

Converting Colors

XYZ(85.3617, 93.4483, 70.6650)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(85.3617, 93.4483, 70.6650)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(85.2296, 93.4263,
70.6677)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FCFACC
RGB	252, 250, 204
RGB Percent	99%, 98%, 80%
CMY	0.0118, 0.0196, 0.2000
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.19, 0.01
HSL	58°, 89%, 89%
HSV	58°, 19%, 99%
XYZ	85.2296, 93.4263, 70.6677
YIQ	245.3540, 15.9580, -13.8820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

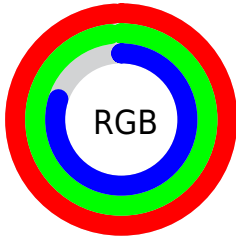
Format	Color
R _Y B	206, 252, 204
Decimal	16579276
CIE Lab	97.40, -6.64, 22.36
CIE LCh	97, 23.322, 106.539
Yxy	93.4263, 0.3418, 0.3747
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294769356 (0xFFFCFACC)
YUV	245.3540, -20.3875, 5.8285
Hunter-Lab	96.6573, -11.7541, 24.3122

Details

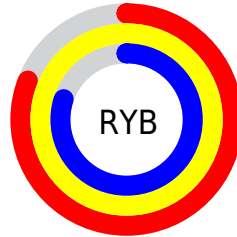
The XYZ color **85.2296, 93.4263, 70.6677** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **64.5437, 64.0069, 101.0489**, and the grayscale version is **87.2283, 91.7709, 99.9385**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **47.3025, 52.3877, 36.4729** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82.1249, 91.6684, 55.9082**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88.8301, 95.3918, 88.0074**.

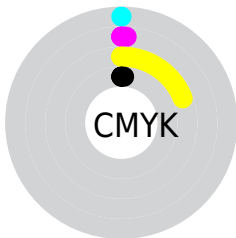
Distribution



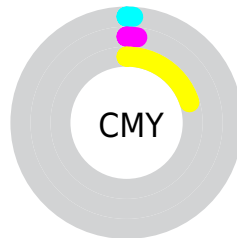
- Red (99%)
- Green (98%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (99%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (1%)





- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 85.2296, 93.4263, 70.6677 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 85.2296, 93.4263, 70.6677 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 85.2296, 93.4263,
70.6677

 85.2296, 93.4263,
70.6677


500.8597,
539.1146, 481.7433

 64.3542, 70.8259,
51.5909


139.6063,
152.0887, 121.8505

 47.2004, 52.2001,
36.2991


173.8383,
188.9194, 154.7935

 33.4027, 37.1646,
24.3738


213.2533,
231.2624, 193.1958

 22.5958, 25.3350,
15.3964

258.2166,
279.5020, 237.4757

 14.4144, 16.3268,
8.9483

309.0935,
334.0226, 288.0519

 8.4931, 9.7557,
4.6111

366.2494,

 4.4665, 5.2373,

395.2087, 345.3428

1.9662

430.0497,
463.4445, 409.7671

■ 1.9693, 2.3871,
0.5344

■ 0.6166, 0.8193,
0.0000

■ 85.2296, 93.4263,
70.6677

■ 85.2296, 93.4263,
70.6677

■ 82.1249, 91.6684,
55.9082

■ 88.8301, 95.3918,
88.0074

■ 79.4851, 90.0962,
43.5993

■ 92.9410, 97.5611,
108.0366

■ 77.2874, 88.7036,
33.6090

■ 93.3671, 98.2595,
108.6527

■ 75.5038, 87.4796,
25.7909

■ 93.6988, 98.9230,
108.7633

■ 74.1034, 86.4118, 93.9552, 99.4356,
19.9815 108.8488

■ 73.0507, 85.4859,
15.9945

■ 72.3038, 84.6852,
13.6088

■ 71.8002, 83.9846,
12.4953

■ 71.7574, 83.9201,
12.4162

Harmonies

Analogous

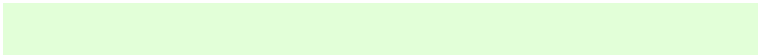
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



91.7907, 93.4263, 70.2715



85.2296, 93.4263, 70.6677



79.8889, 93.4263, 78.6842

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



85.2296, 93.4263, 70.6677



80.3396, 93.4263, 130.5009



101.7426, 93.4263, 110.4367

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85.2296, 93.4263, 70.6677



64.5437, 64.0069, 101.0489

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



98.3479, 93.4263, 128.8755



85.2296, 93.4263, 70.6677



85.8728, 93.4263, 141.3927

Square

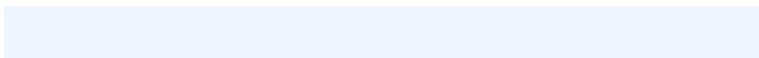
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



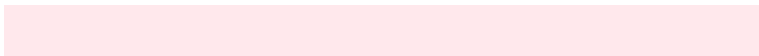
85.2296, 93.4263, 70.6677



77.1631, 93.4263, 112.4435



92.4665, 93.4263, 140.7634



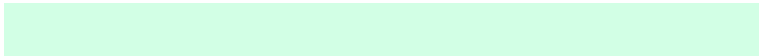
101.5493, 93.4263, 91.7109

Rectangle

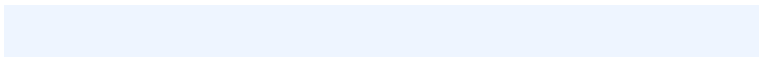
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85.2296, 93.4263, 70.6677



77.6421, 93.4263, 87.9101



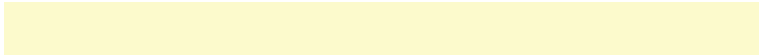
92.4665, 93.4263, 140.7634



100.9764, 93.4263, 116.9171

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85.2321, 93.4304, 70.6697



92.4811, 98.6485, 96.3714



72.9280, 68.3581, 67.9996



19.7374, 21.0844, 20.3487



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85.2321, 93.4304, 70.6697



86.2312, 95.2364, 66.2713



78.4721, 90.8705, 70.5319



18.6619, 20.0597, 18.3507



37.4071, 43.7709, 6.4771



3.4832, 4.0912, 0.6061

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64.5437, 64.0069, 101.0489



61.2806, 59.7517, 102.9111



70.4034, 66.3194, 101.1864



16.3409, 16.7586, 21.7588



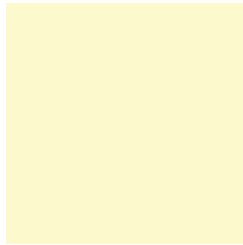
9.2379, 3.8313, 48.2262



0.8753, 0.3943, 4.4731

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 85.2296, 93.4263, 70.6677 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

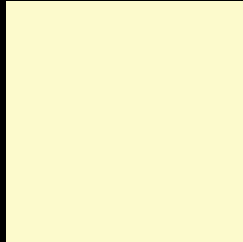
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 85.2296, 93.4263, 70.6677 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

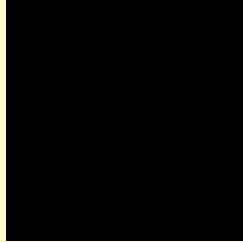
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 85.2296, 93.4263, 70.6677

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 85.2296, 93.4263, 70.6677.



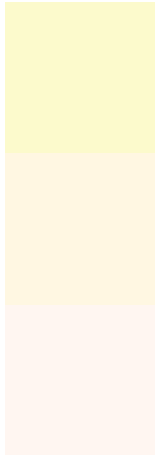
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 85.2296, 93.4263,

70.6677.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

85.2296, 93.4263, 70.6677

Protanopia

88.2282, 93.2725, 85.3048

Deuteranopia

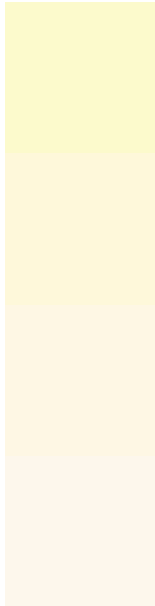
90.0730, 93.5224, 96.5234



Tritanopia

91.5755, 93.5956, 107.8470

Trichromacy



Original Color

85.2296, 93.4263, 70.6677

Protanomaly

87.0953, 93.2676, 79.7417

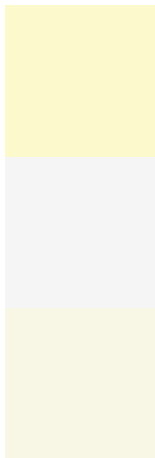
Deuteranomaly

88.1374, 93.1938, 86.7417

Tritanomaly

88.9091, 93.4603, 92.7105

Monochromacy



Original Color

85.2296, 93.4263, 70.6677

Achromatopsia

86.7900, 91.3099, 99.4364

Achromatomaly

86.2551, 92.1912, 88.1115

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 85.2296, 93.4263, 70.6677 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(252, 250, 204)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(252, 250, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(252, 250, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(252, 250, 204) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 85.2296, 93.4263, 70.6677 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(252, 250, 204) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(252, 250, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(252, 250, 204)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(252, 250, 204); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 250, 204);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 250,  
204) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 85.2296, 93.4263, 70.6677 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(252, 250, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(252,  
250, 204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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