

# Converting Colors

XYZ(85.2539, 93.5675, 87.7852)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(85.2539, 93.5675, 87.7852)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(85.2580, 93.5287,  
87.6880)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F2FBE5
RGB	242, 251, 229
RGB Percent	95%, 98%, 90%
CMY	0.0510, 0.0157, 0.1020
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.09, 0.02
HSL	85°, 73%, 94%
HSV	85°, 9%, 98%
XYZ	85.2580, 93.5287, 87.6880
YIQ	245.8010, 1.6980, -8.7500

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

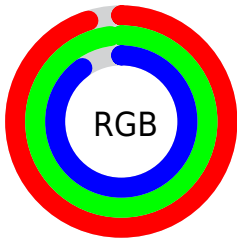
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	229, 251, 238
Decimal	15924197
CIE Lab	97.44, -6.76, 9.51
CIE LCh	97, 11.673, 125.412
Yxy	93.5287, 0.3199, 0.3510
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294114277 (0xFFFF2FBE5)
YUV	245.8010, -8.2829, -3.3335
Hunter-Lab	96.7102, -11.8805, 13.9384

# Details

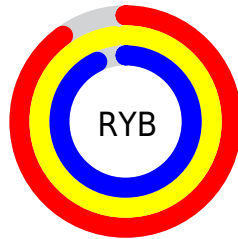
The XYZ color **85.2580, 93.5287, 87.6880** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **80.6953, 81.1833, 102.6884**, and the grayscale version is **87.5027, 92.0596, 100.2529**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **47.4048, 52.5253, 47.6843** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78.5773, 90.4635, 70.3844**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **92.6486, 96.9068, 107.6738**.

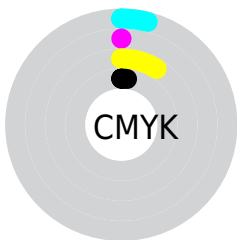
# Distribution



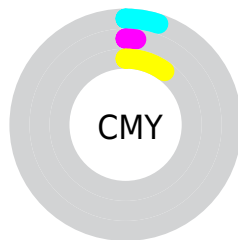
- Red (95%)
- Green (98%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (98%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (2%)




- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (10%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 85.2580, 93.5287, 87.6880 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 85.2580, 93.5287, 87.6880 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 85.2580, 93.5287,  
87.6880

 85.2580, 93.5287,  
87.6880

500.9522,  
539.4440, 540.8558

 64.3778, 70.9110,  
65.5018

139.6458,  
152.2304, 146.0300

 47.2196, 52.2696,  
47.4142

173.8840,  
189.0832, 183.0230

 33.4179, 37.2200,  
33.0065


213.3057,  
231.4498, 225.7886

 22.6076, 25.3779,  
21.8603

258.2760,  
279.7146, 274.7454

 14.4231, 16.3588,  
13.5569

309.1605,  
334.2620, 330.3120

 8.4992, 9.7784,  
7.6779

366.3245,

 4.4705, 5.2523,

395.4765, 392.9069

3.8048

430.1333,  
463.7423, 462.9487

■ 1.9716, 2.3960,  
1.5189

■ 0.6179, 0.8238,  
0.2319

■ 85.2580, 93.5287,  
87.6880

■ 85.2580, 93.5287,  
87.6880

■ 78.5773, 90.4635,  
70.3844

■ 92.6486, 96.9068,  
107.6738

■ 72.5741, 87.6888,  
55.6428

■ 93.7890, 97.4780,  
108.4797

■ 67.2243, 85.1976,  
43.3428

■ 62.4995, 82.9781,  
33.3519

■ 58.3686, 81.0175,  
25.5253

■ 54.7976, 79.3018,  
19.7015

■ 51.7478, 77.8150,  
15.6966

■ 49.1740, 76.5387,  
13.2927

■ 47.0123, 75.4469,  
12.1738

# Harmonies

## Analogous

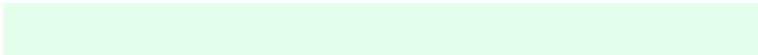
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.2971, 93.5287, 84.7424



85.2580, 93.5287, 87.6880



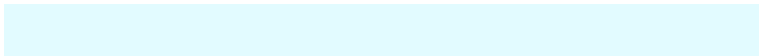
83.2319, 93.5287, 94.4372

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



85.2580, 93.5287, 87.6880



86.2735, 93.5287, 119.3325



95.3861, 93.5287, 100.1269

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85.2580, 93.5287, 87.6880



80.6953, 81.1833, 102.6884

# Split Complementary

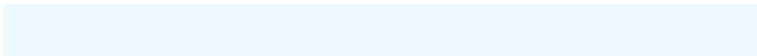
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



94.8119, 93.5287, 109.6133



85.2580, 93.5287, 87.6880



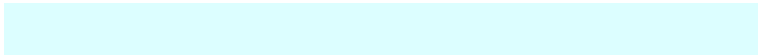
89.4980, 93.5287, 121.0883

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



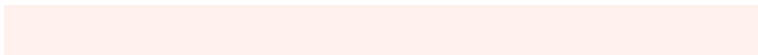
85.2580, 93.5287, 87.6880



83.8079, 93.5287, 112.7715



92.6365, 93.5287, 117.4313



94.1865, 93.5287, 91.6329



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85.2580, 93.5287, 87.6880



82.7000, 93.5287, 100.3853



92.6365, 93.5287, 117.4313



95.3944, 93.5287, 103.3023

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85.2606, 93.5327, 87.6900



92.7002, 98.9281, 102.4883



84.4462, 87.2022, 86.5110



19.7097, 21.1144, 21.5792



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

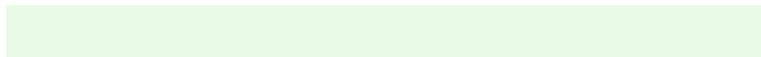
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85.2606, 93.5327, 87.6900



86.7606, 96.2109, 86.6347



81.6624, 91.6778, 87.5216



18.0004, 19.8160, 18.3385



24.7494, 39.6770, 6.3540



2.4125, 3.7368, 0.5941



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80.6953, 81.1833, 102.6884



80.9094, 80.3822, 105.8587



84.4309, 83.1091, 102.8633



16.9557, 16.9898, 21.7710



12.2310, 5.2480, 48.3419

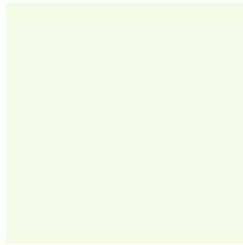


1.2497, 0.5463, 4.4828



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 85.2580, 93.5287, 87.6880 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

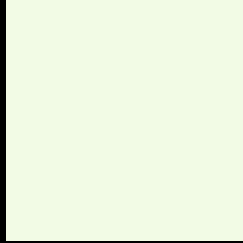
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 85.2580, 93.5287, 87.6880 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

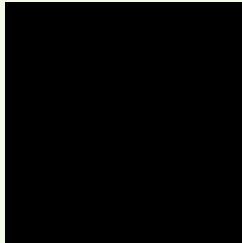
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

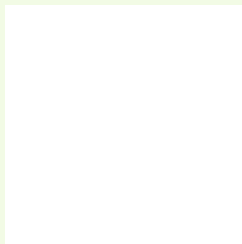
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 85.2580, 93.5287, 87.6880**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 85.2580, 93.5287, 87.6880.



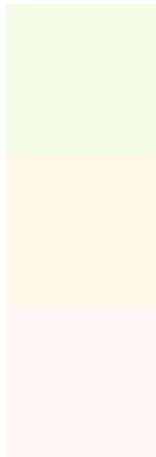
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 85.2580, 93.5287,

87.6880.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

85.2580, 93.5287, 87.6880

### Protanopia

88.9246, 93.5511, 88.9716

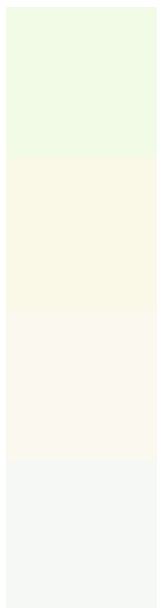
### Deuteranopia

90.5249, 93.7032, 98.9033

## **Tritanopia**

90.0222, 93.6980, 107.9486

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

85.2580, 93.5287, 87.6880

## Protanomaly

87.2747, 93.1720, 88.2470

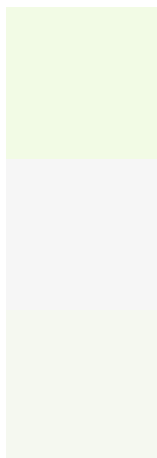
## Deuteranomaly

88.5717, 93.6908, 95.0773

## Tritanomaly

88.2080, 93.3815, 100.5641

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

85.2580, 93.5287, 87.6880

## Achromatopsia

87.5964, 92.1582, 100.3603

## Achromatomaly

86.9518, 92.8386, 95.7749

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 85.2580, 93.5287, 87.6880 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(242, 251, 229)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 251, 229)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 251, 229) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 251, 229) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 85.2580, 93.5287, 87.6880 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 251, 229) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 251, 229) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(242, 251, 229)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 251, 229); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 251, 229);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 251,  
229) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 85.2580, 93.5287, 87.6880 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 251, 229) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242,  
251, 229) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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