

# Converting Colors

XYZ(84.1843, 74.7098,  
157.8236)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(84.1843, 74.7098, 157.8236)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(73.9774, 70.6315, 104.3420)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(73.9774, 70.6315,  
104.3420)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E6D3FF
RGB	230, 211, 255
RGB Percent	90%, 83%, 100%
CMY	0.0980, 0.1725, 0.0000
CMYK	0.10, 0.17, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	266°, 100%, 91%
HSV	266°, 17%, 100%
XYZ	73.9774, 70.6315, 104.3420
YIQ	221.6970, -2.8000, 17.7120

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

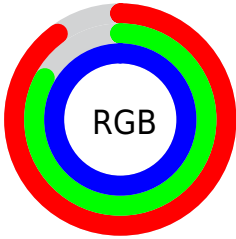
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	230, 211, 255
Decimal	15127551
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	87.31, 14.65, -19.07
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	87, 24.042, 307.528
Yxy	70.6315, 0.2972, 0.2837
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293317631 (0xFFE6D3FF)
YUV	221.6970, 16.4184, 7.2817
Hunter-Lab	84.0425, 10.0479, -14.7810

# Details

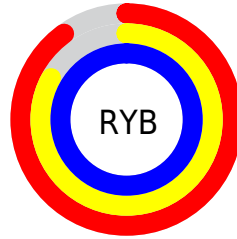
The XYZ color **73.9774, 70.6315, 104.3420** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **82.1115, 94.0568, 75.4584**, and the grayscale version is **69.1085, 72.7076, 79.1785**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **39.5371, 36.8528, 58.4556** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63.6801, 56.6545, 102.1868**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **85.6700, 86.8232, 106.8510**.

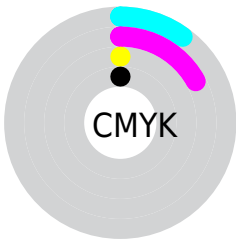
# Distribution



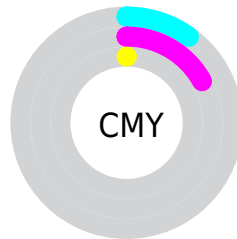
- Red (90%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 73.9774, 70.6315, 104.3420 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 73.9774, 70.6315, 104.3420 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



73.9774, 70.6315,  
104.3420

73.9774, 70.6315,  
104.3420

463.4469,  
462.7642, 595.3908

55.0668, 52.0415,  
79.2946

123.8594,  
120.1089, 169.2151

39.6892, 37.0382,  
58.6153

155.5616,  
151.7651, 209.8780

27.4795, 25.2371,  
41.8856

192.2582,  
188.5455, 256.5830

18.0721, 16.2538,  
28.6868

234.3147,  
230.8345, 309.7489

11.1018, 9.7039,  
18.6005

282.0965,  
279.0164, 369.7940

6.2031, 5.2031,  
11.2081

335.9689,

3.0108, 2.3669,

333.4758, 437.1370

6.0910

396.2972,  
394.5969, 512.1964

■ 1.1595, 0.8088,  
2.8308

■ 0.0740, 0.0000,  
1.0089

■ 73.9774, 70.6315,  
104.3420

■ 73.9774, 70.6315,  
104.3420

■ 63.6801, 56.6545,  
102.1868

■ 85.6700, 86.8232,  
106.8510

■ 54.7156, 44.7842,  
100.3681

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 47.0250, 34.9164,  
98.8688

■ 40.5426, 26.9342,  
97.6697

■ 35.1956, 20.7083,  
96.7498

■ 30.9028, 16.0923,  
96.0851

■ 27.5697, 12.9147,  
95.6474

■ 25.0772, 10.9555,  
95.4007

■ 24.4941, 10.5420,  
95.3516

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



68.5679, 70.6315, 112.0961



73.9774, 70.6315, 104.3420



77.6913, 70.6315, 89.4342

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



73.9774, 70.6315, 104.3420



71.3760, 70.6315, 51.5679



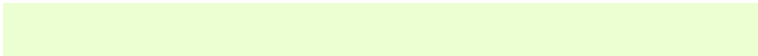
56.9194, 70.6315, 81.0584

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



73.9774, 70.6315, 104.3420



82.1115, 94.0568, 75.4584

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



57.5776, 70.6315, 65.6055



73.9774, 70.6315, 104.3420



65.7185, 70.6315, 49.9785

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



73.9774, 70.6315, 104.3420



76.1315, 70.6315, 59.4521



60.7246, 70.6315, 54.7572



58.8733, 70.6315, 97.4790



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



73.9774, 70.6315, 104.3420



78.5938, 70.6315, 78.2567



60.7246, 70.6315, 54.7572



56.8445, 70.6315, 75.5703

# Sweetspot

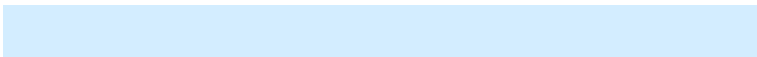
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



73.9793, 70.6344, 104.3424



88.5014, 90.7850, 107.4665



75.1038, 81.4464, 106.3701



18.7522, 19.1645, 22.9607



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



73.9793, 70.6344, 104.3424



69.9601, 65.1424, 103.4942



81.2495, 74.3823, 104.6826



17.7469, 17.7613, 22.7429



12.9620, 5.5927, 49.8309



1.3844, 0.6076, 4.8576



# Inverse Universe

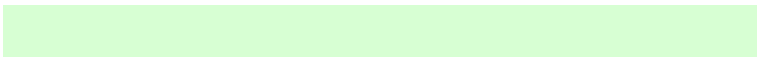
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



79.6762, 73.9073, 89.4252



76.7797, 69.0626, 85.5360



75.4464, 90.6208, 75.1464



18.4418, 18.1600, 20.9438



24.2912, 12.2058, 15.4500



2.4200, 1.2104, 1.7930



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 73.9774, 70.6315, 104.3420 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

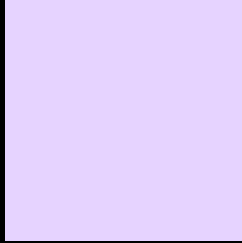
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 73.9774, 70.6315, 104.3420 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

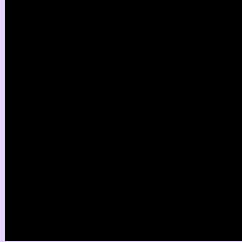
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 73.9774, 70.6315, 104.3420

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 73.9774, 70.6315, 104.3420.



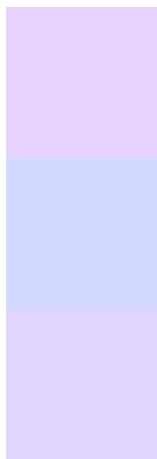
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 73.9774, 70.6315,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

73.9774, 70.6315, 104.3420

### Protanopia

69.7268, 70.6946, 104.5782

### Deuteranopia

72.2757, 70.4965, 104.4056



## Tritanopia

70.2300, 70.5958, 86.2688

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

73.9774, 70.6315, 104.3420

## Protanomaly

71.2639, 70.7263, 104.5033

## Deuteranomaly

72.9575, 70.4757, 104.3656

## Tritanomaly

71.4533, 70.7153, 92.3215

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

73.9774, 70.6315, 104.3420

## Achromatopsia

69.4303, 73.0461, 79.5472

## Achromatomaly

70.9740, 72.0909, 88.0161

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 73.9774, 70.6315, 104.3420 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(230, 211, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(230, 211, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(230, 211, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(230, 211, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 73.9774, 70.6315, 104.3420 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(230, 211, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(230, 211, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(230, 211, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(230, 211, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 211, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 211,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 73.9774, 70.6315, 104.3420 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(230, 211, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(230,  
211, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor