

Converting Colors

XYZ(85.6381, 95.4673, 94.0342)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(85.6381, 95.4673, 94.0342)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(85.6381, 95.4673,
94.0342)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ECFFED
RGB	236, 255, 237
RGB Percent	93%, 100%, 93%
CMY	0.0745, 0.0000, 0.0706
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.07, 0.00
HSL	123°, 100%, 96%
HSV	123°, 7%, 100%
XYZ	85.6381, 95.4673, 94.0342
YIQ	247.2670, -5.5460, -9.6260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

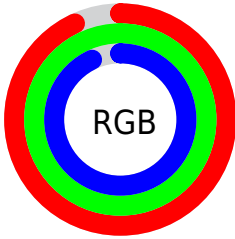
Format	Color
R _Y B	236, 254, 255
Decimal	15532013
CIE Lab	98.22, -9.40, 6.47
CIE LCh	98, 11.415, 145.468
Yxy	95.4673, 0.3113, 0.3470
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293722093 (0xFFECCFFED)
YUV	247.2670, -5.0616, -9.8812
Hunter-Lab	97.7074, -14.5370, 11.3341

Details

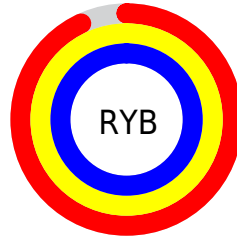
The XYZ color **85.6381, 95.4673, 94.0342** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **89.1252, 88.4074, 106.1325**, and the grayscale version is **88.6679, 93.2855, 101.5879**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **47.3570, 53.4277, 51.5327** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **74.4719, 90.0916, 76.3119**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**.

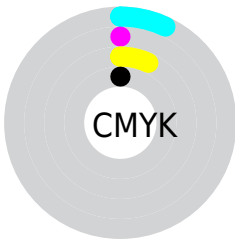
Distribution



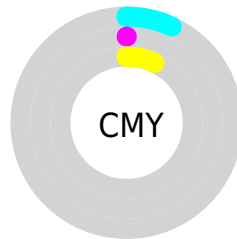
- Red (93%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 85.6381, 95.4673, 94.0342 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 85.6381, 95.4673, 94.0342 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 85.6381, 95.4673,
94.0342

 85.6381, 95.4673,
94.0342


502.1891,
545.6599, 561.9736

 64.6930, 72.5240,
70.7390


140.1738,
154.9100, 154.9137

 47.4760, 53.5868,
51.6487


174.4951,
192.1782, 193.3351

 33.6216, 38.2714,
36.3448


214.0059,
234.9902, 237.6355

 22.7646, 26.1934,
24.4088

259.0715,
283.7303, 288.2337

 14.5395, 16.9684,
15.4222

310.0572,
338.7829, 345.5480

 8.5810, 10.2120,
8.9663

367.3285,

 4.5238, 5.5397,

400.5324, 409.9971

4.6227

431.2507,
469.3633, 481.9994

■ 2.0026, 2.5673,
1.9728

■ 0.6354, 0.9102,
0.5385

■ 85.6381, 95.4673,
94.0342

■ 85.6381, 95.4673,
94.0342

■ 74.4719, 90.0916,
76.3119

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 64.9194, 85.4950,
61.0471

■ 56.9066, 81.6418,
48.1328

■ 50.3529, 78.4929,
37.4523

■ 45.1705, 76.0057,
28.8788

■ 41.2618, 74.1328,
22.2731

■ 38.5165, 72.8208,
17.4790

■ 36.8055, 72.0070,
14.3167

■ 35.9640, 71.6110,
12.5695

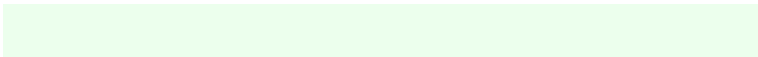
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.0519, 95.4673, 88.4677



85.6381, 95.4673, 94.0342



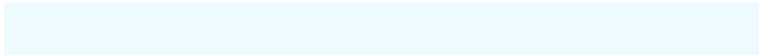
84.5914, 95.4673, 102.5258

Triad

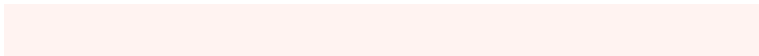
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



85.6381, 95.4673, 94.0342



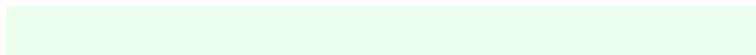
90.2410, 95.4673, 123.0278



96.5570, 95.4673, 96.3673

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85.6381, 95.4673, 94.0342



89.1252, 88.4074, 106.1325

Split Complementary

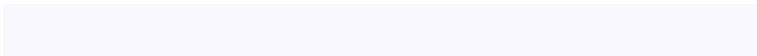
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



97.1770, 95.4673, 105.3826



85.6381, 95.4673, 94.0342



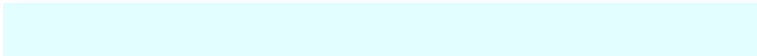
93.4799, 95.4673, 121.1355

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



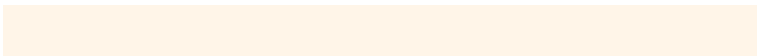
85.6381, 95.4673, 94.0342



87.2079, 95.4673, 119.5607



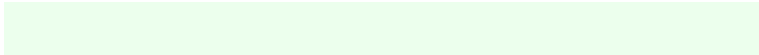
96.0381, 95.4673, 114.5345



94.3638, 95.4673, 89.7567

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



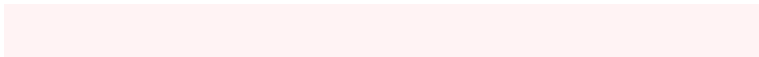
85.6381, 95.4673, 94.0342



84.7909, 95.4673, 108.8432



96.0381, 95.4673, 114.5345



96.9586, 95.4673, 99.2012

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85.6389, 95.4676, 94.0357



92.4303, 98.7382, 104.7679



91.7919, 98.6565, 93.5626



19.8113, 21.1473, 22.4679



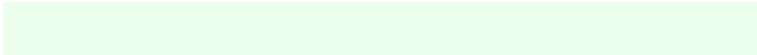
0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



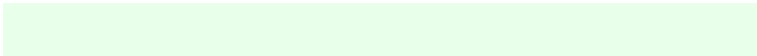
20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85.6389, 95.4676, 94.0357



83.7999, 94.5822, 91.1241



87.0564, 96.0346, 101.5000



17.8103, 20.1837, 19.3042



18.7405, 37.3928, 6.5190



1.8377, 3.6460, 0.7033

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89.1252, 88.4074, 106.1325



87.9667, 86.1438, 105.5820



87.6488, 87.8169, 98.3578



18.7489, 18.2829, 22.5609



29.9076, 14.4523, 45.0255



2.9242, 1.4120, 4.4480

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 85.6381, 95.4673, 94.0342 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

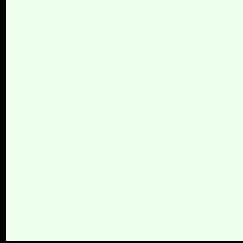
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 85.6381, 95.4673, 94.0342 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

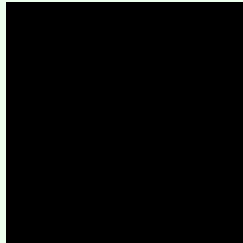
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

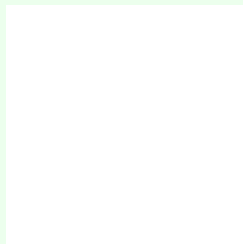
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 85.6381, 95.4673, 94.0342

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 85.6381, 95.4673, 94.0342.



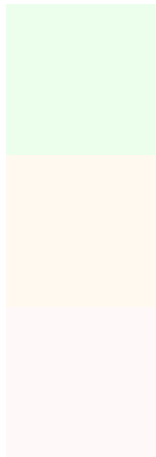
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 85.6381, 95.4673,

94.0342.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

85.6381, 95.4673, 94.0342

Protanopia

90.6957, 95.2434, 95.2650

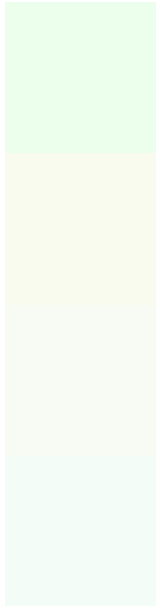
Deuteranopia

91.7507, 95.1721, 102.3412

Tritanopia

90.9470, 95.5477, 108.2569

Trichromacy



Original Color

85.6381, 95.4673, 94.0342

Protanomaly

88.6412, 95.1239, 94.5778

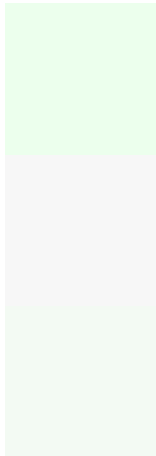
Deuteranomaly

89.5377, 95.4825, 99.2988

Tritanomaly

89.0619, 95.6312, 102.5715

Monochromacy



Original Color

85.6381, 95.4673, 94.0342

Achromatopsia

88.4070, 93.0111, 101.2891

Achromatomaly

87.3254, 93.8970, 98.3154

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 85.6381, 95.4673, 94.0342 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(236, 255, 237)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(236, 255, 237)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(236, 255, 237) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(236, 255, 237) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 85.6381, 95.4673, 94.0342 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(236, 255, 237) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(236, 255, 237) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(236, 255, 237)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(236, 255, 237); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 255, 237);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 255,  
237) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 85.6381, 95.4673, 94.0342 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(236, 255, 237) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(236,  
255, 237) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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