7818, 83.2872, 84.4633

# Triad

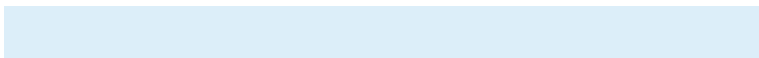
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



83.4371, 83.2872, 90.2757



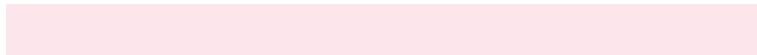
76.9584, 83.2872, 80.8515



77.2023, 83.2872, 101.7290

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83.4371, 83.2872, 90.2757



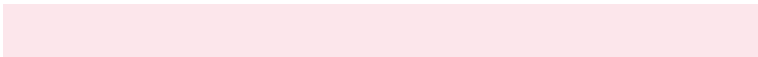
84.2352, 93.1614, 101.5425

# Split Complementary

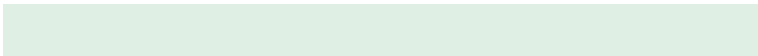
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



75.6493, 83.2872, 97.2062



83.4371, 83.2872, 90.2757



75.5103, 83.2872, 85.1432

# Square

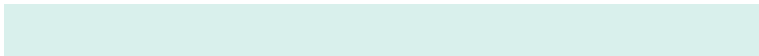
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



83.4371, 83.2872, 90.2757



79.0187, 83.2872, 79.1801



75.0355, 83.2872, 91.0967



79.3054, 83.2872, 103.2549

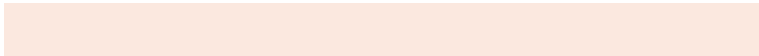


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83.4371, 83.2872, 90.2757



81.7805, 83.2872, 81.5330



75.0355, 83.2872, 91.0967



76.6000, 83.2872, 100.4988

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83.4395, 83.2908, 90.2775



91.7204, 94.8408, 103.1660



84.1810, 83.3756, 103.7529



19.4460, 20.0121, 21.7605



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

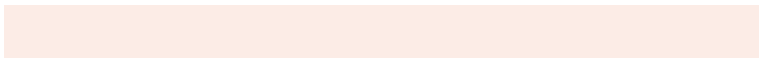
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83.4395, 83.2908, 90.2775



84.4355, 83.5908, 90.5028



84.3875, 86.3260, 87.0821



17.4061, 17.2898, 18.7280



21.3454, 10.9539, 3.2612



2.0154, 1.0299, 0.5045



# Inverse Universe

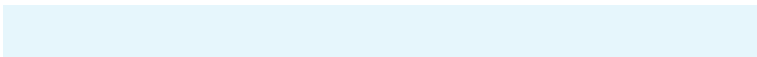
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83.4395, 83.2908, 90.2775



84.4355, 83.5908, 90.5028



83.2030, 89.8466, 105.0534



17.4061, 17.2898, 18.7280



21.3454, 10.9539, 3.2612

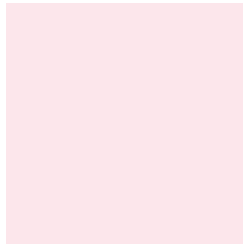


2.0154, 1.0299, 0.5045



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 83.4371, 83.2872, 90.2757 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

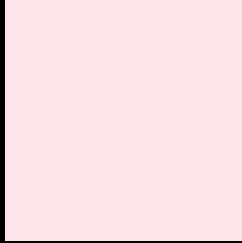
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 83.4371, 83.2872, 90.2757 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

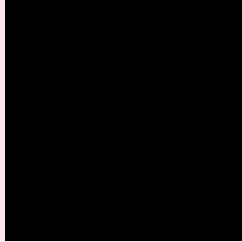
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 83.4371, 83.2872, 90.2757**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 83.4371, 83.2872, 90.2757.



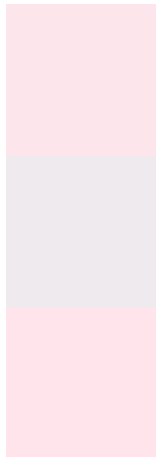
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 83.4371, 83.2872,

90.2757.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

83.4371, 83.2872, 90.2757

### Protanopia

80.3055, 83.3108, 91.9688

### Deuteranopia

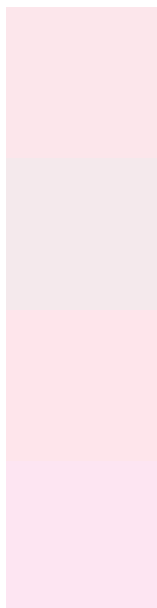
84.2547, 83.2968, 90.2344



## Tritanopia

85.2510, 83.2115, 98.7570

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

83.4371, 83.2872, 90.2757

## Protanomaly

81.5875, 83.5671, 91.1868

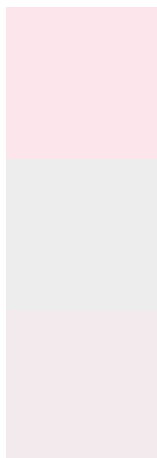
## Deuteranomaly

83.8878, 83.1076, 90.2173

## Tritanomaly

84.5543, 83.3321, 95.6326

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

83.4371, 83.2872, 90.2757

## Achromatopsia

80.4953, 84.6873, 92.2245

## Achromatomaly

81.1811, 83.7790, 91.2491

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 83.4371, 83.2872, 90.2757 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(252, 230, 235)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(252, 230, 235)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(252, 230, 235) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(252, 230, 235) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 83.4371, 83.2872, 90.2757 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(252, 230, 235) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(252, 230, 235) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(252, 230, 235)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(252, 230, 235); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 230, 235);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 230,  
235) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 83.4371, 83.2872, 90.2757 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(252, 230, 235) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(252,  
230, 235) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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