

# Converting Colors

XYZ(85.1757, 94.4685,  
108.3527)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(85.1757, 94.4685, 108.3527)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(85.1704, 94.4345,  
108.3465)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E3FEFF
RGB	227, 254, 255
RGB Percent	89%, 100%, 100%
CMY	0.1098, 0.0039, 0.0000
CMYK	0.11, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	182°, 100%, 95%
HSV	182°, 11%, 100%
XYZ	85.1704, 94.4345, 108.3465
YIQ	246.0410, -16.4130, -5.4130

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	227, 241, 255
Decimal	14941951
CIE Lab	97.81, -8.50, -3.45
CIE LCh	98, 9.177, 202.099
Yxy	94.4345, 0.2958, 0.3280
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293132031 (0xFFE3FEFF)
YUV	246.0410, 4.4168, -16.6990
Hunter-Lab	97.1774, -13.6155, 1.9197

# Details

The XYZ color **85.1704, 94.4345, 108.3465** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **82.8480, 82.2913, 84.1920**, and the grayscale version is **87.6076, 92.1700, 100.3731**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **46.9539, 52.6676, 61.1172** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **77.4294, 90.0207, 107.9025**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94.1088, 99.4728, 108.8478**.

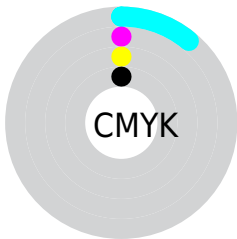
# Distribution



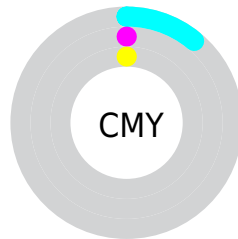
- Red (89%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 85.1704, 94.4345, 108.3465 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 85.1704, 94.4345, 108.3465 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 85.1704, 94.4345,  
108.3465

 85.1704, 94.4345,  
108.3465


500.6669,  
542.3530, 608.1073

 64.3052, 71.6644,  
82.6335


139.5240,  
153.4831, 174.7324

 47.1605, 52.8846,  
61.3490


173.7431,  
190.5304, 216.2423

 33.3710, 37.7106,  
44.0745

213.1442,  
233.1056, 263.8549

 22.5714, 25.7582,  
30.3914

258.0926,  
281.5930, 317.9887

 14.3963, 16.6428,  
19.8813

308.9538,  
336.3770, 379.0623

 8.4804, 9.9802,  
12.1256

366.0929,

 4.4582, 5.3858,

397.8421, 447.4943

6.7057

429.8756,  
466.3727, 523.7031

■ 1.9645, 2.4754,  
3.2031

■ 0.6139, 0.8643,  
1.1992

■ 85.1704, 94.4345,  
108.3465

■ 85.1704, 94.4345,  
108.3465

■ 77.4294, 90.0207,  
107.9025

94.1088, 99.4728,  
108.8478

■ 70.8263, 86.1929,  
107.5117

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 65.3075, 82.9261,  
107.1720

■ 60.8122, 80.1890,  
106.8806

■ 57.2737, 77.9471,  
106.6344

■ 54.6172, 76.1619,  
106.4298

■ 52.7571, 74.7893,  
106.2629

■ 51.5904, 73.7761,  
106.1289

■ 50.9879, 73.0959,  
106.0293

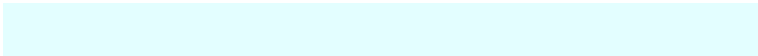
# Harmonies

## Analogous

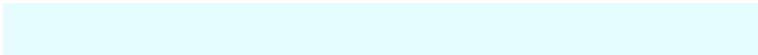
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



84.8596, 94.4345, 100.8528



85.1704, 94.4345, 108.3465



86.6982, 94.4345, 114.6318

# Triad

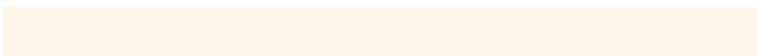
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



85.1704, 94.4345, 108.3465



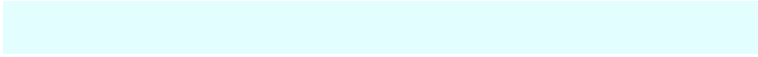
93.7909, 94.4345, 111.9422



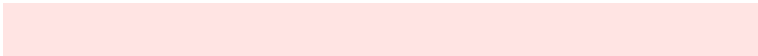
90.4514, 94.4345, 89.1855

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



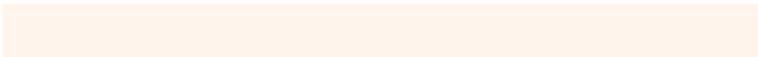
85.1704, 94.4345, 108.3465



82.8480, 82.2913, 84.1920

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



92.8872, 94.4345, 91.8546



85.1704, 94.4345, 108.3465



94.8396, 94.4345, 104.8189

# Square

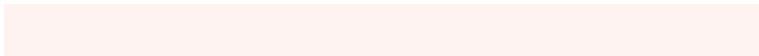
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



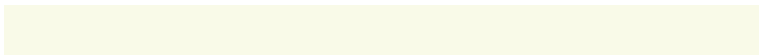
85.1704, 94.4345, 108.3465



91.6656, 94.4345, 116.7771



94.5057, 94.4345, 97.4907

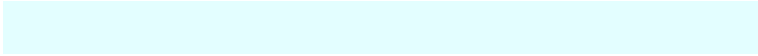


87.8754, 94.4345, 90.0275

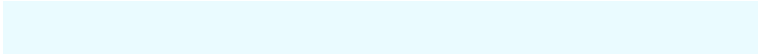


# Rectangle

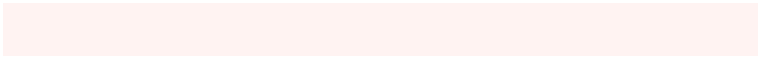
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



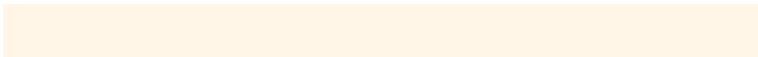
85.1704, 94.4345, 108.3465



88.2177, 94.4345, 117.1711



94.5057, 94.4345, 97.4907



91.3144, 94.4345, 89.6971

# Sweetspot

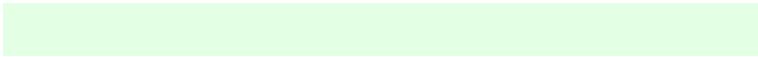
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85.1728, 94.4383, 108.3471



92.2047, 98.4046, 108.7420



81.4339, 93.4491, 87.0974



19.5769, 20.9734, 23.2664



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

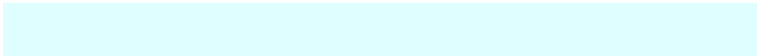


# Same Dimension

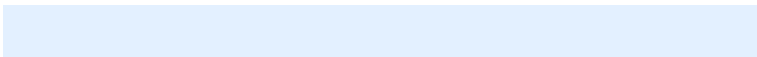
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85.1728, 94.4383, 108.3471



83.5137, 93.4969, 108.2528



80.9094, 85.9115, 106.9259



18.4963, 20.3642, 23.2058



26.6669, 38.2434, 55.4108



2.6131, 3.7569, 5.4007



# Inverse Universe

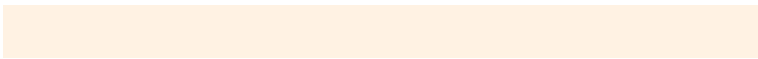
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



86.6000, 83.3556, 105.2954



85.1824, 80.5673, 104.6783



86.8381, 90.2714, 85.5220



18.7632, 18.2886, 22.6359



30.2484, 14.5887, 46.8201



2.9536, 1.4238, 4.6029



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 85.1704, 94.4345, 108.3465 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

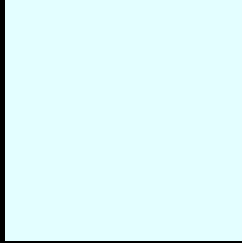
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 85.1704, 94.4345, 108.3465 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 85.1704, 94.4345, 108.3465

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 85.1704, 94.4345, 108.3465.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 85.1704, 94.4345,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

85.1704, 94.4345, 108.3465

### Protanopia

90.8182, 94.1820, 104.6591

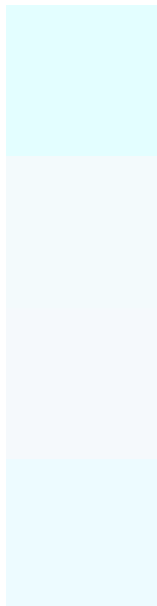
### Deuteranopia

91.6084, 94.1366, 104.6087

## **Tritanopia**

88.8878, 94.0260, 108.0717

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

85.1704, 94.4345, 108.3465

## Protanomaly

88.7184, 94.4542, 105.6510

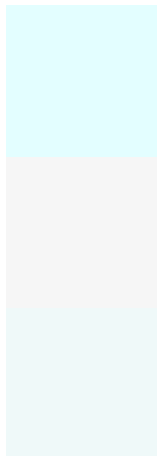
## Deuteranomaly

89.1026, 94.1921, 105.5801

## Tritanomaly

87.4722, 94.2189, 108.1835

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

85.1704, 94.4345, 108.3465

## Achromatopsia

87.5964, 92.1582, 100.3603

## Achromatomaly

86.5712, 92.9416, 102.9993

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 85.1704, 94.4345, 108.3465 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(227, 254, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(227, 254, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 254, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(227, 254, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 85.1704, 94.4345, 108.3465 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(227, 254, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(227, 254, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 254, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(227, 254, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 254, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 254,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 85.1704, 94.4345, 108.3465 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(227, 254, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(227,  
254, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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