

# Converting Colors

XYZ(83.8228, 84.2524, 84.4813)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(83.8228, 84.2524, 84.4813)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(83.9617, 84.5193,  
84.5616)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFE8E3
RGB	255, 232, 227
RGB Percent	100%, 91%, 89%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0902, 0.1098
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.11, 0.00
HSL	11°, 100%, 95%
HSV	11°, 11%, 100%
XYZ	83.9617, 84.5193, 84.5616
YIQ	238.3070, 15.3130, 3.3210

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 233, 227
Decimal	16771299
CIE Lab	93.68, 7.01, 5.26
CIE LCh	94, 8.766, 36.861
Yxy	84.5193, 0.3318, 0.3340
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294961379 (0xFFFFE8E3)
YUV	238.3070, -5.5744, 14.6398
Hunter-Lab	91.9344, 2.1351, 9.8189

# Details

The XYZ color **83.9617, 84.5193, 84.5616** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **83.9132, 91.9195, 107.9273**, and the grayscale version is **81.5412, 85.7876, 93.4227**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **46.2604, 46.0350, 45.4772** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **75.1520, 72.1212, 65.5281**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **93.9992, 98.5380, 106.5782**.

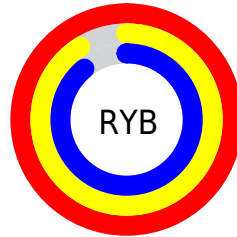
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (91%)

Blue (89%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (91%)

Blue (89%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (11%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)


Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 83.9617, 84.5193, 84.5616 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 83.9617, 84.5193, 84.5616 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 83.9617, 84.5193,  
84.5616

 83.9617, 84.5193,  
84.5616


496.7216,  
510.0361, 530.2830

 63.3034, 63.4443,  
62.9311


137.8431,  
139.7014, 141.6292

 46.3463, 46.2007,  
45.3449


171.7970,  
174.5772, 177.9035

 32.7249, 32.4042,  
31.3842


210.9134,  
214.8221, 219.8960

 22.0740, 21.6704,  
20.6307

255.5578,  
260.8204, 268.0255

 14.0282, 13.6150,  
12.6657

306.0954,  
312.9566, 322.7104

 8.2221, 7.8534,  
7.0707

362.8917,

 4.2904, 4.0013,

371.6150, 384.3693

3.4273

426.3120,  
437.1800, 453.4206

■ 1.8677, 1.6743,  
1.3167

■ 0.5580, 0.4069,  
0.0754

■ 83.9617, 84.5193,  
84.5616

■ 83.9617, 84.5193,  
84.5616

■ 75.1520, 72.1212,  
65.5281

■ 93.9992, 98.5380,  
106.5782

■ 67.5166, 61.2746,  
49.3438

■ 95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 61.0070, 51.9213,  
35.8728

■ 55.5691, 43.9954,  
24.9657

■ 51.1439, 37.4259,  
16.4588

■ 47.6667, 32.1357,  
10.1693

■ 45.0650, 28.0397,  
5.8879

■ 43.2547, 25.0419,  
3.3645

■ 42.2007, 23.1814,  
2.2502

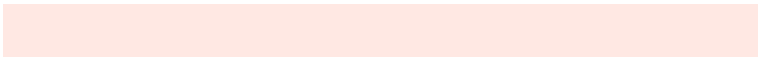
# Harmonies

## Analogous

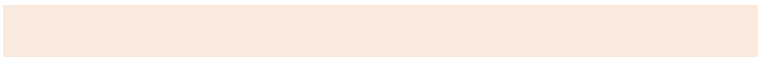
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



84.8519, 84.5193, 90.5068



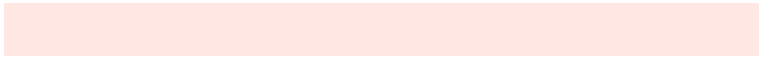
83.9617, 84.5193, 84.5616



82.1019, 84.5193, 80.7534

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



83.9617, 84.5193, 84.5616



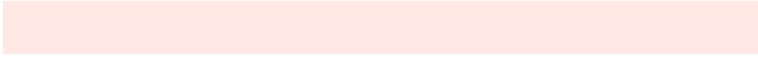
76.2936, 84.5193, 87.0891



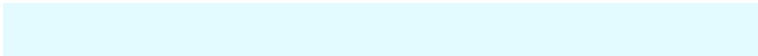
80.8680, 84.5193, 105.3271

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



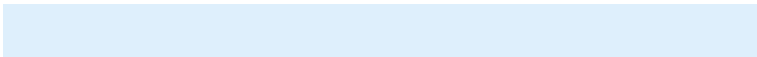
83.9617, 84.5193, 84.5616



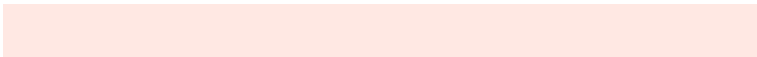
83.9132, 91.9195, 107.9273

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



78.5898, 84.5193, 104.3042



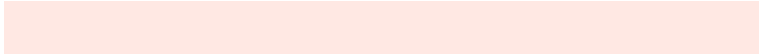
83.9617, 84.5193, 84.5616



75.9776, 84.5193, 93.5644

# Square

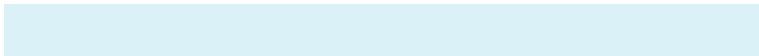
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



83.9617, 84.5193, 84.5616



77.6822, 84.5193, 82.1627



76.8105, 84.5193, 99.9197

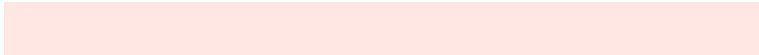


83.0436, 84.5193, 102.6511

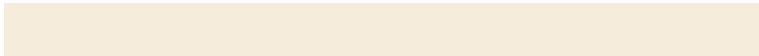


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



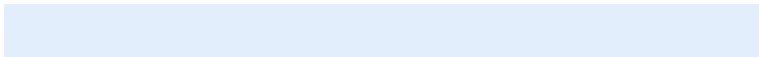
83.9617, 84.5193, 84.5616



80.5780, 84.5193, 79.8309



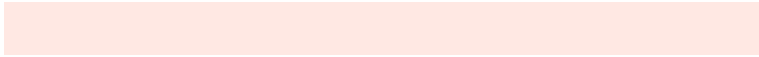
76.8105, 84.5193, 99.9197



80.0886, 84.5193, 105.4064

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83.9637, 84.5229, 84.5634



91.8710, 95.5738, 101.8846



86.0172, 83.1221, 102.2276



19.4864, 20.2089, 21.4162



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

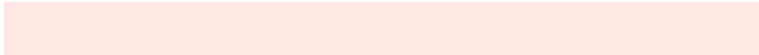


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

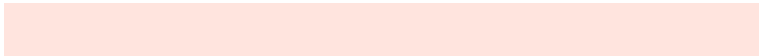


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83.9637, 84.5229, 84.5634



82.0864, 81.8892, 80.4817



87.9600, 92.5154, 85.8955



18.2719, 18.5119, 18.7545



22.1261, 12.2635, 1.2009

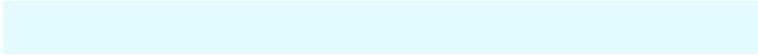


2.2224, 1.3301, 0.1396

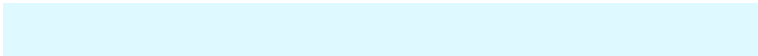


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83.9132, 91.9195, 107.9273



82.0270, 90.5234, 107.7572



79.8209, 83.7348, 106.5632



18.2625, 19.8965, 23.1278



21.4994, 27.9085, 53.6883

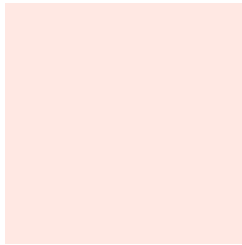


2.1622, 2.8551, 5.2504



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 83.9617, 84.5193, 84.5616 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

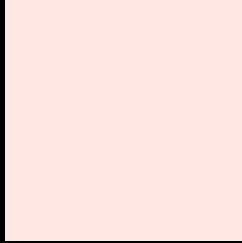
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 83.9617, 84.5193, 84.5616 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

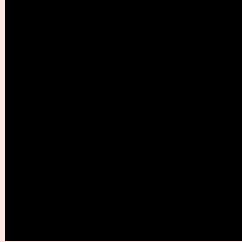
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

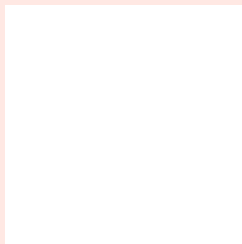
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 83.9617, 84.5193, 84.5616

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 83.9617, 84.5193, 84.5616.



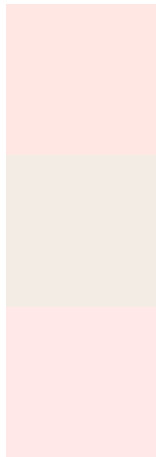
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 83.9617, 84.5193,

84.5616.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

83.9617, 84.5193, 84.5616

### Protanopia

81.1005, 84.7027, 86.2036

### Deuteranopia

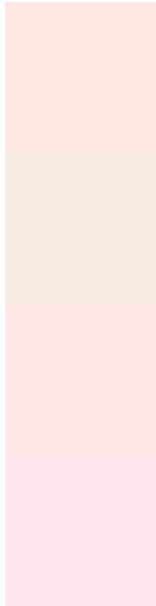
84.5204, 84.7427, 87.5036



## Tritanopia

86.1714, 84.5074, 98.9586

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

83.9617, 84.5193, 84.5616

## Protanomaly

82.0697, 84.7923, 85.4398

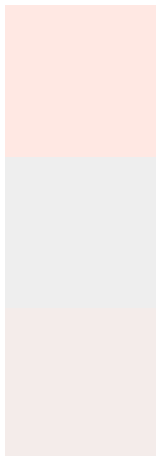
## Deuteranomaly

84.3795, 84.6864, 86.7617

## Tritanomaly

85.3959, 84.6438, 93.4984

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

83.9617, 84.5193, 84.5616

## Achromatopsia

81.2670, 85.4993, 93.1087

## Achromatomaly

82.1550, 85.1645, 89.9503

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 83.9617, 84.5193, 84.5616 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(255, 232, 227) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 232, 227)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 232, 227) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 232, 227) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 83.9617, 84.5193, 84.5616 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 232, 227) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 232, 227) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 232, 227)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 232, 227); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 232, 227);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 232,  
227) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 83.9617, 84.5193, 84.5616 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 232, 227) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
232, 227) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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