

# Converting Colors

XYZ(84.3026, 87.6183,  
101.8508)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(84.3026, 87.6183, 101.8508)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(84.5346, 87.8605,  
102.1259)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F1F0F9
RGB	241, 240, 249
RGB Percent	95%, 94%, 98%
CMY	0.0549, 0.0588, 0.0235
CMYK	0.03, 0.04, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	247°, 43%, 96%
HSV	247°, 4%, 98%
XYZ	84.5346, 87.8605, 102.1259
YIQ	241.3250, -2.2930, 3.0110

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

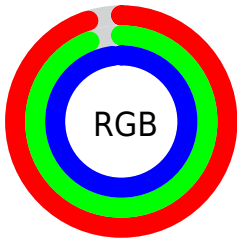
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	241, 240, 249
Decimal	15855865
CIE Lab	95.10, 1.95, -4.22
CIE LCh	95, 4.649, 294.841
Yxy	87.8605, 0.3079, 0.3201
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294045945 (0xFFFF1F0F9)
YUV	241.3250, 3.7838, -0.2850
Hunter-Lab	93.7339, -3.0529, 1.0155

# Details

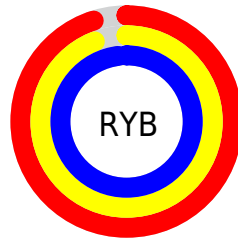
The XYZ color **84.5346, 87.8605, 102.1259** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **88.3186, 94.0015, 95.9317**, and the grayscale version is **83.8397, 88.2059, 96.0562**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **46.7737, 48.4455, 57.3378** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **70.5974, 70.5324, 99.5172**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94.0991, 99.6197, 103.8929**.

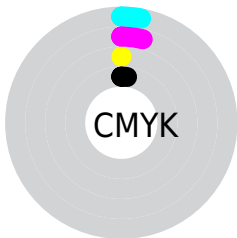
# Distribution



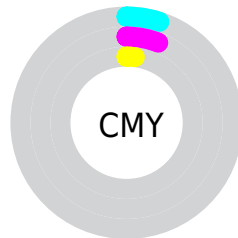
- Red (95%)
- Green (94%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (94%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (2%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 84.5346, 87.8605, 102.1259 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 84.5346, 87.8605, 102.1259 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



84.5346, 87.8605,  
102.1259

84.5346, 87.8605,  
102.1259

498.5937,  
521.0463, 588.2920

63.7781, 66.2075,  
77.4504

138.6401,  
144.3629, 166.1529

46.7320, 48.4409,  
57.1088

172.7199,  
179.9812, 206.3415

33.0309, 34.1762,  
40.6827

211.9715,  
221.0233, 252.5381

22.3095, 23.0290,  
27.7534

256.7602,  
267.8738, 305.1615

14.2023, 14.6149,  
17.9024

307.4514,  
320.9169, 364.6300

8.3442, 8.5496,  
10.7112

364.4105,

4.3696, 4.4486,

380.5371, 431.3622

5.7613

428.0028,  
447.1188, 505.7767

■ 1.9133, 1.9275,  
2.6341

■ 0.5845, 0.5648,  
0.9100

■ 84.5346, 87.8605,  
102.1259

■ 84.5346, 87.8605,  
102.1259

■ 70.5974, 70.5324,  
99.5172

■ 94.0991, 99.6197,  
103.8929

■ 58.5087, 55.5875,  
97.2696

■ 48.1928, 42.9247,  
95.3692

■ 39.5659, 32.4313,  
93.7984

■ 32.5375, 23.9851,  
92.5386

■ 27.0083, 17.4515,  
91.5689

■ 22.8679, 12.6801,  
90.8661

■ 19.9904, 9.4972,  
90.4034

■ 18.2262, 7.6936,  
90.1483

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83.2903, 87.8605, 102.7709



84.5346, 87.8605, 102.1259



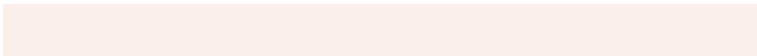
85.5128, 87.8605, 99.7322

# Triad

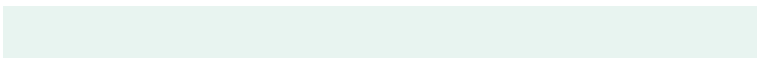
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



84.5346, 87.8605, 102.1259



84.9171, 87.8605, 90.0832



81.1100, 87.8605, 95.0402

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



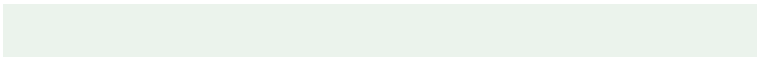
84.5346, 87.8605, 102.1259



88.3186, 94.0015, 95.9317

# Split Complementary

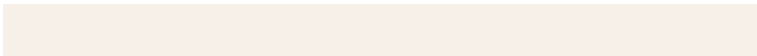
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



81.5363, 87.8605, 91.7102



84.5346, 87.8605, 102.1259



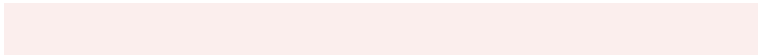
83.7277, 87.8605, 88.8947

# Square

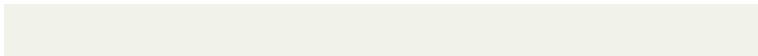
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



84.5346, 87.8605, 102.1259



85.7352, 87.8605, 92.7689



82.4913, 87.8605, 89.4828



81.3212, 87.8605, 98.6210

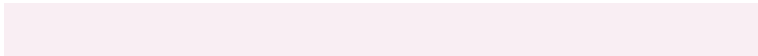


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



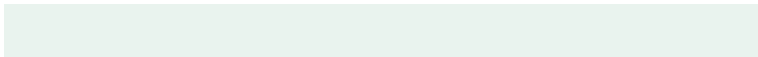
84.5346, 87.8605, 102.1259



85.8782, 87.8605, 97.4981



82.4913, 87.8605, 89.4828



81.1834, 87.8605, 93.8553

# Sweetspot

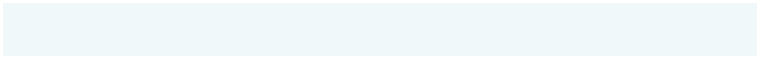
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84.5371, 87.8643, 102.1278



93.4125, 97.9562, 108.5918



86.6350, 92.5635, 102.9243



20.0114, 20.9882, 23.2464



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84.5371, 87.8643, 102.1278



88.6232, 91.9839, 107.6915



86.0579, 88.6483, 102.1990



17.9219, 18.5522, 22.0216



9.4598, 3.8194, 48.2122

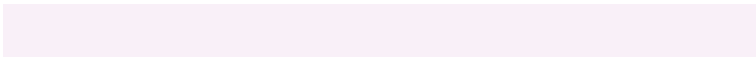


0.9325, 0.3828, 4.4679



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87.1734, 89.2412, 101.4422



91.7006, 93.5913, 106.8891



86.7762, 93.2064, 95.8595



18.6661, 18.9409, 21.8267



27.9617, 13.6004, 38.1026

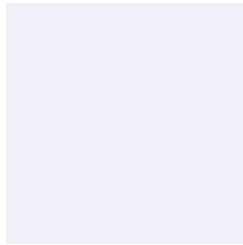


2.6127, 1.2688, 3.6496



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 84.5346, 87.8605, 102.1259 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

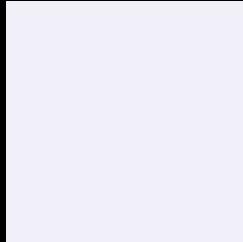
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 84.5346, 87.8605, 102.1259 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

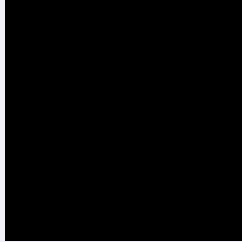
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

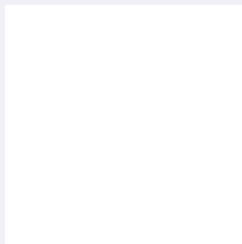
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 84.5346, 87.8605, 102.1259

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 84.5346, 87.8605, 102.1259.



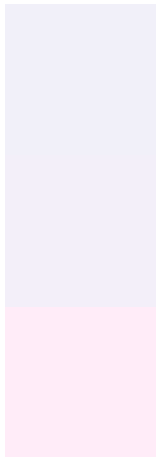
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 84.5346, 87.8605,

102.1259.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

84.5346, 87.8605, 102.1259

### Protanopia

84.9275, 87.6272, 102.0601

### Deuteranopia

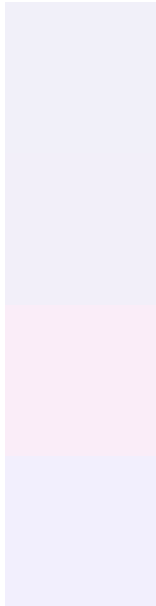
88.1787, 88.0282, 101.1506



## Tritanopia

85.5345, 87.8302, 107.0525

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

84.5346, 87.8605, 102.1259

## Protanomaly

84.5833, 87.4498, 102.0440

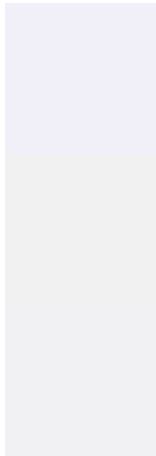
## Deuteranomaly

86.6518, 87.6697, 101.1618

## Tritanomaly

85.2141, 87.7021, 105.3654

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

84.5346, 87.8605, 102.1259

## Achromatopsia

83.6081, 87.9622, 95.7909

## Achromatomaly

84.0601, 88.1430, 98.1708

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 84.5346, 87.8605, 102.1259 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(241, 240, 249) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(241, 240, 249)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(241, 240, 249) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(241, 240, 249) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 84.5346, 87.8605, 102.1259 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(241, 240, 249) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(241, 240, 249) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(241, 240, 249)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(241, 240, 249); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(241, 240, 249);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(241, 240,  
249) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 84.5346, 87.8605, 102.1259 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(241, 240, 249) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(241,  
240, 249) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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