

# Converting Colors

XYZ(85.0816, 91.7149, 94.1988)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(85.0816, 91.7149, 94.1988)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(85.2756, 92.0086,  
94.1539)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F1F8EE
RGB	241, 248, 238
RGB Percent	95%, 97%, 93%
CMY	0.0549, 0.0274, 0.0667
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.04, 0.03
HSL	102°, 42%, 95%
HSV	102°, 4%, 97%
XYZ	85.2756, 92.0086, 94.1539
YIQ	244.7670, -0.9620, -4.5940

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

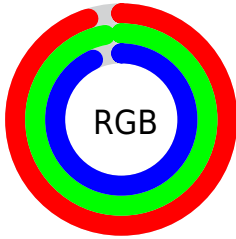
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	238, 248, 245
Decimal	15857902
CIE Lab	96.82, -4.07, 3.98
CIE LCh	97, 5.692, 135.603
Yxy	92.0086, 0.3142, 0.3390
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294047982 (0xFFFF1F8EE)
YUV	244.7670, -3.3361, -3.3037
Hunter-Lab	95.9211, -9.1722, 8.9471

# Details

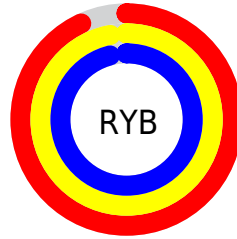
The XYZ color **85.2756, 92.0086, 94.1539** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **85.1777, 87.3414, 101.1809**, and the grayscale version is **86.6325, 91.1442, 99.2560**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **47.3007, 51.3910, 51.6824** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **76.2330, 87.7420, 76.0028**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **92.8592, 95.6184, 108.1697**.

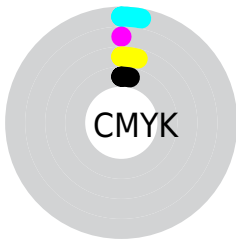
# Distribution



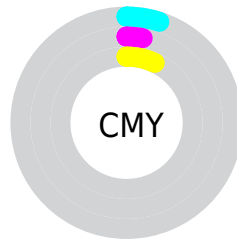
- Red (95%)
- Green (97%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (97%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (7%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 85.2756, 92.0086, 94.1539 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 85.2756, 92.0086, 94.1539 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



85.2756, 92.0086,  
94.1539

85.2756, 92.0086,  
94.1539

501.0095,  
534.5433, 562.3677

64.3924, 69.6478,  
70.8380

139.6702,  
150.1253, 155.0807

47.2314, 51.2394,  
51.7290

173.9123,  
186.6500, 193.5286

33.4274, 36.3992,  
36.4083

213.3381,  
228.6647, 237.8576

22.6148, 24.7427,  
24.4575

258.3129,  
276.5539, 288.4862

14.4285, 15.8854,  
15.4580

309.2021,  
330.7020, 345.8330

8.5030, 9.4431,  
8.9913

366.3710,

4.4729, 5.0313,

391.4933, 410.3165

4.6388

430.1850,  
459.3123, 482.3552

■ 1.9730, 2.2657,  
1.9819

■ 0.6187, 0.7554,  
0.5441

■ 85.2756, 92.0086,  
94.1539

■ 85.2756, 92.0086,  
94.1539

■ 76.2330, 87.7420,  
76.0028

■ 92.8592, 95.6184,  
108.1697

■ 68.2188, 83.9473,  
60.4117

■ 61.1973, 80.6113,  
47.2670

■ 55.1278, 77.7156,  
36.4444

■ 49.9668, 75.2408,  
27.8087

■ 45.6667, 73.1656,  
21.2104

■ 42.1755, 71.4669,  
16.4817

■ 39.4344, 70.1186,  
13.4276

■ 37.3749, 69.0905,  
11.8103

# Harmonies

## Analogous

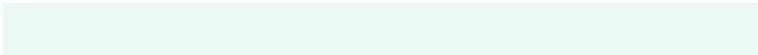
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



86.6281, 92.0086, 91.9477



85.2756, 92.0086, 94.1539



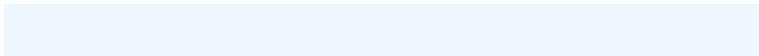
84.5106, 92.0086, 98.0109

# Triad

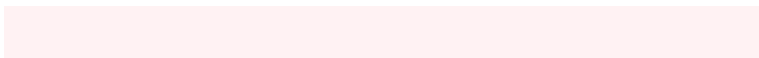
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



85.2756, 92.0086, 94.1539



86.6901, 92.0086, 108.9438



90.4425, 92.0086, 97.8348

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85.2756, 92.0086, 94.1539



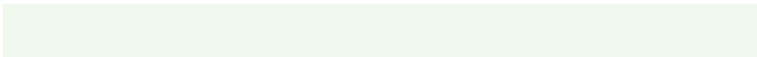
85.1777, 87.3414, 101.1809

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



90.4596, 92.0086, 102.3844



85.2756, 92.0086, 94.1539



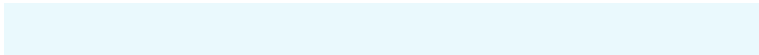
88.2800, 92.0086, 108.8932

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



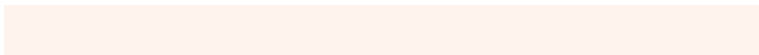
85.2756, 92.0086, 94.1539



85.3205, 92.0086, 106.5978



89.6639, 92.0086, 106.4615

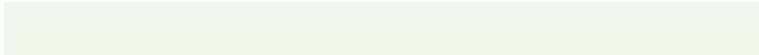


89.6175, 92.0086, 94.0284



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



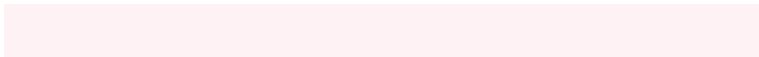
85.2756, 92.0086, 94.1539



84.4307, 92.0086, 101.0428



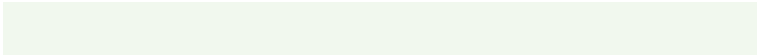
89.6639, 92.0086, 106.4615



90.5433, 92.0086, 99.3256

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85.2782, 92.0126, 94.1559



93.9883, 99.4998, 106.7215



86.8002, 91.4383, 93.9648



20.1286, 21.3023, 22.8657



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85.2782, 92.0126, 94.1559



89.8562, 97.5518, 98.2949



84.5583, 91.6073, 95.6654



18.2692, 19.9213, 19.8519



19.7965, 37.1238, 6.1222



1.9355, 3.4909, 0.5718



# Inverse Universe

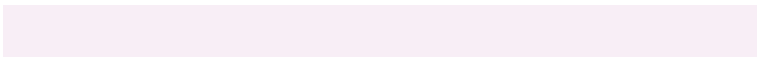
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



85.1777, 87.3414, 101.1809



89.7241, 91.4153, 107.5237



85.9239, 87.7618, 99.6039



18.2385, 18.4968, 21.9943



18.6876, 8.5765, 48.6440

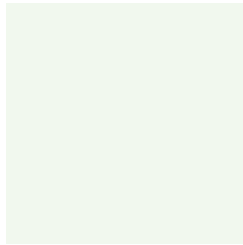


1.8377, 0.8494, 4.5103



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 85.2756, 92.0086, 94.1539 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

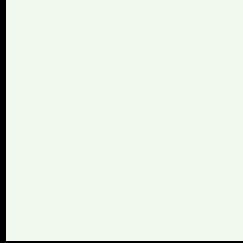
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 85.2756, 92.0086, 94.1539 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

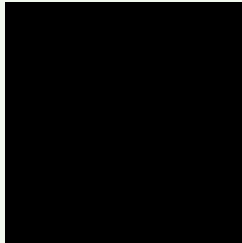
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

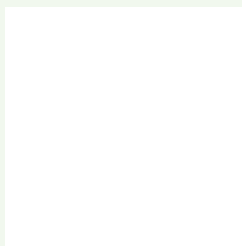
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 85.2756, 92.0086, 94.1539**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 85.2756, 92.0086, 94.1539.



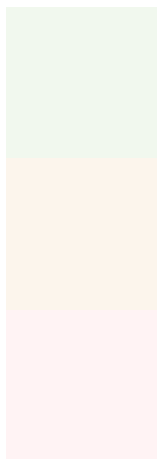
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 85.2756, 92.0086,

94.1539.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

85.2756, 92.0086, 94.1539

### Protanopia

87.9376, 92.0564, 92.4907

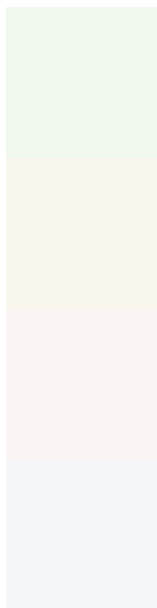
### Deuteranopia

89.6197, 91.8928, 98.6016

## **Tritanopia**

88.3586, 91.9373, 107.6964

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

85.2756, 92.0086, 94.1539

## Protanomaly

86.9532, 91.9824, 93.2922

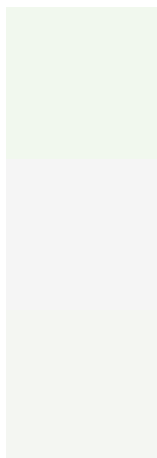
## Deuteranomaly

88.1038, 92.0396, 97.1263

## Tritanomaly

87.3629, 91.9842, 102.7727

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

85.2756, 92.0086, 94.1539

## Achromatopsia

86.7900, 91.3099, 99.4364

## Achromatomaly

86.2910, 91.5554, 97.1283

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 85.2756, 92.0086, 94.1539 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(241, 248, 238) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(241, 248, 238)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(241, 248, 238) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(241, 248, 238) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 85.2756, 92.0086, 94.1539 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(241, 248, 238) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(241, 248, 238) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(241, 248, 238)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(241, 248, 238); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(241, 248, 238);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(241, 248,  
238) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 85.2756, 92.0086, 94.1539 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(241, 248, 238) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(241,  
248, 238) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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