

# Converting Colors

XYZ(84.9092, 82.1655,  
163.1639)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(84.9092, 82.1655, 163.1639)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(73.8009, 77.5548, 105.6876)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(73.8009, 77.5548,  
105.6876)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D6E5FF
RGB	214, 229, 255
RGB Percent	84%, 90%, 100%
CMY	0.1608, 0.1019, 0.0000
CMYK	0.16, 0.10, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	218°, 100%, 92%
HSV	218°, 16%, 100%
XYZ	73.8009, 77.5548, 105.6876
YIQ	227.4790, -17.2860, 4.9060

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

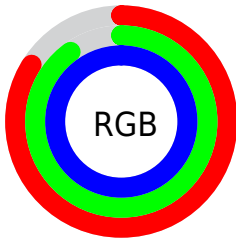
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	214, 225, 255
Decimal	14083583
CIE Lab	90.58, 0.18, -14.27
CIE LCh	91, 14.273, 270.728
Yxy	77.5548, 0.2871, 0.3017
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292273663 (0xFFD6E5FF)
YUV	227.4790, 13.5679, -11.8211
Hunter-Lab	88.0652, -4.5265, -9.5087

# Details

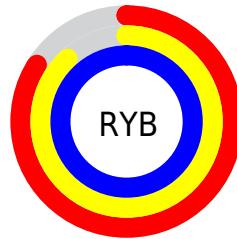
The XYZ color **73.8009, 77.5548, 105.6876** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **84.5373, 88.4339, 76.2339**, and the grayscale version is **73.2775, 77.0936, 83.9549**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **39.6272, 41.7202, 59.3903** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62.6662, 65.4815, 103.9441**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86.5215, 91.0682, 107.6255**.

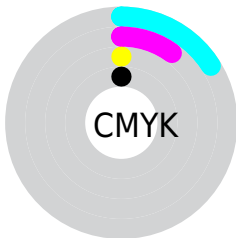
# Distribution



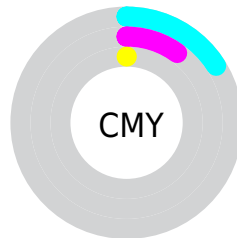
- Red (84%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (88%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 73.8009, 77.5548, 105.6876 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 73.8009, 77.5548, 105.6876 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



73.8009, 77.5548,  
105.6876

73.8009, 77.5548,  
105.6876

462.8469,  
486.6536, 599.6795

54.9218, 57.7083,  
80.4157

123.6105,  
129.9223, 171.0713

39.5727, 41.5742,  
59.5323

155.2718,  
163.2122, 212.0202

27.3883, 28.7680,  
42.6189

191.9245,  
201.7520, 259.0318

18.0031, 18.9054,  
29.2570

233.9340,  
245.9261, 312.5246

11.0519, 11.6020,  
19.0281

281.6656,  
296.1189, 372.9173

6.1693, 6.4733,  
11.5136

335.4847,

2.9900, 3.1349,

352.7148, 440.6283

6.2949

395.7567,  
416.0982, 516.0762

■ 1.1485, 1.2026,  
2.9535

■ 0.0651, 0.0638,  
1.0710

■ 73.8009, 77.5548,  
105.6876

■ 73.8009, 77.5548,  
105.6876

■ 62.6662, 65.4815,  
103.9441

■ 86.5215, 91.0682,  
107.6255

■ 53.0457, 54.7886,  
102.3872

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 44.8713, 45.4253,  
101.0107

■ 38.0671, 37.3343,  
99.8076

■ 32.5495, 30.4530,  
98.7702

■ 28.2250, 24.7129,  
97.8902

■ 24.9855, 20.0365,  
97.1583

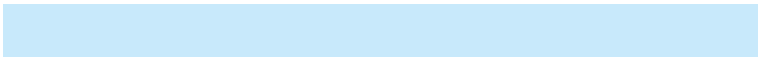
■ 22.6994, 16.3330,  
96.5639

■ 21.9919, 15.1039,  
96.3640

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



70.4048, 77.5548, 102.7982



73.8009, 77.5548, 105.6876



77.2803, 77.5548, 102.5132

# Triad

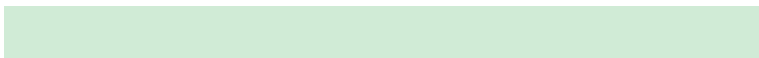
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



73.8009, 77.5548, 105.6876



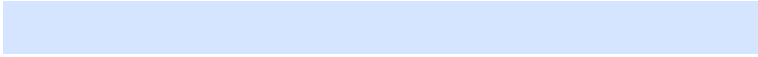
79.7788, 77.5548, 74.7832



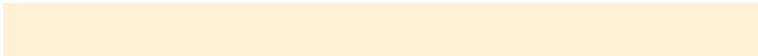
67.8810, 77.5548, 75.1835

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



73.8009, 77.5548, 105.6876



84.5373, 88.4339, 76.2339

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



70.2582, 77.5548, 68.6335



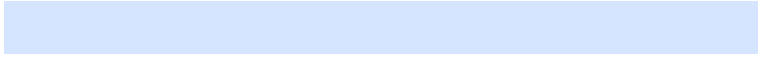
73.8009, 77.5548, 105.6876



77.1243, 77.5548, 68.4159

# Square

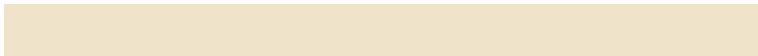
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



73.8009, 77.5548, 105.6876



80.7994, 77.5548, 84.1941



73.6262, 77.5548, 66.2568

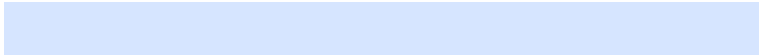


67.0545, 77.5548, 84.6944



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



73.8009, 77.5548, 105.6876



79.1615, 77.5548, 97.5222



73.6262, 77.5548, 66.2568



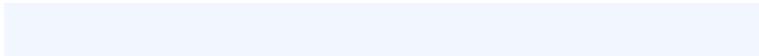
68.5214, 77.5548, 72.5906

# Sweetspot

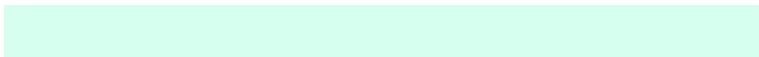
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



73.8030, 77.5579, 105.6881



87.9888, 92.6115, 107.8460



79.2157, 92.1059, 96.0159



18.6279, 19.6068, 23.0526



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

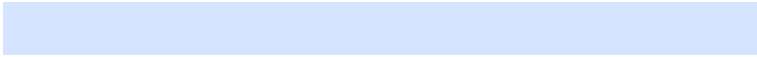


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



73.8030, 77.5579, 105.6881



70.3874, 73.8824, 105.1587



71.4519, 70.4473, 104.4395



17.5472, 18.4661, 22.8894



11.6207, 8.1511, 50.3954



1.2313, 0.9932, 4.9401



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



79.4308, 75.0118, 84.4247



76.9365, 71.0649, 80.3819



87.1554, 96.6131, 77.6747



18.2841, 18.0970, 20.1133



22.6538, 11.5508, 6.8274

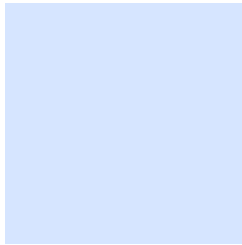


2.2561, 1.1448, 0.9300



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 73.8009, 77.5548, 105.6876 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

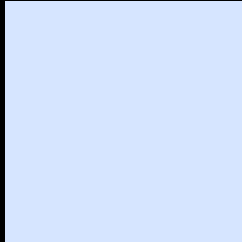
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 73.8009, 77.5548, 105.6876 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

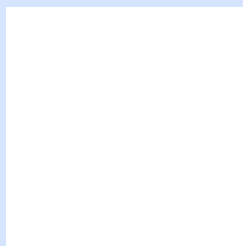
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 73.8009, 77.5548, 105.6876

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 73.8009, 77.5548, 105.6876.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 73.8009, 77.5548,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

73.8009, 77.5548, 105.6876

### Protanopia

75.6664, 77.3319, 103.8670

### Deuteranopia

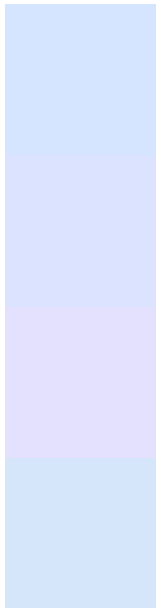
78.7633, 77.2954, 105.3760



## Tritanopia

72.6807, 77.5171, 99.9385

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

73.8009, 77.5548, 105.6876

## Protanomaly

74.8737, 77.3096, 104.7419

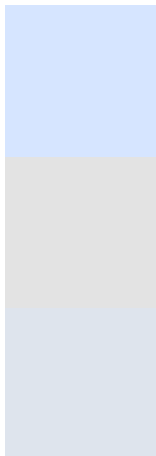
## Deuteranomaly

76.9701, 77.5644, 105.5224

## Tritanomaly

73.1500, 77.7048, 102.4099

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

73.8009, 77.5548, 105.6876

## Achromatopsia

73.0128, 76.8151, 83.6517

## Achromatomaly

73.1537, 77.1308, 91.1529

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 73.8009, 77.5548, 105.6876 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(214, 229, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(214, 229, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(214, 229, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(214, 229, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 73.8009, 77.5548, 105.6876 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(214, 229, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(214, 229, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(214, 229, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(214, 229, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 229, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 229,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 73.8009, 77.5548, 105.6876 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(214, 229, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(214,  
229, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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