

# Converting Colors

XYZ(84.1784, 83.2239, 91.7479)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(84.1784, 83.2239, 91.7479)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(84.1784, 83.2239,  
91.7479)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                     |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| Hex         | FEE5ED                    |
| RGB         | 254, 229, 237             |
| RGB Percent | 100%, 90%, 93%            |
| CMY         | 0.0039, 0.1019, 0.0706    |
| CMYK        | 0.00, 0.10, 0.07, 0.00    |
| HSL         | 341°, 93%, 95%            |
| HSV         | 341°, 10%, 100%           |
| XYZ         | 84.1784, 83.2239, 91.7479 |
| YIQ         | 237.3870, 12.3320, 7.7880 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

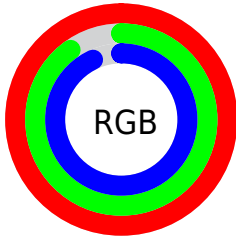
| Format                              | Color                                      |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| <a href="#">RYB</a>                 | <a href="#">254, 229, 237</a>              |
| Decimal                             | <a href="#">16705005</a>                   |
| CIELab                              | <a href="#">93.11, 9.85, -0.78</a>         |
| CIELCh                              | <a href="#">93, 9.884, 355.476</a>         |
| Yxy                                 | <a href="#">83.2239, 0.3248, 0.3211</a>    |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | <a href="#">4294895085<br/>(0xFFFE5ED)</a> |
| YUV                                 | <a href="#">237.3870, -0.1908, 14.5696</a> |
| Hunter-Lab                          | <a href="#">91.2271, 5.0606, 4.2305</a>    |

# Details

The XYZ color **84.1784, 83.2239, 91.7479** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **84.3926, 94.1975, 100.9273**, and the grayscale version is **80.7912, 84.9987, 92.5635**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **46.5025, 45.4786, 50.0434** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **75.2549, 69.2225, 76.9153**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94.3781, 99.3863, 108.2076**.

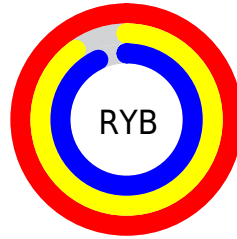
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (90%)

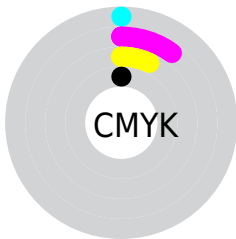
Blue (93%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (90%)

Blue (93%)

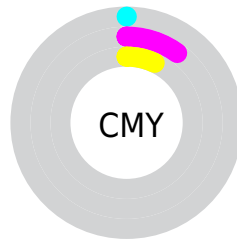


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (7%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)


Yellow (7%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 84.1784, 83.2239, 91.7479 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 84.1784, 83.2239, 91.7479 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 84.1784, 83.2239,  
91.7479

 84.1784, 83.2239,  
91.7479


497.4302,  
505.7324, 554.4166

 63.4829, 62.3749,  
68.8494


138.1447,  
137.8890, 151.7206

 46.4921, 45.3357,  
50.1181


172.1462,  
172.4739, 189.6319

 32.8406, 31.7219,  
35.1354


211.3138,  
212.4062, 233.3845

 22.1630, 21.1492,  
23.4828

256.0128,  
258.0702, 283.3970

 14.0940, 13.2331,  
14.7418

306.6086,  
309.8505, 340.0879

 8.2682, 7.5892,  
8.4937

363.4665,

 4.3203, 3.8333,

368.1314, 403.8758

4.3202

426.9519,  
433.2972, 475.1792

■ 1.8849, 1.5807,  
1.8026

■ 0.5680, 0.3446,  
0.4297

■ 84.1784, 83.2239,  
91.7479

■ 84.1784, 83.2239,  
91.7479

■ 75.2549, 69.2225,  
76.9153

94.3781, 99.3863,  
108.2076

■ 67.5491, 57.2795,  
63.6536

94.6835, 99.8110,  
108.8828

■ 61.0085, 47.3002,  
51.9110

■ 55.5740, 39.1783,  
41.6307

■ 51.1810, 32.7971,  
32.7522

■ 47.7578, 28.0269,  
25.2104

■ 45.2231, 24.7194,  
18.9340

■ 43.4812, 22.6983,  
13.8441

■ 42.3829, 21.6818,  
9.8396

# Harmonies

## Analogous

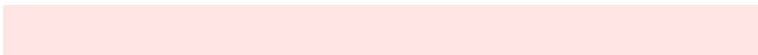
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83.2823, 83.2239, 98.9550



84.1784, 83.2239, 91.7479



83.6901, 83.2239, 84.6108

# Triad

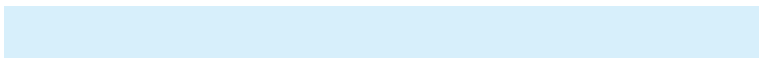
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



84.1784, 83.2239, 91.7479



76.9760, 83.2239, 78.3244



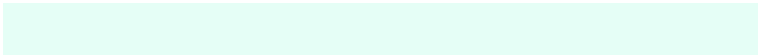
76.3088, 83.2239, 102.9011

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



84.1784, 83.2239, 91.7479



84.3926, 94.1975, 100.9273

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



74.6844, 83.2239, 96.9002



84.1784, 83.2239, 91.7479



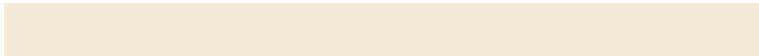
75.0636, 83.2239, 82.7604

# Square

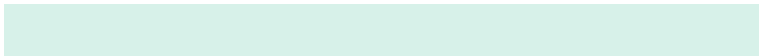
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



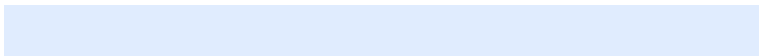
84.1784, 83.2239, 91.7479



79.4958, 83.2239, 77.1109



74.2336, 83.2239, 89.4948



78.7091, 83.2239, 105.6140

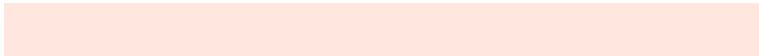


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



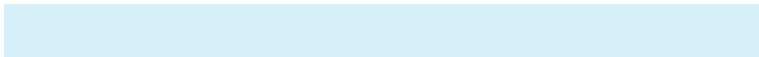
84.1784, 83.2239, 91.7479



82.6507, 83.2239, 80.8101



74.2336, 83.2239, 89.4948



75.6560, 83.2239, 101.1861

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84.1808, 83.2275, 91.7497



91.8314, 94.8852, 103.7504



83.8008, 82.7309, 105.3188



19.4759, 20.0240, 21.9177



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

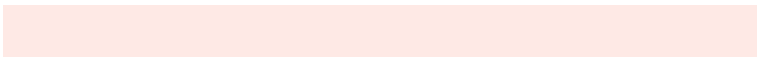
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84.1808, 83.2275, 91.7497



82.8817, 80.7379, 89.1995



84.2048, 85.1037, 86.1218



18.2488, 18.0828, 19.9273



22.3959, 11.4476, 5.4692



2.2279, 1.1335, 0.7817



# Inverse Universe

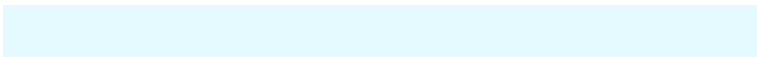
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84.1808, 83.2275, 91.7497



82.8817, 80.7379, 89.1995



84.3391, 92.0838, 107.0957



18.2488, 18.0828, 19.9273



22.3959, 11.4476, 5.4692

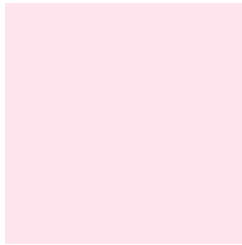


2.2279, 1.1335, 0.7817



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 84.1784, 83.2239, 91.7479 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

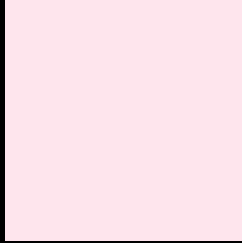
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 84.1784, 83.2239, 91.7479 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

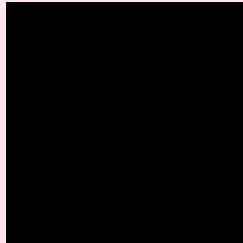
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 84.1784, 83.2239, 91.7479**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 84.1784, 83.2239, 91.7479.



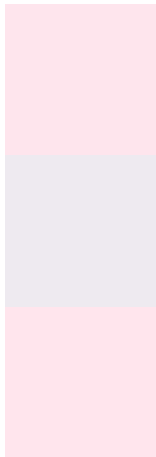
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 84.1784, 83.2239,

91.7479.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

84.1784, 83.2239, 91.7479

### Protanopia

80.4109, 83.3141, 94.2812

### Deuteranopia

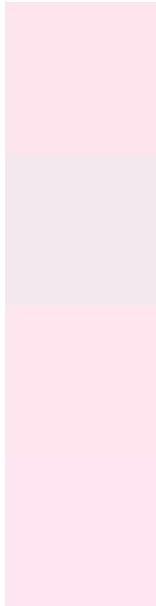
84.5454, 83.4130, 91.7651



## Tritanopia

85.4648, 83.3394, 97.9678

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

84.1784, 83.2239, 91.7479

## Protanomaly

81.7448, 83.1783, 93.4080

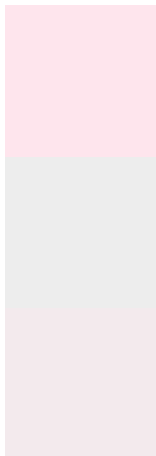
## Deuteranomaly

84.5454, 83.4130, 91.7651

## Tritanomaly

85.0104, 83.1576, 95.5749

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

84.1784, 83.2239, 91.7479

## Achromatopsia

80.4953, 84.6873, 92.2245

## Achromatomaly

81.6710, 84.0147, 92.0327

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 84.1784, 83.2239, 91.7479 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(254, 229, 237) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 229, 237)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 229, 237) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 229, 237) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 84.1784, 83.2239, 91.7479 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 229, 237) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 229, 237) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 229, 237)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 229, 237); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 229, 237);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 229,  
237) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 84.1784, 83.2239, 91.7479 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 229, 237) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
229, 237) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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