

Converting Colors

XYZ(84.1584, 95.6433, 51.5455)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(84.1584, 95.6433, 51.5455)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(84.1614, 95.6446,
51.5616)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFFFA9
RGB	255, 255, 169
RGB Percent	100%, 100%, 66%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0000, 0.3372
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.34, 0.00
HSL	60°, 100%, 83%
HSV	60°, 34%, 100%
XYZ	84.1614, 95.6446, 51.5616
YIQ	245.1960, 27.6060, -26.7460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

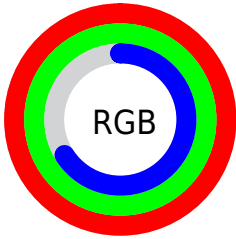
Format	Color
R _Y B	169, 255, 169
Decimal	16777129
CIE Lab	98.29, -12.50, 41.16
CIE LCh	98, 43.019, 106.892
Yxy	95.6446, 0.3638, 0.4134
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294967209 (0xFFFFFFFFA9)
YUV	245.1960, -37.5646, 8.5981
Hunter-Lab	97.7981, -17.5361, 37.1995

Details

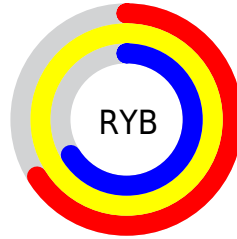
The XYZ color **84.1614, 95.6446, 51.5616** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFF99**. A complement of this color would be **48.6012, 44.0322, 100.5453**, and the grayscale version is **87.2251, 91.7676, 99.9349**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90.5906, 98.2162, 85.4172**, and **46.3724, 53.5194, 24.4092** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **81.9961, 94.7784, 40.1591**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86.7942, 96.6977, 65.4254**.

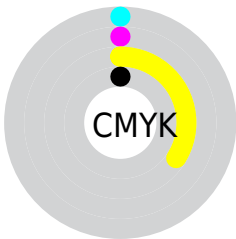
Distribution



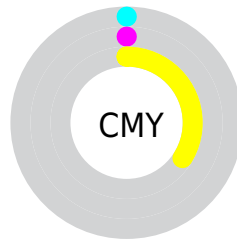
- Red (100%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (66%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (66%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (34%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 84.1614, 95.6446, 51.5616 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 84.1614, 95.6446, 51.5616 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 84.1614, 95.6446,
51.5616

 84.1614, 95.6446,
51.5616


497.3746,
546.2265, 409.6505

 63.4689, 72.6716,
36.2759


 138.1210,
155.1548, 93.9044

 46.4807, 53.7075,
24.3560


172.1188,
192.4609, 121.7985

 32.8315, 38.3678,
15.3833


211.2824,
235.3134, 154.7326

 22.1560, 26.2683,
8.9392

255.9771,
284.0967, 193.1251

 14.0888, 17.0245,
4.6053

306.5683,
339.1953, 237.3946

 8.2646, 10.2519,
1.9629

363.4214,

 4.3179, 5.5663,

400.9935, 287.9597

0.5323

426.9017,
469.8758, 345.2388

■ 1.8835, 2.5832,
0.0000

■ 0.5672, 0.9182,
0.0000

■ 84.1614, 95.6446,
51.5616

■ 84.1614, 95.6446,
51.5616

■ 81.9961, 94.7784,
40.1591

■ 86.7942, 96.6977,
65.4254

■ 80.2701, 94.0880,
31.0705

■ 89.9186, 97.9474,
81.8785

■ 78.9538, 93.5615,
24.1387

■ 93.5583, 99.4033,
101.0448

■ 78.0131, 93.1853,
19.1854

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 77.4090, 92.9436,
16.0041

■ 77.0935, 92.8174,
14.3426

■ 76.9999, 92.7800,
13.8500

Harmonies

Analogous

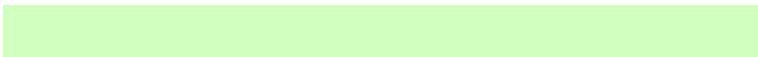
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



96.4160, 95.6446, 50.8355



84.1614, 95.6446, 51.5616



74.6054, 95.6446, 64.1386

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



84.1614, 95.6446, 51.5616



75.5844, 95.6446, 162.2934



116.1309, 95.6446, 120.3873

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



84.1614, 95.6446, 51.5616



48.6012, 44.0322, 100.5453

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



109.4262, 95.6446, 158.0502



84.1614, 95.6446, 51.5616



85.6126, 95.6446, 185.6945

Square

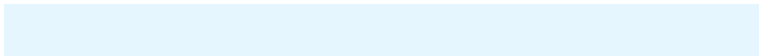
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



84.1614, 95.6446, 51.5616



69.9705, 95.6446, 125.2429



98.0044, 95.6446, 183.9857



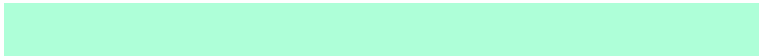
115.6523, 95.6446, 85.5529

Rectangle

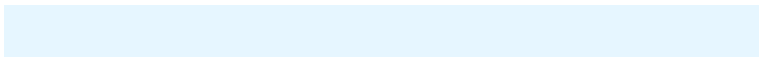
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



84.1614, 95.6446, 51.5616



70.7149, 95.6446, 79.6004



98.0044, 95.6446, 183.9857



114.6184, 95.6446, 133.2680

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84.1617, 95.6447, 51.5629



91.2128, 98.4651, 88.6935



62.5901, 52.5016, 44.3724



19.4169, 21.0330, 18.4241



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

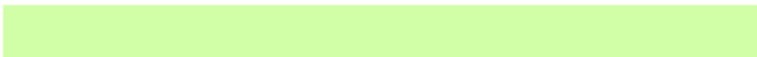
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84.1617, 95.6447, 51.5629



82.7497, 95.0799, 44.1279



70.0734, 88.3819, 50.9036



19.5613, 21.0908, 19.1843



40.2341, 48.4795, 7.2369



3.9175, 4.7203, 0.7046

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.6012, 44.0322, 100.5453



42.5781, 36.7748, 99.4619



59.3902, 49.5942, 101.0502



17.0031, 17.3778, 22.7080



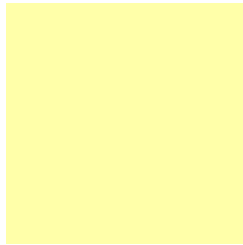
9.4315, 3.7726, 49.6657



0.9183, 0.3673, 4.8358

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 84.1614, 95.6446, 51.5616 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

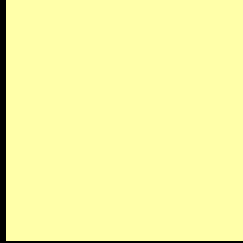
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 84.1614, 95.6446, 51.5616 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

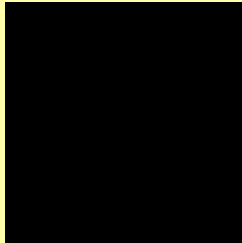
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 84.1614, 95.6446, 51.5616

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 84.1614, 95.6446, 51.5616.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 84.1614, 95.6446,

Color Blindness Simulation

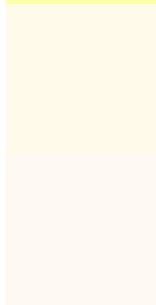
Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

84.1614, 95.6446, 51.5616



Protanopia

90.2769, 95.5717, 91.5310

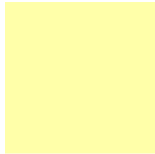
Deuteranopia

91.4448, 95.5430, 99.2099

Tritanopia

92.6968, 95.5506, 107.3234

Trichromacy



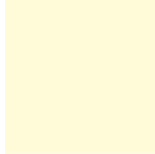
Original Color

84.1614, 95.6446, 51.5616



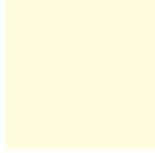
Protanomaly

87.6833, 95.5340, 74.7913



Deuteranomaly

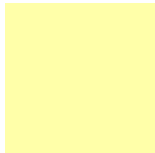
88.2616, 95.2641, 79.3816



Tritanomaly

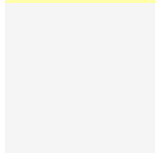
89.0565, 95.5821, 83.5674

Monochromacy



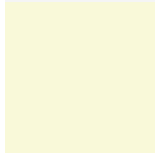
Original Color

84.1614, 95.6446, 51.5616



Achromatopsia

86.7900, 91.3099, 99.4364



Achromatomaly

85.4670, 92.9009, 79.0727

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 84.1614, 95.6446, 51.5616 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 255, 169)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 255, 169)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 255, 169) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 255, 169) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 84.1614, 95.6446, 51.5616 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 255, 169) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 255, 169) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 255, 169)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 255, 169); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255, 169);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255,  
169) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 84.1614, 95.6446, 51.5616 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 255, 169) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
255, 169) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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