

# Converting Colors

XYZ(84.0277, 89.8032, 82.7171)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(84.0277, 89.8032, 82.7171)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(84.0277, 89.8032, 82.7171)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(84.0277, 89.8032,  
82.7171)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F7F4DF
RGB	247, 244, 223
RGB Percent	97%, 96%, 87%
CMY	0.0314, 0.0431, 0.1255
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.10, 0.03
HSL	53°, 60%, 92%
HSV	53°, 10%, 97%
XYZ	84.0277, 89.8032, 82.7171
YIQ	242.5030, 8.5290, -5.8950

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

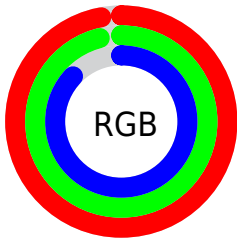
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	226, 247, 223
Decimal	16250079
CIE Lab	95.92, -2.51, 10.47
CIE LCh	96, 10.764, 103.507
Yxy	89.8032, 0.3275, 0.3500
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294440159 (0xFFFF7F4DF)
YUV	242.5030, -9.6150, 3.9439
Hunter-Lab	94.7646, -7.5621, 14.5827

# Details

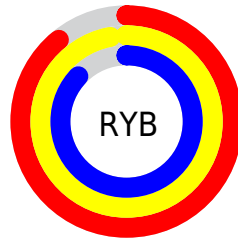
The XYZ color **84.0277, 89.8032, 82.7171** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **74.4162, 76.7948, 98.8972**, and the grayscale version is **84.8678, 89.2876, 97.2342**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **46.5370, 49.8700, 44.2189** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80.0187, 86.7308, 66.1321**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88.5430, 93.1088, 101.8698**.

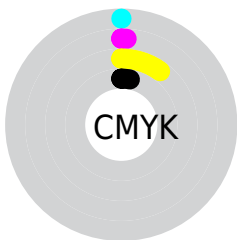
# Distribution



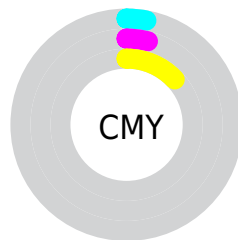
- Red (97%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (97%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (13%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 84.0277, 89.8032, 82.7171 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 84.0277, 89.8032, 82.7171 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 84.0277, 89.8032,  
82.7171

 84.0277, 89.8032,  
82.7171


496.9375,  
527.3905, 523.9895

 63.3581, 67.8174,  
61.4175


137.9350,  
147.0650, 139.0249

 46.3907, 49.7492,  
44.1295


171.9034,  
183.1098, 174.8701

 32.7602, 35.2142,  
30.4344


211.0354,  
224.6098, 216.4011

 22.1011, 23.8279,  
19.9137

255.6964,  
271.9493, 264.0362

 14.0482, 15.2060,  
12.1489

306.2518,  
325.5127, 318.1941

 8.2362, 8.9641,  
6.7214

363.0668,

 4.2995, 4.7178,

385.6844, 379.2932

3.2127

426.5070,  
452.8489, 447.7522

■ 1.8729, 2.0826,  
1.2042

■ 0.5610, 0.6548,  
0.0000

■ 84.0277, 89.8032,  
82.7171

■ 84.0277, 89.8032,  
82.7171

■ 80.0187, 86.7308,  
66.1321

■ 88.5430, 93.1088,  
101.8698

■ 76.4876, 83.8714,  
51.9986

■ 90.6469, 95.4719,  
108.2580

■ 73.4143, 81.2196,  
40.2002

■ 91.6135, 97.4050,  
108.5802

■ 70.7745, 78.7657,  
30.6087

■ 92.1681, 98.5143,  
108.7651

■ 68.5413, 76.4988,  
23.0837

■ 66.6849, 74.4068,  
17.4683

■ 65.1713, 72.4760,  
13.5835

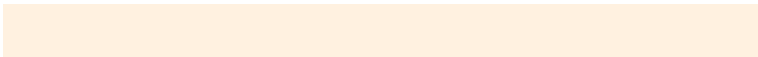
■ 63.9599, 70.6901,  
11.2161

■ 62.9854, 69.0228,  
10.0232

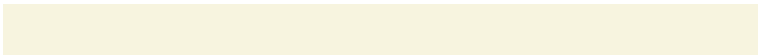
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



86.9876, 89.8032, 82.9147



84.0277, 89.8032, 82.7171



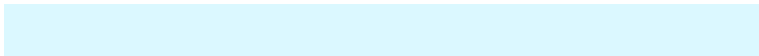
81.4819, 89.8032, 86.3860

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



84.0277, 89.8032, 82.7171



81.2779, 89.8032, 109.4838



90.9518, 89.8032, 102.4999

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



84.0277, 89.8032, 82.7171



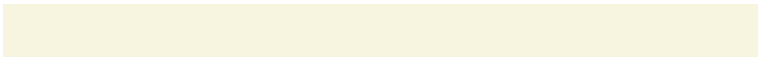
74.4162, 76.7948, 98.8972

# Split Complementary

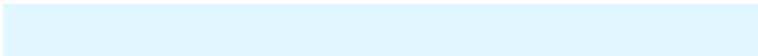
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



89.3495, 89.8032, 110.1352



84.0277, 89.8032, 82.7171



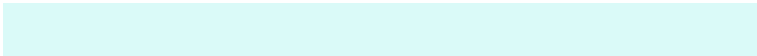
83.7434, 89.8032, 114.3246

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



84.0277, 89.8032, 82.7171



79.9193, 89.8032, 101.6523



86.6967, 89.8032, 114.5697



91.0322, 89.8032, 94.0081

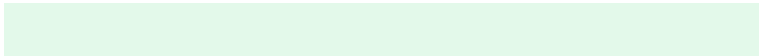


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



84.0277, 89.8032, 82.7171



80.3431, 89.8032, 90.6611



86.6967, 89.8032, 114.5697



90.5716, 89.8032, 105.2630

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84.0302, 89.8071, 82.7190



93.5388, 98.9094, 102.4405



78.5015, 78.0528, 83.0250



19.9365, 21.1091, 21.5663



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84.0302, 89.8071, 82.7190



89.3027, 95.7712, 84.5847



81.9081, 90.0620, 82.8801



17.7279, 18.9399, 17.5190



33.3690, 36.6236, 5.3103



2.9813, 3.3158, 0.4829



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74.4162, 76.7948, 98.8972



76.7182, 78.7385, 105.7623



76.3912, 76.6144, 98.7583



15.7478, 16.2598, 20.8510



9.1899, 4.1736, 46.8592

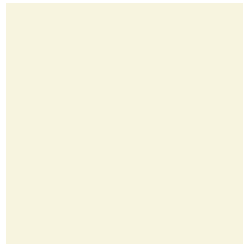


0.8598, 0.4710, 4.1358



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 84.0277, 89.8032, 82.7171 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 84.0277, 89.8032, 82.7171 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

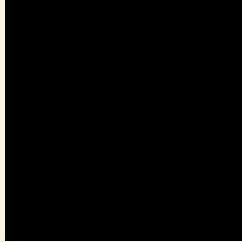
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

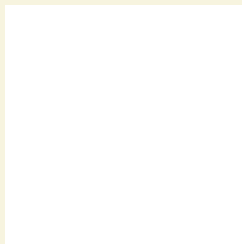
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 84.0277, 89.8032, 82.7171**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 84.0277, 89.8032, 82.7171.



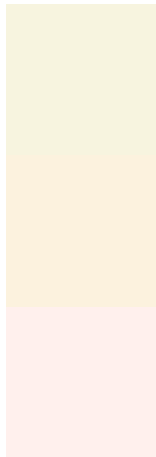
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 84.0277, 89.8032,

82.771.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

84.0277, 89.8032, 82.7171

### Protanopia

85.0818, 89.4736, 81.8931

### Deuteranopia

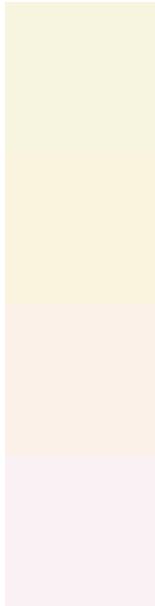
87.6862, 89.6946, 92.8120



## Tritanopia

88.6344, 89.8642, 107.2817

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

84.0277, 89.8032, 82.7171

## Protanomaly

84.6597, 89.6991, 81.9589

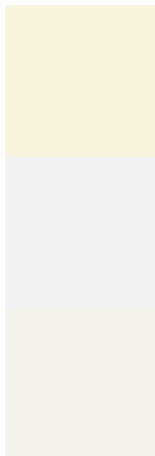
## Deuteranomaly

86.1657, 89.4322, 89.0647

## Tritanomaly

86.6999, 89.5214, 97.5038

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

84.0277, 89.8032, 82.7171

## Achromatopsia

85.1904, 89.6269, 97.6037

## Achromatomaly

84.4991, 89.3904, 92.1574

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 84.0277, 89.8032, 82.7171 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(247, 244, 223) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(247, 244, 223)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 244, 223) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(247, 244, 223) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 84.0277, 89.8032, 82.7171 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(247, 244, 223) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(247, 244, 223) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(247, 244, 223)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(247, 244, 223); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 244, 223);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 244,  
223) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 84.0277, 89.8032, 82.7171 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(247, 244, 223) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(247,  
244, 223) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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