

Converting Colors

XYZ(84.7132, 98.4630,
109.6473)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(84.7132, 98.4630, 109.6473)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(82.1289, 93.3389,
108.2953)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D8FFFF
RGB	216, 255, 255
RGB Percent	85%, 100%, 100%
CMY	0.1529, 0.0000, 0.0000
CMYK	0.15, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	180°, 100%, 92%
HSV	180°, 15%, 100%
XYZ	82.1289, 93.3389, 108.2953
YIQ	243.3390, -23.2440, -8.2680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

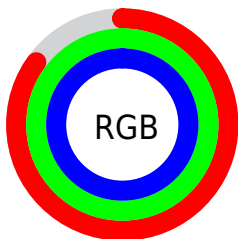
Format	Color
R_{YB}	216, 236, 255
Decimal	14221311
CIE _{Lab}	97.36, -12.41, -4.18
CIE _{LCh}	97, 13.092, 198.632
Yxy	93.3389, 0.2894, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292411391 (0xFFD8FFFF)
YUV	243.3390, 5.7489, -23.9763
Hunter-Lab	96.6121, -17.3301, 1.1685

Details

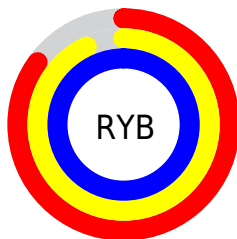
The XYZ color **82.1289, 93.3389, 108.2953** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **78.1915, 75.3310, 75.3866**, and the grayscale version is **85.4298, 89.8788, 97.8781**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **45.0851, 52.0425, 61.0950** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **75.1709, 89.7520, 107.9697**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90.2574, 97.5293, 108.6757**.

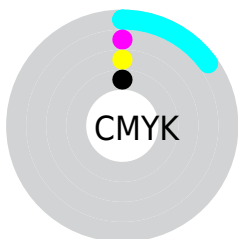
Distribution



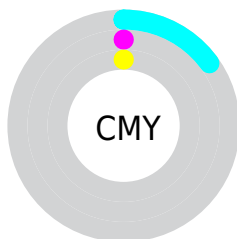
- Red (85%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (93%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 82.1289, 93.3389, 108.2953 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 82.1289, 93.3389, 108.2953 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 82.1289, 93.3389,
108.2953

 82.1289, 93.3389,
108.2953


490.7067,
538.8334, 607.9456

 61.7863, 70.7532,
82.5907


135.2896,
151.9677, 174.6619

 45.1150, 52.1408,
61.3139


168.8384,
188.7797, 216.1611

 31.7497, 37.1173,
44.0464


207.5200,
231.1025, 263.7622

 21.3250, 25.2984,
30.3695

251.6997,
279.3205, 317.8837

 13.4756, 16.2995,
19.8648

301.7428,
333.8183, 378.9443

 7.8361, 9.7363,
12.1137

358.0148,

 4.0412, 5.2245,

394.9800, 447.3625

6.6977

420.8810,
463.1903, 523.5567

■ 1.7254, 2.3796,
3.1982

■ 0.4721, 0.8153,
1.1967

■ 82.1289, 93.3389,
108.2953

■ 82.1289, 93.3389,
108.2953

■ 75.1709, 89.7520,
107.9697

■ 90.2574, 97.5293,
108.6757

■ 69.3276, 86.7396,
107.6962

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 64.5416, 84.2723,
107.4722

■ 60.7498, 82.3176,
107.2948

■ 57.8822, 80.8393,
107.1606

■ 55.8601, 79.7968,
107.0659

■ 54.5911, 79.1427,
107.0066

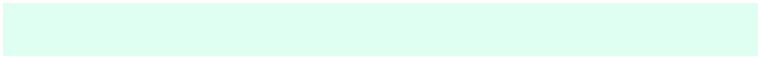
■ 53.9617, 78.8182,
106.9771

■ 53.8100, 78.7400,
106.9700

Harmonies

Analogous

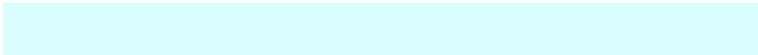
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



81.9070, 93.3389, 97.6577



82.1289, 93.3389, 108.2953



84.0861, 93.3389, 117.7397

Triad

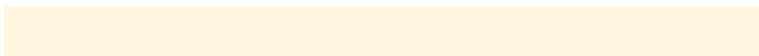
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



82.1289, 93.3389, 108.2953



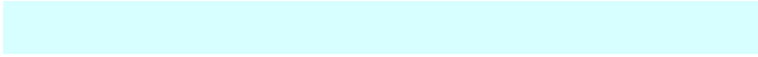
94.1756, 93.3389, 115.7332



90.1288, 93.3389, 82.8949

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



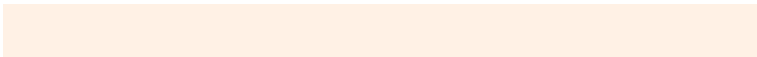
82.1289, 93.3389, 108.2953



78.1915, 75.3310, 75.3866

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



93.5124, 93.3389, 87.0615



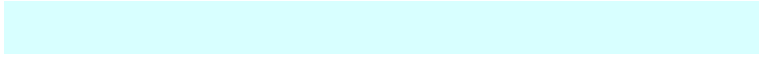
82.1289, 93.3389, 108.2953



95.8919, 93.3389, 105.7090

Square

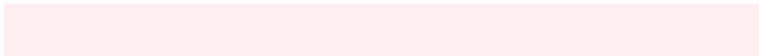
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



82.1289, 93.3389, 108.2953



91.0135, 93.3389, 122.2360



95.6458, 93.3389, 95.2443



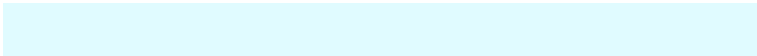
86.4571, 93.3389, 83.4809

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



82.1289, 93.3389, 108.2953



86.1429, 93.3389, 121.8592



95.6458, 93.3389, 95.2443



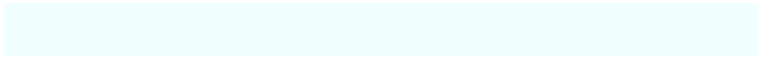
91.3394, 93.3389, 83.7738

Sweetspot

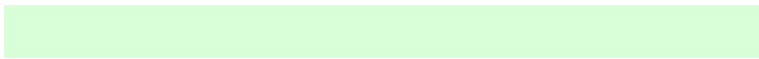
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82.1296, 93.3393, 108.2953



90.5138, 97.6615, 108.6877



76.4746, 91.0773, 78.5165



19.2425, 20.8360, 23.2575



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

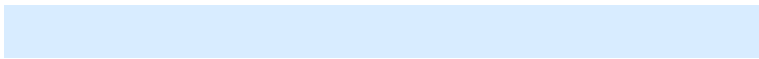
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82.1296, 93.3393, 108.2953



80.1328, 92.3099, 108.2019



76.2217, 81.5234, 106.3260



18.5550, 20.4815, 23.2253



28.1169, 41.1433, 55.8941



2.7376, 4.0060, 5.4422

Inverse Universe

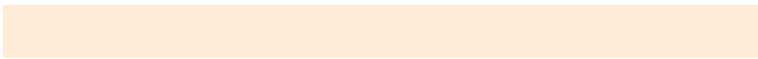
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83.8465, 77.5930, 105.1655



82.1150, 74.1300, 104.5883



83.4870, 85.9221, 77.1518



18.7928, 18.3004, 22.7918



30.9803, 14.8814, 50.6741



3.0164, 1.4490, 4.9340

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 82.1289, 93.3389, 108.2953 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

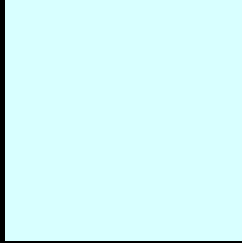
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 82.1289, 93.3389, 108.2953 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

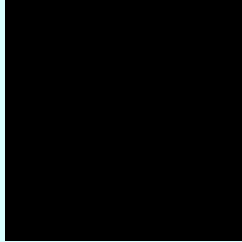
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 82.1289, 93.3389, 108.2953

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 82.1289, 93.3389, 108.2953.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 82.1289, 93.3389,

Color Blindness Simulation

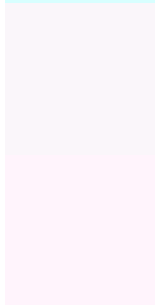
Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

82.1289, 93.3389, 108.2953



Protanopia

89.6354, 93.1377, 103.6956

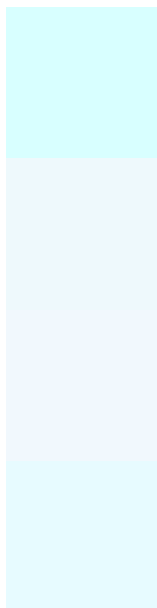
Deuteranopia

91.1614, 92.9896, 105.2395

Tritanopia

87.5223, 93.3221, 108.0078

Trichromacy



Original Color

82.1289, 93.3389, 108.2953

Protanomaly

86.7063, 92.9568, 105.4680

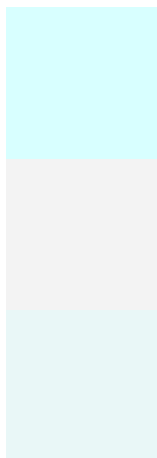
Deuteranomaly

87.5727, 92.9274, 106.2497

Tritanomaly

85.5022, 93.2033, 108.0913

Monochromacy



Original Color

82.1289, 93.3389, 108.2953

Achromatopsia

85.1904, 89.6269, 97.6037

Achromatomaly

83.6535, 90.5606, 101.0666

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 82.1289, 93.3389, 108.2953 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(216, 255, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(216, 255, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(216, 255, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(216, 255, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 82.1289, 93.3389, 108.2953 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

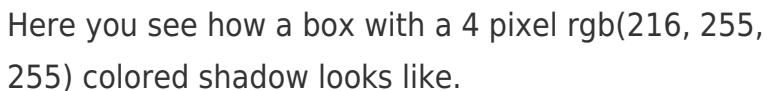
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(216, 255, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(216, 255, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(216, 255, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(216, 255, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 255, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 255,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 82.1289, 93.3389, 108.2953 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(216, 255, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(216,  
255, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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