

# Converting Colors

XYZ(84.2694, 86.3136,  
106.8265)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(84.2694, 86.3136, 106.8265)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(84.2694, 86.3136,  
106.8265)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F0EDFF
RGB	240, 237, 255
RGB Percent	94%, 93%, 100%
CMY	0.0588, 0.0706, 0.0000
CMYK	0.06, 0.07, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	250°, 100%, 96%
HSV	250°, 7%, 100%
XYZ	84.2694, 86.3136, 106.8265
YIQ	239.9490, -3.9900, 6.2340

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

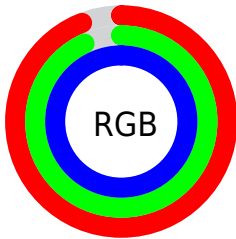
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	240, 237, 255
Decimal	15789567
CIE Lab	94.45, 4.28, -8.31
CIE LCh	94, 9.344, 297.237
Yxy	86.3136, 0.3038, 0.3111
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293979647 (0xFFFF0EDFF)
YUV	239.9490, 7.4201, 0.0447
Hunter-Lab	92.9051, -0.6759, -3.1407

# Details

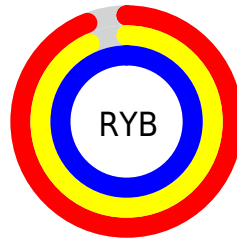
The XYZ color **84.2694, 86.3136, 106.8265** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **91.1929, 98.3308, 94.2983**, and the grayscale version is **82.7326, 87.0411, 94.7878**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **46.4841, 47.3153, 60.1089** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **70.6079, 69.0812, 104.2203**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**.

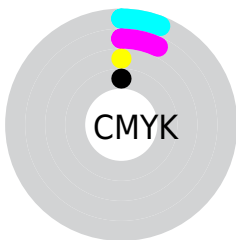
# Distribution



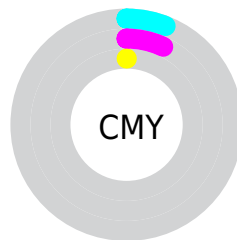
- Red (94%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (94%)
- Yellow (93%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 84.2694, 86.3136, 106.8265 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 84.2694, 86.3136, 106.8265 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



84.2694, 86.3136,  
106.8265

84.2694, 86.3136,  
106.8265

497.7276,  
515.9647, 603.2969

63.5583, 64.9273,  
81.3652

138.2713,  
142.2070, 172.6406

46.5534, 47.4022,  
60.3097

172.2928,  
177.4830, 213.8304

32.8892, 33.3537,  
43.2413

211.4819,  
218.1576, 261.1002

22.2004, 22.3975,  
29.7417

256.2038,  
264.6153, 314.8684

14.1217, 14.1493,  
19.3922

306.8240,  
317.2405, 375.5537

8.2876, 8.2246,  
11.7744

363.7078,

4.3329, 4.2390,

376.4175, 443.5745

6.4696

427.2205,  
442.5308, 519.3494

■ 1.8921, 1.8081,  
3.0593

■ 0.5723, 0.4922,  
1.1250

■ 84.2694, 86.3136,  
106.8265

■ 84.2694, 86.3136,  
106.8265

■ 70.6079, 69.0812,  
104.2203

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 58.7659, 54.2774,  
101.9870

■ 48.6678, 41.7955,  
100.1100

■ 40.2301, 31.5169,  
98.5708

■ 33.3620, 23.3120,  
97.3490

■ 27.9643, 17.0379,  
96.4225

■ 23.9256, 12.5331,  
95.7659

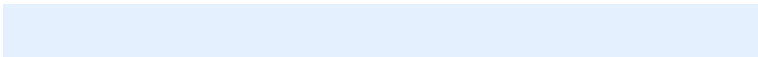
■ 21.1180, 9.6092,  
95.3495

■ 19.3847, 8.0290,  
95.1358

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



81.8059, 86.3136, 108.4884



84.2694, 86.3136, 106.8265



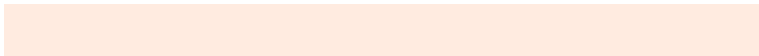
86.1683, 86.3136, 101.6685

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



84.2694, 86.3136, 106.8265



84.6806, 86.3136, 82.8200



77.3072, 86.3136, 93.3156

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



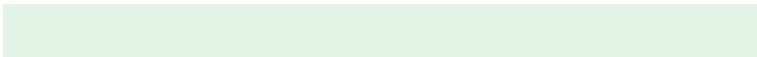
84.2694, 86.3136, 106.8265



91.1929, 98.3308, 94.2983

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



78.0428, 86.3136, 86.6908



84.2694, 86.3136, 106.8265



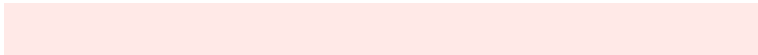
82.2715, 86.3136, 80.8279

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



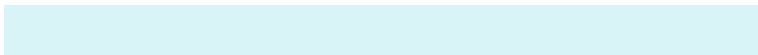
84.2694, 86.3136, 106.8265



86.4091, 86.3136, 87.7899



79.8473, 86.3136, 82.2086



77.8178, 86.3136, 100.4562



# Rectangle

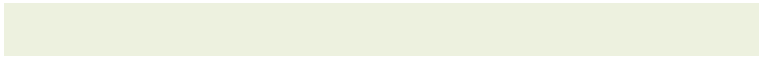
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



84.2694, 86.3136, 106.8265



86.8408, 86.3136, 97.0704



79.8473, 86.3136, 82.2086



77.4166, 86.3136, 90.9575

# Sweetspot

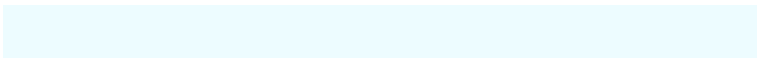
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84.2717, 86.3172, 106.8270



91.8979, 95.9918, 108.2925



87.8818, 95.0354, 108.3195



19.7030, 20.5882, 23.1854



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84.2717, 86.3172, 106.8270



82.9029, 84.5845, 106.5647



87.2965, 87.8765, 106.9686



17.2848, 17.5230, 22.7212



10.0225, 4.0773, 49.6933

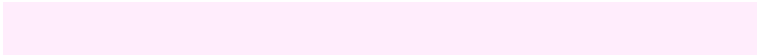


1.0513, 0.4359, 4.8420



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89.0970, 88.8600, 104.5540



88.3417, 87.4510, 103.9894



88.1139, 96.7435, 94.1542



18.6551, 18.2454, 22.0669



27.8416, 13.6259, 34.1461

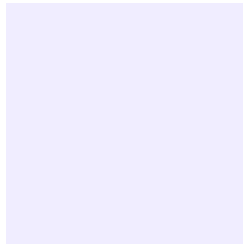


2.7438, 1.3399, 3.4983



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 84.2694, 86.3136, 106.8265 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

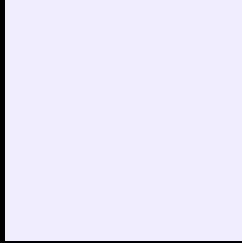
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 84.2694, 86.3136, 106.8265 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

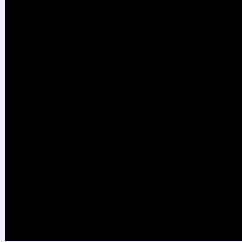
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 84.2694, 86.3136, 106.8265

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 84.2694, 86.3136, 106.8265.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 84.2694, 86.3136,

106.8265.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

84.2694, 86.3136, 106.8265

### Protanopia

83.5941, 85.9655, 106.7949

### Deuteranopia

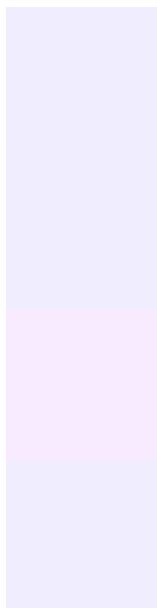
87.6969, 86.3805, 106.6587



## Tritanopia

84.2694, 86.3136, 106.8265

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

84.2694, 86.3136, 106.8265

## Protanomaly

83.9308, 86.1391, 106.8106

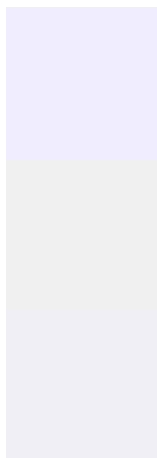
## Deuteranomaly

86.1842, 86.0221, 106.6693

## Tritanomaly

84.2694, 86.3136, 106.8265

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

84.2694, 86.3136, 106.8265

## Achromatopsia

82.8234, 87.1367, 94.8919

## Achromatomaly

83.2831, 86.8508, 98.7606

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 84.2694, 86.3136, 106.8265 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(240, 237, 255) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(240, 237, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(240, 237, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(240, 237, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 84.2694, 86.3136, 106.8265 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(240, 237, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(240, 237, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(240, 237, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(240, 237, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 237, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 237,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 84.2694, 86.3136, 106.8265 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(240, 237, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(240,  
237, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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