

# Converting Colors

XYZ(84.2733, 82.7309,  
104.7932)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(84.2733, 82.7309, 104.7932)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(84.1844, 82.5351,  
104.4224)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                      |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex         | F8E4FD                     |
| RGB         | 248, 228, 253              |
| RGB Percent | 97%, 89%, 99%              |
| CMY         | 0.0274, 0.1059, 0.0078     |
| CMYK        | 0.02, 0.10, 0.00, 0.01     |
| HSL         | 288°, 86%, 94%             |
| HSV         | 288°, 10%, 99%             |
| XYZ         | 84.1844, 82.5351, 104.4224 |
| YIQ         | 236.8300, 3.8950, 12.0150  |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

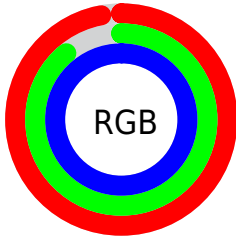
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>   |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| <a href="#">RYB</a>                 | <a href="#">248, 228, 253</a>                                |
| Decimal                             | <a href="#">16311549</a>                                     |
| CIELab                              | <a href="#">92.81, 11.17, -9.63</a>                          |
| CIElCh                              | <a href="#">93, 14.743, 319.234</a>                          |
| Yxy                                 | <a href="#">82.5351, 0.3105, 0.3044</a>                      |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | <a href="#">4294501629</a><br>( <a href="#">0xFFF8E4FD</a> ) |
| YUV                                 | <a href="#">236.8300, 7.9718, 9.7961</a>                     |
| Hunter-Lab                          | <a href="#">90.8488, 6.4203, -4.5542</a>                     |

# Details

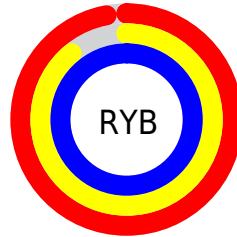
The XYZ color **84.1844, 82.5351, 104.4224** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **82.7362, 93.1778, 87.0274**, and the grayscale version is **80.3061, 84.4883, 92.0078**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **46.6456, 45.0791, 58.4672** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **75.9581, 68.7090, 102.1885**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **93.4825, 98.4301, 107.0016**.

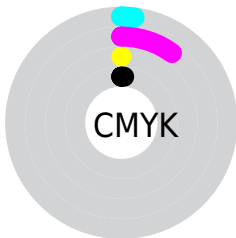
# Distribution



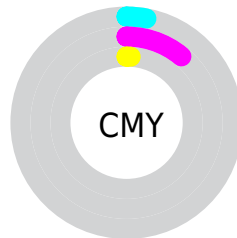
- Red (97%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (99%)



- Red (97%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (1%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 84.1844, 82.5351, 104.4224 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 84.1844, 82.5351, 104.4224 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



84.1844, 82.5351,  
104.4224

84.1844, 82.5351,  
104.4224

497.4498,  
503.4358, 595.6475

63.4879, 61.8067,  
79.3616

138.1530,  
136.9241, 169.3261

46.4962, 44.8765,  
58.6701

172.1559,  
171.3536, 210.0061

32.8438, 31.3602,  
41.9293

211.3249,  
211.1188, 256.7295

22.1655, 20.8733,  
28.7208

256.0254,  
256.6042, 309.9149

14.0958, 13.0314,  
18.6260

306.6228,  
308.1943, 369.9809

8.2695, 7.4502,  
11.2262

363.4824,

4.3211, 3.7452,

366.2733, 437.3460

6.1031

426.9696,  
431.2257, 512.4286

■ 1.8854, 1.5321,  
2.8381

■ 0.5683, 0.3111,  
1.0126

■ 84.1844, 82.5351,  
104.4224

■ 84.1844, 82.5351,  
104.4224

■ 75.9581, 68.7090,  
102.1885

■ 93.4825, 98.4301,  
107.0016

■ 68.7519, 56.8530,  
100.2799

94.7299, 99.8719,  
107.2142

■ 62.5206, 46.8759,  
98.6825

■ 57.2125, 38.6749,  
97.3793

■ 52.7712, 32.1377,  
96.3516

■ 49.1335, 27.1387,  
95.5784

■ 46.2274, 23.5342,  
95.0359

■ 43.9671, 21.1532,  
94.6954

■ 42.2136, 19.7187,  
94.5109

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80.9095, 82.5351, 111.3910



84.1844, 82.5351, 104.4224



85.9412, 82.5351, 93.8824

# Triad

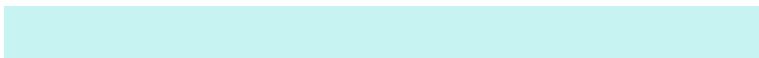
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



84.1844, 82.5351, 104.4224



79.8371, 82.5351, 70.6190



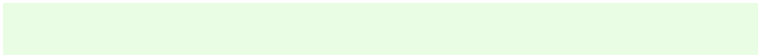
71.6678, 82.5351, 97.0284

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



84.1844, 82.5351, 104.4224



82.7362, 93.1778, 87.0274

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71.4019, 82.5351, 85.9672



84.1844, 82.5351, 104.4224



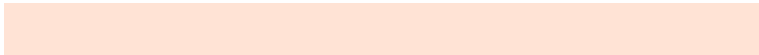
76.0353, 82.5351, 71.3108

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



84.1844, 82.5351, 104.4224



83.3773, 82.5351, 74.7567



72.9766, 82.5351, 76.7307



73.7153, 82.5351, 106.8867



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



84.1844, 82.5351, 104.4224



85.9777, 82.5351, 86.5095



72.9766, 82.5351, 76.7307



71.3697, 82.5351, 93.3096

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84.1868, 82.5386, 104.4242



92.0972, 94.9267, 108.0764



78.9850, 82.1036, 104.6144



19.5473, 20.0351, 23.0868



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84.1868, 82.5386, 104.4242



83.8371, 80.8641, 105.7974



84.8757, 83.0217, 98.6753



18.4158, 18.1061, 22.7742



22.5674, 10.5444, 50.2804



2.2835, 1.0711, 4.8997



# Inverse Universe

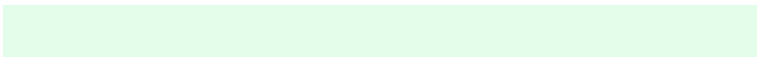
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



82.9623, 82.2564, 88.5994



82.3595, 80.5291, 86.4498



82.1306, 92.7497, 92.2376



18.1579, 18.0465, 19.4487



21.9028, 11.2504, 2.8725

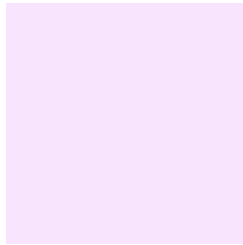


2.1692, 1.1100, 0.4724



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 84.1844, 82.5351, 104.4224 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

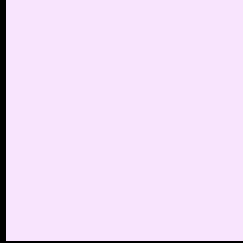
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 84.1844, 82.5351, 104.4224 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

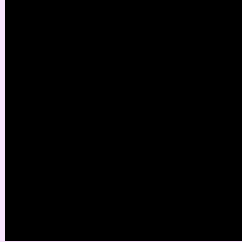
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 84.1844, 82.5351, 104.4224

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 84.1844, 82.5351, 104.4224.



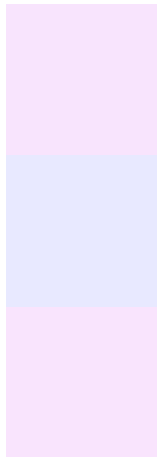
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 84.1844, 82.5351,

104.4224.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

84.1844, 82.5351, 104.4224

### Protanopia

80.4676, 82.6536, 106.3204

### Deuteranopia

84.5399, 82.7184, 104.4390



## Tritanopia

83.1656, 82.5282, 99.5419

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

84.1844, 82.5351, 104.4224

## Protanomaly

81.7252, 82.4847, 105.3797

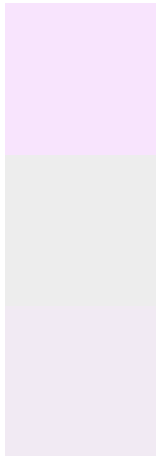
## Deuteranomaly

84.5399, 82.7184, 104.4390

## Tritanomaly

83.4760, 82.6523, 101.1764

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

84.1844, 82.5351, 104.4224

## Achromatopsia

80.4953, 84.6873, 92.2245

## Achromatomaly

81.8761, 84.0175, 96.6957

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 84.1844, 82.5351, 104.4224 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(248, 228, 253)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(248, 228, 253)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(248, 228, 253) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(248, 228, 253) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 84.1844, 82.5351, 104.4224 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(248, 228, 253) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(248, 228, 253) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(248, 228, 253)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(248, 228, 253); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 228, 253);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 228,  
253) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 84.1844, 82.5351, 104.4224 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(248, 228, 253) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(248,  
228, 253) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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