

# Converting Colors

XYZ(84.0906, 94.4936,  
101.9077)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(84.0906, 94.4936, 101.9077)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(84.2271, 94.5663,  
101.8096)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E3FFF7
RGB	227, 255, 247
RGB Percent	89%, 100%, 97%
CMY	0.1098, 0.0000, 0.0314
CMYK	0.11, 0.00, 0.03, 0.00
HSL	163°, 100%, 95%
HSV	163°, 11%, 100%
XYZ	84.2271, 94.5663, 101.8096
YIQ	245.7160, -14.1200, -8.4240

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

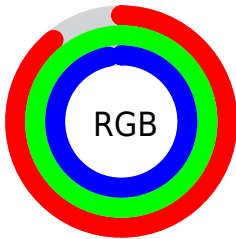
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	227, 243, 255
Decimal	14942199
CIE Lab	97.86, -10.52, 0.74
CIE LCh	98, 10.543, 175.986
Yxy	94.5663, 0.3002, 0.3370
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293132279 (0xFFE3FFF7)
YUV	245.7160, 0.6330, -16.4139
Hunter-Lab	97.2452, -15.5747, 5.9988

# Details

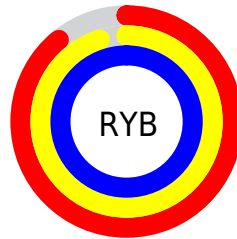
The XYZ color **84.2271, 94.5663, 101.8096** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **83.7051, 82.1975, 90.0515**, and the grayscale version is **87.3708, 91.9209, 100.1019**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **46.3926, 52.8077, 57.0380** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **75.6688, 90.2817, 95.6560**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94.0223, 99.4835, 108.2533**.

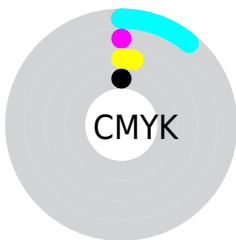
# Distribution



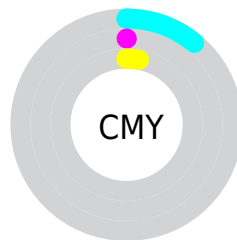
- Red (89%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (97%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 84.2271, 94.5663, 101.8096 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 84.2271, 94.5663, 101.8096 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



84.2271, 94.5663,  
101.8096

84.2271, 94.5663,  
101.8096

497.5894,  
542.7756, 587.2751

63.5233, 71.7741,  
77.1874

138.2124,  
153.6653, 165.7153

46.5249, 52.9741,  
56.8942

172.2247,  
190.7408, 205.8358

32.8666, 37.7821,  
40.5115

211.4037,  
233.3463, 251.9596

22.1830, 25.8136,  
27.6208

256.1150,  
281.8660, 304.5051

14.1088, 16.6843,  
17.8034

306.7239,  
336.6844, 363.8908

8.2786, 10.0096,  
10.6410

363.5956,

4.3270, 5.4053,

398.1859, 430.5354

5.7148

427.0957,  
466.7548, 504.8573

■ 1.8888, 2.4870,  
2.6065

■ 0.5703, 0.8701,  
0.8958

■ 84.2271, 94.5663,  
101.8096

■ 84.2271, 94.5663,  
101.8096

■ 75.6688, 90.2817,  
95.6560

■ 94.0223, 99.4835,  
108.2533

■ 68.2920, 86.6012,  
89.7829

■ 95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 62.0411, 83.4961,  
84.1866

■ 56.8548, 80.9349,  
78.8615

■ 52.6658, 78.8831,  
73.8018

■ 49.3988, 77.3018,  
69.0011

■ 46.9677, 76.1466,  
64.4527

■ 45.2689, 75.3644,  
60.1487

■ 44.2194, 74.9038,  
56.4668

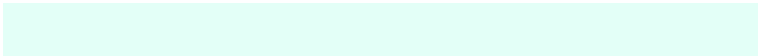
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



85.1661, 94.5663, 93.9626



84.2271, 94.5663, 101.8096



84.7754, 94.5663, 110.4075

# Triad

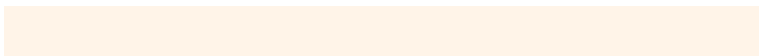
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



84.2271, 94.5663, 101.8096



92.4443, 94.5663, 118.6102



93.1619, 94.5663, 89.8189

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



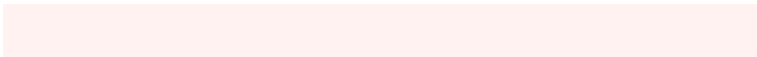
84.2271, 94.5663, 101.8096



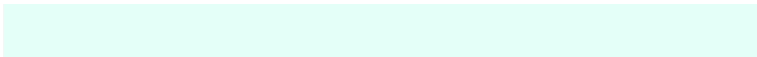
83.7051, 82.1975, 90.0515

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



95.1905, 94.5663, 95.8678



84.2271, 94.5663, 101.8096



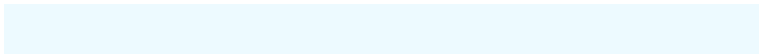
94.7698, 94.5663, 112.5283

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



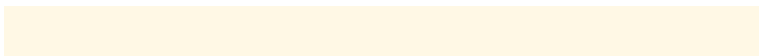
84.2271, 94.5663, 101.8096



89.4775, 94.5663, 120.4175



95.7854, 94.5663, 104.1324



90.2886, 94.5663, 87.2888



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



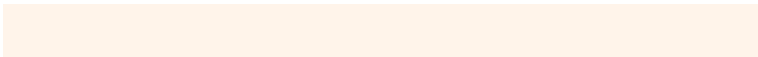
84.2271, 94.5663, 101.8096



85.9174, 94.5663, 115.3637



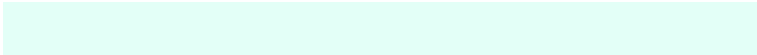
95.7854, 94.5663, 104.1324



93.9677, 94.5663, 91.4911

# Sweetspot

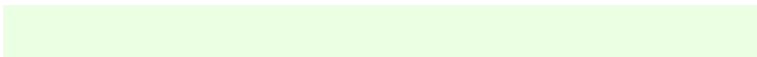
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84.2280, 94.5668, 101.8111



91.9414, 98.4379, 106.9283



84.0191, 94.7968, 86.5439



19.5056, 20.9825, 22.7752



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

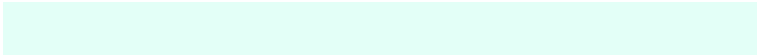


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

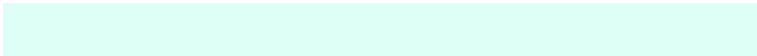


# Same Dimension

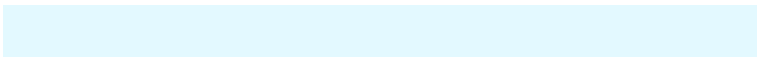
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84.2280, 94.5668, 101.8111



82.4008, 93.6509, 100.5445



83.7288, 91.5504, 107.8658



18.3206, 20.3878, 21.9913



23.1732, 39.1659, 29.8610



2.3034, 3.8323, 3.1556



# Inverse Universe

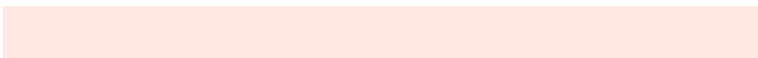
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83.7051, 82.1975, 90.0515



81.7905, 79.2105, 86.8168



84.1317, 84.8587, 84.6198



18.2227, 18.0724, 19.7899



22.2296, 11.3812, 4.5938



2.2090, 1.1260, 0.6823



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 84.2271, 94.5663, 101.8096 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

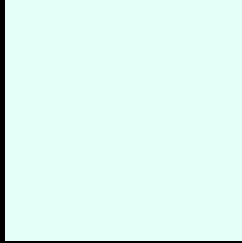
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 84.2271, 94.5663, 101.8096 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

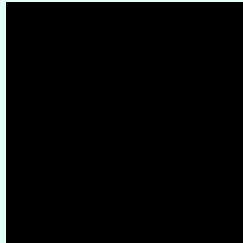
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

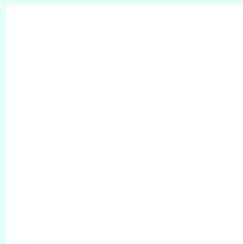
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 84.2271, 94.5663, 101.8096

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 84.2271, 94.5663, 101.8096.



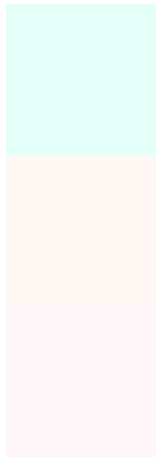
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 84.2271, 94.5663,

101.8096.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

84.2271, 94.5663, 101.8096

### Protanopia

90.3115, 94.0634, 98.1902

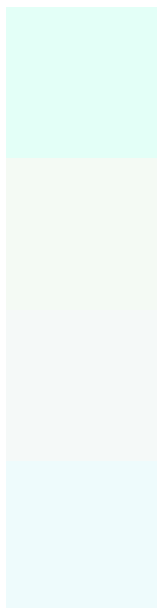
### Deuteranopia

91.2947, 94.0111, 102.9567

## **Tritanopia**

89.2339, 94.2045, 108.0879

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

84.2271, 94.5663, 101.8096

## Protanomaly

87.8230, 94.1360, 99.1292

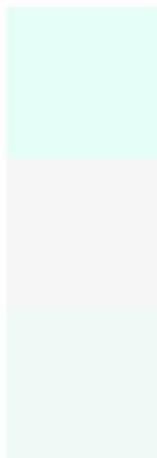
## Deuteranomaly

88.4751, 93.9412, 102.2763

## Tritanomaly

87.3278, 94.1998, 105.6752

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

84.2271, 94.5663, 101.8096

## Achromatopsia

87.5964, 92.1582, 100.3603

## Achromatomaly

86.1068, 92.7559, 100.5541

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 84.2271, 94.5663, 101.8096 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(227, 255, 247)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(227, 255, 247)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 255, 247) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(227, 255, 247) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 84.2271, 94.5663, 101.8096 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(227, 255, 247) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(227, 255, 247) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(227, 255, 247)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(227, 255, 247); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 255, 247);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 255,  
247) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 84.2271, 94.5663, 101.8096 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(227, 255, 247) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(227,  
255, 247) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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