

# Converting Colors

XYZ(84.3913, 83.2216,  
106.2232)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(84.3913, 83.2216, 106.2232)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(84.7046, 83.5878,  
106.2774)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F7E6FF
RGB	247, 230, 255
RGB Percent	97%, 90%, 100%
CMY	0.0314, 0.0980, 0.0000
CMYK	0.03, 0.10, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	281°, 100%, 95%
HSV	281°, 10%, 100%
XYZ	84.7046, 83.5878, 106.2774
YIQ	237.9330, 2.1070, 11.3790

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

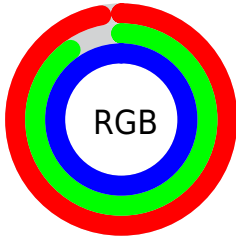
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	247, 230, 255
Decimal	16246527
CIE Lab	93.27, 10.17, -9.99
CIE LCh	93, 14.256, 315.495
Yxy	83.5878, 0.3085, 0.3044
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294436607 (0xFF7E6FF)
YUV	237.9330, 8.4140, 7.9518
Hunter-Lab	91.4264, 5.3804, -4.9224

# Details

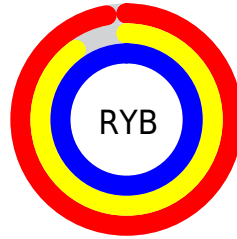
The XYZ color **84.7046, 83.5878, 106.2774** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **85.3049, 95.4113, 88.7873**, and the grayscale version is **81.1540, 85.3804, 92.9792**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **46.8150, 45.4257, 59.7267** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **75.3065, 68.9697, 103.9511**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**.

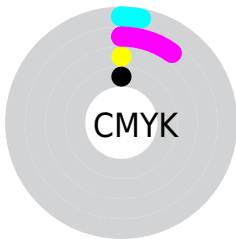
# Distribution



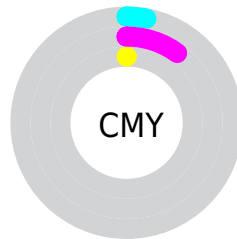
- Red (97%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (97%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 84.7046, 83.5878, 106.2774 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 84.7046, 83.5878, 106.2774 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 84.7046, 83.5878,  
106.2774

 84.7046, 83.5878,  
106.2774


499.1485,  
506.9434, 601.5543

 63.9190, 62.6752,  
80.9073


138.8765,  
138.3984, 171.8842

 46.8465, 45.5785,  
59.9347


172.9936,  
173.0652, 212.9580

 33.1218, 31.9133,  
42.9411


212.2852,  
213.0855, 260.1034

 22.3794, 21.2953,  
29.5078

257.1167,  
258.8437, 313.7391

 14.2541, 13.3400,  
19.2164

307.8534,  
310.7242, 374.2834

 8.3805, 7.6631,  
11.6484

364.8607,

 4.3932, 3.8801,

369.1114, 442.1550

6.3851

428.5039,  
434.3897, 517.7725

■ 1.9269, 1.6067,  
3.0081

■ 0.5924, 0.3621,  
1.0988

■ 84.7046, 83.5878,  
106.2774

■ 84.7046, 83.5878,  
106.2774

■ 75.3065, 68.9697,  
103.9511

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 67.0236, 56.3985,  
101.9612

■ 59.8085, 45.7805,  
100.2920

■ 53.6072, 37.0105,  
98.9261

■ 48.3609, 29.9732,  
97.8442

■ 44.0040, 24.5400,  
97.0252

■ 40.4618, 20.5640,  
96.4444

■ 37.6453, 17.8703,  
96.0729

■ 35.4136, 16.1794,  
95.8642

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



81.3906, 83.5878, 112.4099



84.7046, 83.5878, 106.2774



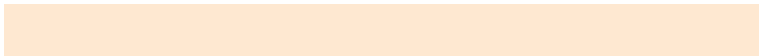
86.6386, 83.5878, 96.2865

# Triad

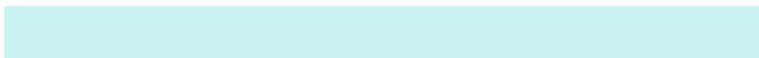
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



84.7046, 83.5878, 106.2774



81.2684, 83.5878, 72.4402



72.6965, 83.5878, 96.6448

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



84.7046, 83.5878, 106.2774



85.3049, 95.4113, 88.7873

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



72.6661, 83.5878, 85.9355



84.7046, 83.5878, 106.2774



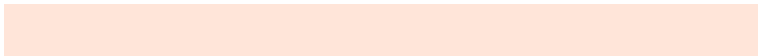
77.5360, 83.5878, 72.5195

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



84.7046, 83.5878, 106.2774



84.6127, 83.5878, 77.0588



74.4129, 83.5878, 77.2848



74.4973, 83.5878, 106.5574



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



84.7046, 83.5878, 106.2774



86.8472, 83.5878, 89.0488



74.4129, 83.5878, 77.2848



72.4809, 83.5878, 93.0056

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84.7068, 83.5913, 106.2779



91.7630, 94.7545, 108.0608



81.3577, 85.3895, 106.8016



19.4569, 19.9885, 23.0826



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84.7068, 83.5913, 106.2779



82.5421, 80.1965, 105.7368



86.9249, 84.8114, 102.9187



18.1943, 17.9919, 22.7638



18.6451, 8.5224, 50.0969



1.9293, 0.8885, 4.8831



# Inverse Universe

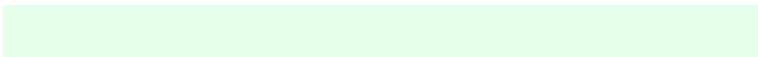
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84.9716, 84.0301, 92.6328



82.8822, 80.7381, 89.2023



83.2709, 94.2943, 91.7829



18.2489, 18.0829, 19.9278



22.3965, 11.4479, 5.4724

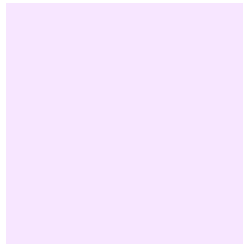


2.2280, 1.1336, 0.7820



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 84.7046, 83.5878, 106.2774 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 84.7046, 83.5878, 106.2774 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

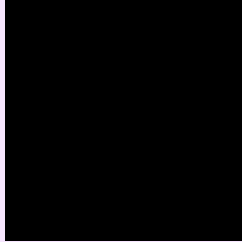
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

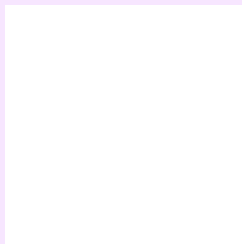
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 84.7046, 83.5878, 106.2774**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 84.7046, 83.5878, 106.2774.



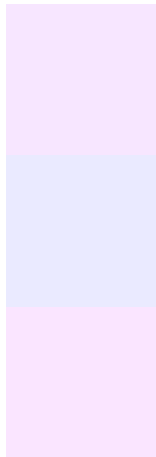
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 84.7046, 83.5878,

106.2774.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

84.7046, 83.5878, 106.2774

### Protanopia

81.4045, 83.5581, 106.4456

### Deuteranopia

85.4937, 83.5826, 106.2348



## Tritanopia

83.6808, 83.5842, 101.3454

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

84.7046, 83.5878, 106.2774

## Protanomaly

82.7855, 83.8485, 106.4289

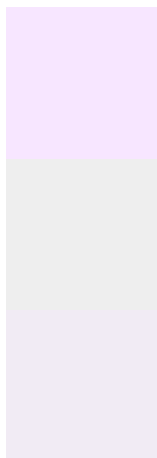
## Deuteranomaly

85.1362, 83.3984, 106.2181

## Tritanomaly

83.9945, 83.7097, 102.9974

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

84.7046, 83.5878, 106.2774

## Achromatopsia

81.2670, 85.4993, 93.1087

## Achromatomaly

82.3131, 84.6491, 97.5885

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 84.7046, 83.5878, 106.2774 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(247, 230, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(247, 230, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 230, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(247, 230, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 84.7046, 83.5878, 106.2774 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(247, 230, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(247, 230, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 230, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(247, 230, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 230, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 230,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 84.7046, 83.5878, 106.2774 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(247, 230, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(247,  
230, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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