

# Converting Colors

XYZ(84.0473, 82.1359, 92.4653)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(84.0473, 82.1359, 92.4653)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(84.1417, 82.3712,  
92.3534)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	FFE3EE
RGB	255, 227, 238
RGB Percent	100%, 89%, 93%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1098, 0.0667
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.07, 0.00
HSL	336°, 100%, 95%
HSV	336°, 11%, 100%
XYZ	84.1417, 82.3712, 92.3534
YIQ	236.6260, 13.1570, 9.3570

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

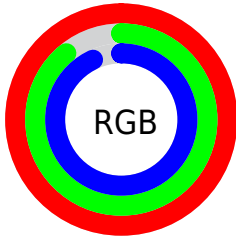
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 227, 238
Decimal	16770030
CIE Lab	92.74, 11.40, -1.84
CIE LCh	93, 11.543, 350.833
Yxy	82.3712, 0.3250, 0.3182
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294960110 (0xFFFFE3EE)
YUV	236.6260, 0.6774, 16.1140
Hunter-Lab	90.7586, 6.6587, 3.1992

# Details

The XYZ color **84.1417, 82.3712, 92.3534** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **83.7702, 94.3838, 99.3942**, and the grayscale version is **80.1983, 84.3749, 91.8842**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **46.4847, 44.8882, 50.4703** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **75.4991, 68.5713, 78.7278**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94.0166, 98.3219, 107.3574**.

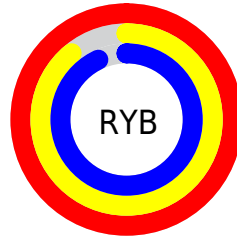
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (89%)

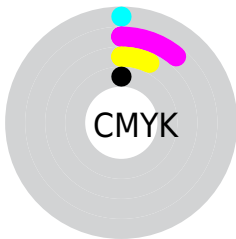
Blue (93%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (89%)

Blue (93%)

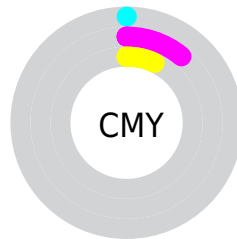


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (7%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)


Yellow (7%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 84.1417, 82.3712, 92.3534 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 84.1417, 82.3712, 92.3534 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 84.1417, 82.3712,  
92.3534

 84.1417, 82.3712,  
92.3534


497.3102,  
502.8885, 556.4234

 63.4525, 61.6716,  
69.3495


138.0936,  
136.6944, 152.5670

 46.4674, 44.7674,  
50.5229


172.0871,  
171.0868, 190.6139

 32.8210, 31.2742,  
35.4550


211.2460,  
210.8122, 234.5122

 22.1479, 20.8078,  
23.7272

255.9358,  
256.2550, 284.6804

 14.0829, 12.9835,  
14.9210

306.5217,  
307.7997, 341.5370

 8.2604, 7.4172,  
8.6180

363.3692,

 4.3152, 3.7244,

365.8305, 405.5008

4.3995

426.8436,  
430.7320, 476.9900

■ 1.8820, 1.5206,  
1.8469

■ 0.5663, 0.3032,  
0.4587

■ 84.1417, 82.3712,  
92.3534

■ 84.1417, 82.3712,  
92.3534

■ 75.4991, 68.5713,  
78.7278

■ 94.0166, 98.3219,  
107.3574

■ 68.0331, 56.8196,  
66.4345

■ 95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 61.6918, 47.0203,  
55.4321

■ 56.4173, 39.0659,  
45.6752

■ 52.1461, 32.8383,  
37.1150

■ 48.8075, 28.2057,  
29.6992

■ 46.3211, 25.0169,  
23.3706

■ 44.5911, 23.0909,  
18.0650

■ 43.5480, 22.1832,  
14.0837

# Harmonies

## Analogous

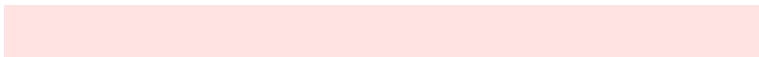
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



82.8621, 82.3712, 100.5630



84.1417, 82.3712, 92.3534



83.8228, 82.3712, 83.9248

# Triad

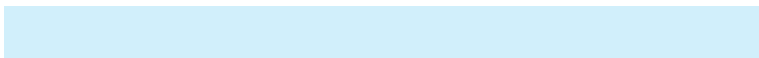
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



84.1417, 82.3712, 92.3534



76.2522, 82.3712, 75.0794



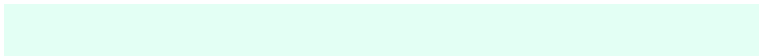
74.6946, 82.3712, 103.1545

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



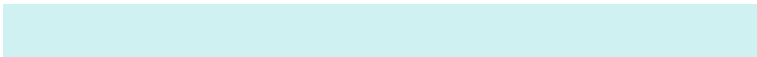
84.1417, 82.3712, 92.3534



83.7702, 94.3838, 99.3942

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



73.0087, 82.3712, 95.7096



84.1417, 82.3712, 92.3534



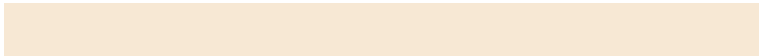
73.8919, 82.3712, 79.6271

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



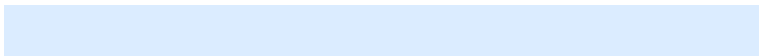
84.1417, 82.3712, 92.3534



79.2165, 82.3712, 74.3080



72.7187, 82.3712, 87.0748



77.3734, 82.3712, 107.0565



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



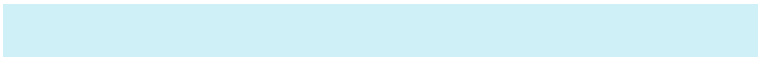
84.1417, 82.3712, 92.3534



82.7499, 82.3712, 79.2869



72.7187, 82.3712, 87.0748



73.9959, 82.3712, 100.9617

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84.1436, 82.3746, 92.3551



91.9189, 94.9202, 104.2112



82.7604, 81.3592, 105.9497



19.4995, 20.0335, 22.0419



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

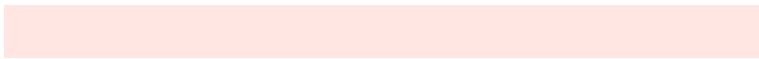
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84.1436, 82.3746, 92.3551



82.2982, 79.4136, 89.4902



83.3486, 83.2917, 84.3613



18.3048, 18.1052, 20.2223



22.8229, 11.6184, 7.7178



2.2740, 1.1520, 1.0245



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84.1436, 82.3746, 92.3551



82.2982, 79.4136, 89.4902



84.6039, 93.2987, 108.1571



18.3048, 18.1052, 20.2223



22.8229, 11.6184, 7.7178

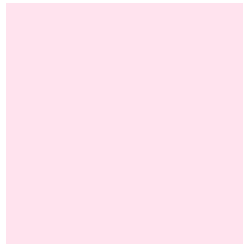


2.2740, 1.1520, 1.0245



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 84.1417, 82.3712, 92.3534 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

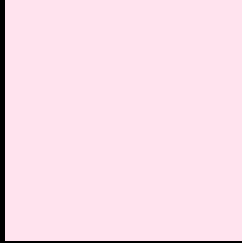
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 84.1417, 82.3712, 92.3534 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

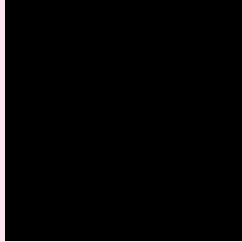
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 84.1417, 82.3712, 92.3534

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 84.1417, 82.3712, 92.3534.



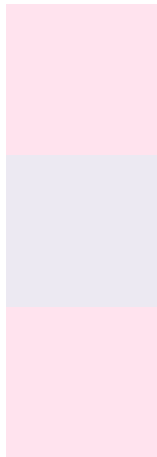
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 84.1417, 82.3712,

92.3534.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

84.1417, 82.3712, 92.3534

### Protanopia

79.7580, 82.5215, 95.7289

### Deuteranopia

84.1417, 82.3712, 92.3534



## Tritanopia

84.6140, 82.1238, 96.1859

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

84.1417, 82.3712, 92.3534

## Protanomaly

81.4152, 82.5574, 94.8632

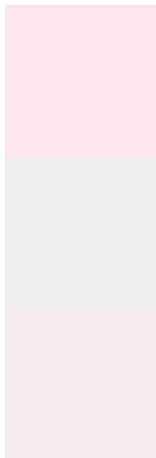
## Deuteranomaly

84.1417, 82.3712, 92.3534

## Tritanomaly

84.3135, 82.0036, 94.6036

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

84.1417, 82.3712, 92.3534

## Achromatopsia

80.4953, 84.6873, 92.2245

## Achromatomaly

81.7332, 83.6253, 91.9543

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 84.1417, 82.3712, 92.3534 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(255, 227, 238) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 227, 238)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 227, 238) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 227, 238) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 84.1417, 82.3712, 92.3534 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 227, 238) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 227, 238) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 227, 238)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 227, 238); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 227, 238);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 227,  
238) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 84.1417, 82.3712, 92.3534 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 227, 238) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
227, 238) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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