

Converting Colors

XYZ(83.5286, 94.4345, 91.4632)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(83.5286, 94.4345, 91.4632)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(83.5663, 94.4494,
91.6681)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E7FFEA
RGB	231, 255, 234
RGB Percent	91%, 100%, 92%
CMY	0.0941, 0.0000, 0.0823
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.08, 0.00
HSL	128°, 100%, 95%
HSV	128°, 9%, 100%
XYZ	83.5663, 94.4494, 91.6681
YIQ	245.4300, -7.5630, -11.6190

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

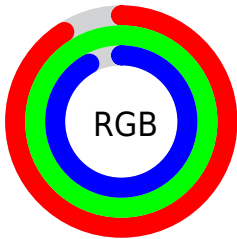
Format	Color
R _Y B	231, 252, 255
Decimal	15204330
CIE Lab	97.81, -11.57, 7.38
CIE LCh	98, 13.726, 147.479
Yxy	94.4494, 0.3099, 0.3502
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293394410 (0xFFE7FFE7)
YUV	245.4300, -5.6350, -12.6551
Hunter-Lab	97.1851, -16.5875, 12.1053

Details

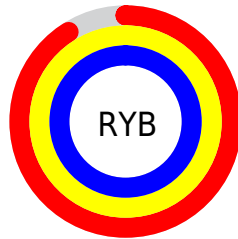
The XYZ color **83.5663, 94.4494, 91.6681** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **87.3870, 85.4410, 103.9812**, and the grayscale version is **87.1852, 91.7256, 99.8892**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **45.9092, 52.7165, 49.8751** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **72.9201, 89.3084, 75.4775**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**.

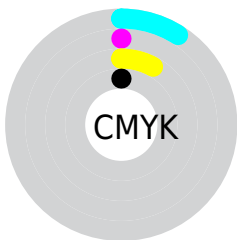
Distribution



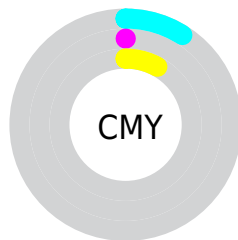
- Red (91%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (92%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (99%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 83.5663, 94.4494, 91.6681 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 83.5663, 94.4494, 91.6681 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 83.5663, 94.4494,
91.6681

 83.5663, 94.4494,
91.6681


495.4273,
542.4008, 554.1518

 62.9759, 71.6768,
68.7835


137.2927,
153.5037, 151.6090

 46.0803, 52.8947,
50.0648


171.1595,
190.5542, 189.5024

 32.5141, 37.7187,
35.0933


210.1825,
233.1328, 233.2358

 21.9119, 25.7644,
23.4506

254.7270,
281.6238, 283.2277

 13.9084, 16.6475,
14.7182

305.1583,
336.4118, 339.8968

 8.1383, 9.9835,
8.4774

361.8419,

 4.2361, 5.3880,

397.8810, 403.6614

4.3098

425.1432,
466.4159, 474.9403

■ 1.8366, 2.4767,
1.7968

■ 0.5395, 0.8649,
0.4258

■ 83.5663, 94.4494,
91.6681

■ 83.5663, 94.4494,
91.6681

■ 72.9201, 89.3084,
75.4775

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 63.8092, 84.9141,
61.3865

■ 56.1633, 81.2318,
49.3104

■ 49.9054, 78.2240,
39.1572

■ 44.9516, 75.8494,
30.8275

■ 41.2086, 74.0624,
24.2132

■ 38.5708, 72.8109,
19.1946

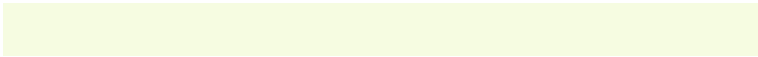
■ 36.9138, 72.0337,
15.6367

■ 36.0560, 71.6406,
13.3808

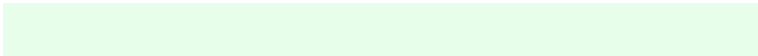
Harmonies

Analogous

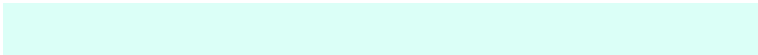
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



86.3391, 94.4494, 84.8569



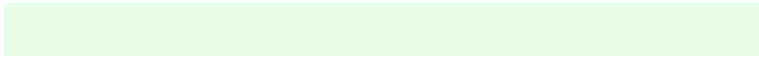
83.5663, 94.4494, 91.6681



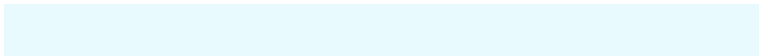
82.4517, 94.4494, 101.8929

Triad

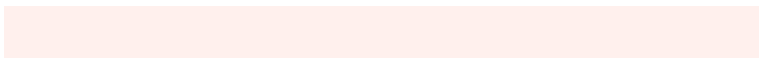
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



83.5663, 94.4494, 91.6681



89.4402, 94.4494, 125.9409



96.6239, 94.4494, 93.1996

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83.5663, 94.4494, 91.6681



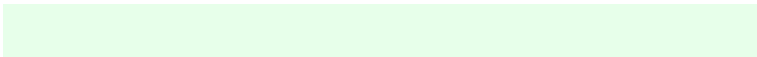
87.3870, 85.4410, 103.9812

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



97.5118, 94.4494, 103.7916



83.5663, 94.4494, 91.6681



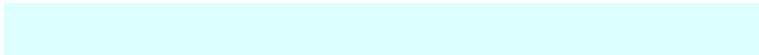
93.2933, 94.4494, 123.1981

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



83.5663, 94.4494, 91.6681



85.7808, 94.4494, 122.1303



96.2761, 94.4494, 114.8832



93.8837, 94.4494, 85.6949

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83.5663, 94.4494, 91.6681



82.7740, 94.4494, 109.4582



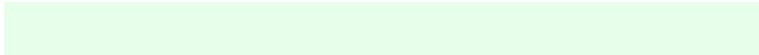
96.2761, 94.4494, 114.8832



97.1523, 94.4494, 96.4928

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83.5671, 94.4498, 91.6696



91.2322, 98.1542, 103.1936



90.4015, 98.0225, 89.7581



19.3144, 20.9061, 21.7685



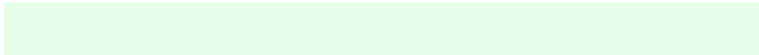
0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



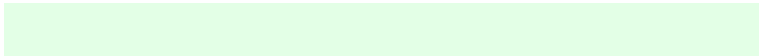
20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

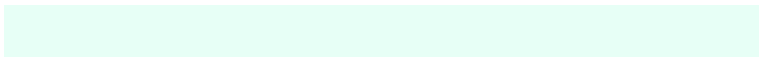
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83.5671, 94.4498, 91.6696



81.7700, 93.5816, 88.9530



85.3195, 95.1508, 100.8976



17.8639, 20.2051, 19.5865



18.8493, 37.4363, 7.0917



1.8630, 3.6561, 0.8364

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87.3870, 85.4410, 103.9812



86.1859, 83.1670, 103.1853



85.5745, 84.7160, 94.4363



18.6892, 18.2590, 22.2462



28.5553, 13.9114, 37.9044



2.8066, 1.3650, 3.8288

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 83.5663, 94.4494, 91.6681 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

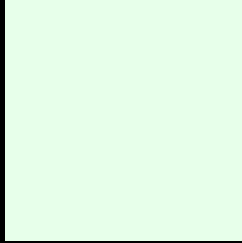
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 83.5663, 94.4494, 91.6681 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

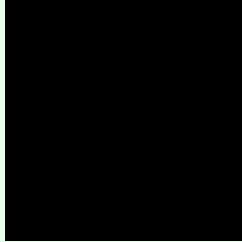
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

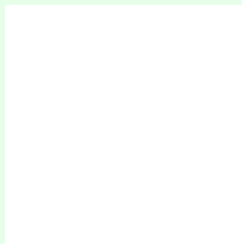
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 83.5663, 94.4494, 91.6681

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 83.5663, 94.4494, 91.6681.



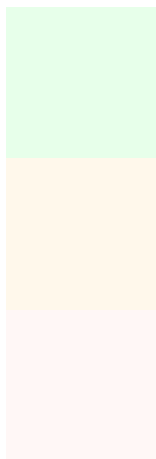
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 83.5663, 94.4494,

91.6681.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

83.5663, 94.4494, 91.6681

Protanopia

89.8028, 94.3930, 92.0838

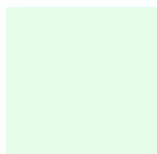
Deuteranopia

91.1353, 94.4353, 100.6133

Tritanopia

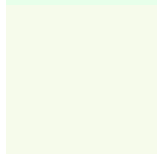
89.5819, 94.3838, 108.1042

Trichromacy



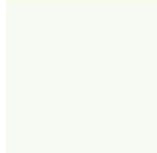
Original Color

83.5663, 94.4494, 91.6681



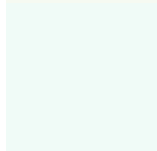
Protanomaly

87.4986, 94.5853, 92.2424



Deuteranomaly

88.2187, 94.3748, 97.5709



Tritanomaly

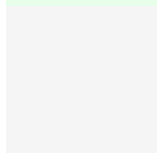
87.2209, 94.2350, 101.5878

Monochromacy



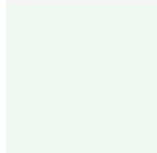
Original Color

83.5663, 94.4494, 91.6681



Achromatopsia

86.7900, 91.3099, 99.4364



Achromatomaly

85.6880, 92.6275, 96.5817

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 83.5663, 94.4494, 91.6681 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(231, 255, 234)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(231, 255, 234)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(231, 255, 234) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(231, 255, 234) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 83.5663, 94.4494, 91.6681 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(231, 255, 234) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(231, 255, 234) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(231, 255, 234)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(231, 255, 234); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(231, 255, 234);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(231, 255,  
234) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 83.5663, 94.4494, 91.6681 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(231, 255, 234) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(231,  
255, 234) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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