

# Converting Colors

XYZ(85.3539, 83.8501, 95.8827)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(85.3539, 83.8501, 95.8827)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(85.2863, 83.7094,  
95.6669)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	FFE5F2
RGB	255, 229, 242
RGB Percent	100%, 90%, 95%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1019, 0.0510
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.05, 0.00
HSL	330°, 100%, 95%
HSV	330°, 10%, 100%
XYZ	85.2863, 83.7094, 95.6669
YIQ	238.2560, 11.3230, 9.5550

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

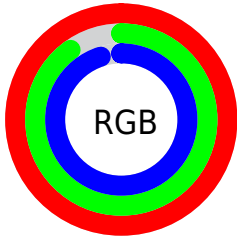
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 229, 242
Decimal	16770546
CIE Lab	93.32, 11.04, -3.07
CIE LCh	93, 11.456, 344.473
Yxy	83.7094, 0.3222, 0.3163
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294960626 (0xFFFFE5F2)
YUV	238.2560, 1.8458, 14.6845
Hunter-Lab	91.4928, 6.2787, 2.0501

# Details

The XYZ color **85.2863, 83.7094, 95.6669** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **84.1027, 94.5901, 97.8328**, and the grayscale version is **81.4480, 85.6896, 93.3160**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **47.2877, 45.8230, 52.8068** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **76.8935, 69.8824, 83.7480**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94.8528, 99.6693, 108.6382**.

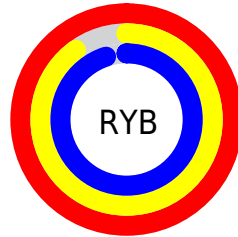
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (90%)

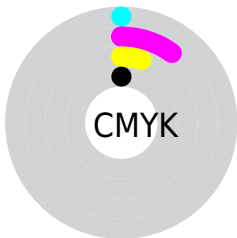
Blue (95%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (90%)

Blue (95%)

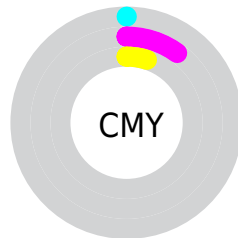


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (5%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)


Yellow (5%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 85.2863, 83.7094, 95.6669 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 85.2863, 83.7094, 95.6669 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 85.2863, 83.7094,  
95.6669

 85.2863, 83.7094,  
95.6669


501.0444,  
507.3477, 567.3366

 64.4013, 62.7755,  
72.0902


139.6851,  
138.5686, 157.1891

 47.2386, 45.6596,  
52.7451


173.9295,  
173.2627, 195.9717

 33.4331, 31.9773,  
37.2130


213.3578,  
213.3124, 240.6601

 22.6192, 21.3442,  
25.0754

258.3353,  
259.1020, 291.6727

 14.4318, 13.3758,  
15.9137

309.2273,  
311.0159, 349.4281

 8.5053, 7.6878,  
9.3094

366.3993,

 4.4744, 3.8959,

369.4386, 414.3449

4.8440

430.2165,  
434.7544, 486.8415

■ 1.9739, 1.6155,  
2.0989

■ 0.6192, 0.3680,  
0.6151

■ 85.2863, 83.7094,  
95.6669

■ 85.2863, 83.7094,  
95.6669

■ 76.8935, 69.8824,  
83.7480

94.8528, 99.6693,  
108.6382

■ 69.6209, 58.0869,  
72.8469

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 63.4194, 48.2286,  
62.9346

■ 58.2337, 40.2017,  
53.9785

■ 54.0035, 33.8901,  
45.9437

■ 50.6614, 29.1643,  
38.7924

■ 48.1308, 25.8761,  
32.4833

■ 46.3207, 23.8487,  
26.9693

■ 45.1026, 22.8050,  
22.2700

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83.6982, 83.7094, 103.5260



85.2863, 83.7094, 95.6669



85.3153, 83.7094, 87.0547

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



85.2863, 83.7094, 95.6669



78.1218, 83.7094, 75.9822



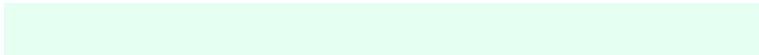
75.4939, 83.7094, 103.2907

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85.2863, 83.7094, 95.6669



84.1027, 94.5901, 97.8328

# Split Complementary

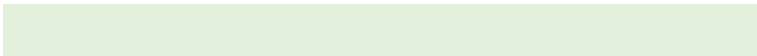
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



74.0758, 83.7094, 95.3621



85.2863, 83.7094, 95.6669



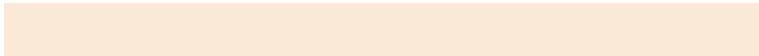
75.5668, 83.7094, 79.7932

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



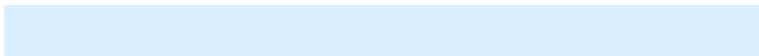
85.2863, 83.7094, 95.6669



81.1268, 83.7094, 76.0524



74.1022, 83.7094, 86.7685



78.0200, 83.7094, 108.1136



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



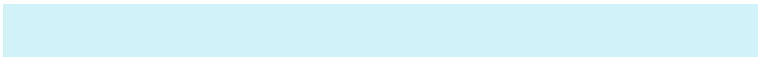
85.2863, 83.7094, 95.6669



84.4436, 83.7094, 82.0587



74.1022, 83.7094, 86.7685



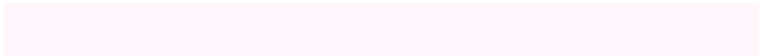
74.8747, 83.7094, 100.8791

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85.2882, 83.7128, 95.6687



92.0480, 94.9719, 104.8911



82.6899, 82.1397, 106.1041



19.5343, 20.0474, 22.2252



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

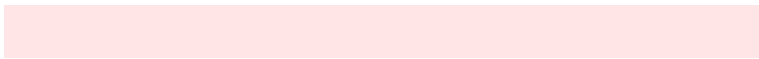
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85.2882, 83.7128, 95.6687



83.6867, 81.0599, 93.4387



83.4046, 82.9594, 85.7500



18.3881, 18.1386, 20.6611



23.6424, 11.9463, 12.0334



2.3571, 1.1852, 1.4619

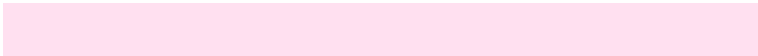


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



85.2882, 83.7128, 95.6687



83.6867, 81.0599, 93.4387



86.1250, 95.3990, 108.4823



18.3881, 18.1386, 20.6611



23.6424, 11.9463, 12.0334

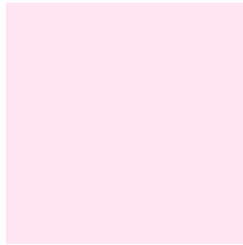


2.3571, 1.1852, 1.4619



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 85.2863, 83.7094, 95.6669 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

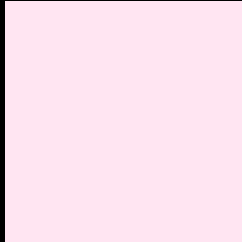
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 85.2863, 83.7094, 95.6669 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

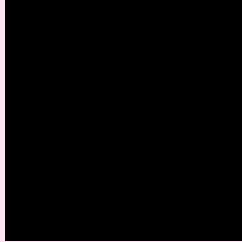
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 85.2863, 83.7094, 95.6669**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 85.2863, 83.7094, 95.6669.



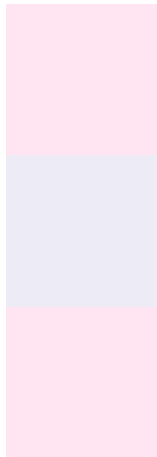
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 85.2863, 83.7094,

95.6669.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

85.2863, 83.7094, 95.6669

### Protanopia

81.1148, 84.0138, 98.3273

### Deuteranopia

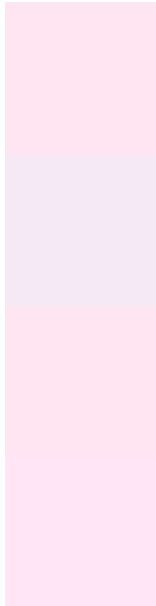
85.2863, 83.7094, 95.6669



## Tritanopia

85.8939, 83.9524, 98.8661

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

85.2863, 83.7094, 95.6669

## Protanomaly

82.7763, 84.0426, 97.4470

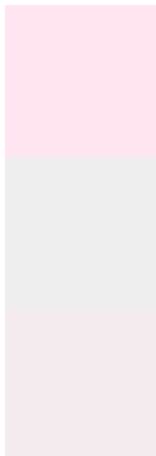
## Deuteranomaly

85.2863, 83.7094, 95.6669

## Tritanomaly

85.7407, 83.8912, 98.0598

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

85.2863, 83.7094, 95.6669

## Achromatopsia

81.2670, 85.4993, 93.1087

## Achromatomaly

82.5965, 84.8818, 93.6919

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 85.2863, 83.7094, 95.6669 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(255, 229, 242) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 229, 242)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 229, 242) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 229, 242) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 85.2863, 83.7094, 95.6669 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 229, 242) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 229, 242) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 229, 242)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 229, 242); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 229, 242);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 229,  
242) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 85.2863, 83.7094, 95.6669 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 229, 242) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
229, 242) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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