

# Converting Colors

XYZ(85.7363, 90.6726,  
107.5905)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(85.7363, 90.6726, 107.5905)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(85.6275, 90.5293, 107.5686)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# **Color**

**XYZ(85.6275, 90.5293,  
107.5686)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EDF5FF
RGB	237, 245, 255
RGB Percent	93%, 96%, 100%
CMY	0.0706, 0.0392, 0.0000
CMYK	0.07, 0.04, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	213°, 100%, 96%
HSV	213°, 7%, 100%
XYZ	85.6275, 90.5293, 107.5686
YIQ	243.7480, -7.9780, 1.4140

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

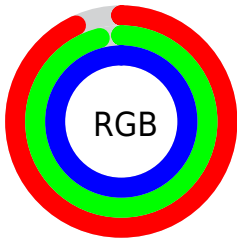
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	237, 243, 255
Decimal	15595007
CIE Lab	96.22, -0.78, -5.72
CIE LCh	96, 5.770, 262.188
Yxy	90.5293, 0.3018, 0.3191
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293785087 (0xFFEDF5FF)
YUV	243.7480, 5.5472, -5.9180
Hunter-Lab	95.1469, -5.8659, -0.4277

# Details

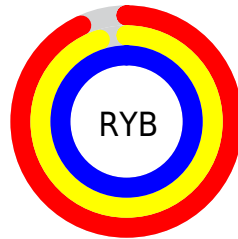
The XYZ color **85.6275, 90.5293, 107.5686** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **89.7862, 93.8941, 93.5136**, and the grayscale version is **85.7514, 90.2171, 98.2465**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **47.4467, 50.2962, 60.6335** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **73.5906, 78.2081, 105.8248**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**.

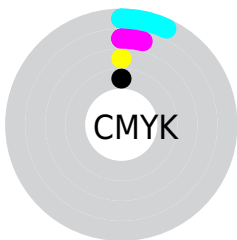
# Distribution



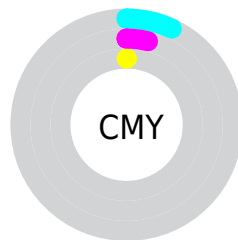
- Red (93%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 85.6275, 90.5293, 107.5686 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 85.6275, 90.5293, 107.5686 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



85.6275, 90.5293,  
107.5686

85.6275, 90.5293,  
107.5686

502.1546,  
529.7511, 605.6480

64.6842, 68.4197,  
81.9843

140.1591,  
148.0734, 173.6622

47.4688, 50.2393,  
60.8168

174.4781,  
184.2767, 215.0085

33.6159, 35.6036,  
43.6478

213.9864,  
225.9467, 262.4459

22.7602, 24.1282,  
30.0585

259.0493,  
273.4678, 316.3929

14.5363, 15.4287,  
19.6306

310.0322,  
327.2244, 377.2681

8.5788, 9.1208,  
11.9454

367.3005,

4.5224, 4.8201,

387.6009, 445.4900

6.5844

431.2195,  
454.9817, 521.4771

■ 2.0017, 2.1421,  
3.1291

■ 0.6349, 0.6881,  
1.1609

■ 85.6275, 90.5293,  
107.5686

■ 85.6275, 90.5293,  
107.5686

■ 73.5906, 78.2081,  
105.8248

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 63.0317, 67.1224,  
104.2415

■ 53.8914, 57.2325,  
102.8143

■ 46.1028, 48.4926,  
101.5379

■ 39.5937, 40.8533,  
100.4064

■ 34.2843, 34.2608,  
99.4138

■ 30.0847, 28.6556,  
98.5532

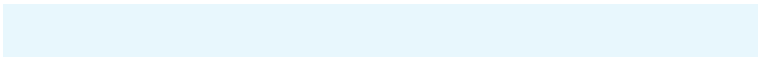
■ 26.8906, 23.9700,  
97.8171

■ 24.5705, 20.1217,  
97.1966

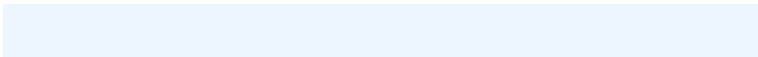
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



84.1713, 90.5293, 105.7035



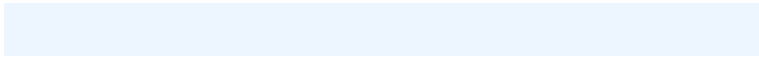
85.6275, 90.5293, 107.5686



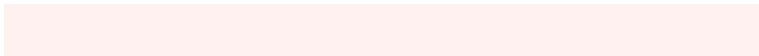
87.2135, 90.5293, 106.9643

# Triad

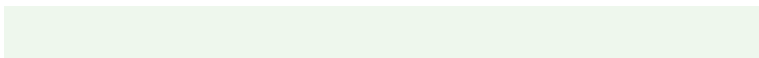
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



85.6275, 90.5293, 107.5686



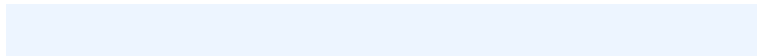
88.9282, 90.5293, 95.2781



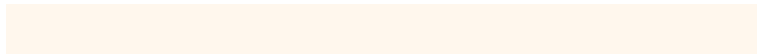
83.6356, 90.5293, 93.2627

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85.6275, 90.5293, 107.5686



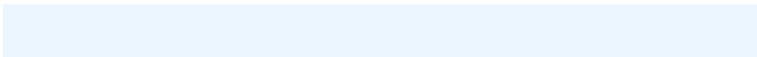
89.7862, 93.8941, 93.5136

# Split Complementary

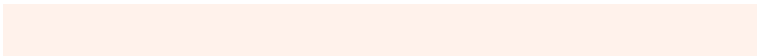
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



84.8878, 90.5293, 90.6287



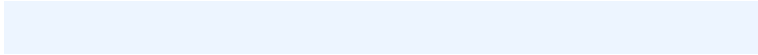
85.6275, 90.5293, 107.5686



87.9470, 90.5293, 91.7669

# Square

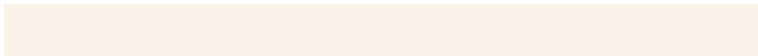
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



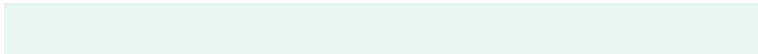
85.6275, 90.5293, 107.5686



89.1323, 90.5293, 99.7746



86.4646, 90.5293, 90.0897

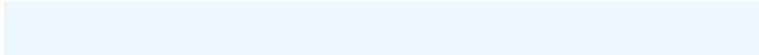


83.0306, 90.5293, 97.3771



# Rectangle

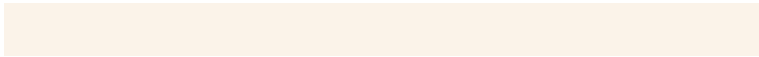
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85.6275, 90.5293, 107.5686



88.1299, 90.5293, 105.2507



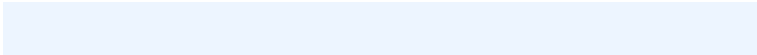
86.4646, 90.5293, 90.0897



83.9940, 90.5293, 92.1801

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85.6299, 90.5330, 107.5692



92.3017, 97.2518, 108.5144



87.4590, 96.2342, 101.8811



19.7852, 20.8448, 23.2306



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

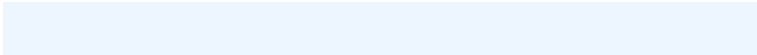


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85.6299, 90.5330, 107.5692



84.4309, 89.3180, 107.3978



83.5619, 85.9499, 106.7935



17.6679, 18.7074, 22.9296



12.6835, 10.2766, 50.7497



1.3419, 1.2144, 4.9770



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



88.0071, 88.4226, 98.8194



87.1132, 86.9596, 97.5201



91.9561, 98.7243, 94.3316



18.3450, 18.1213, 20.4340



23.1903, 11.7654, 9.6523

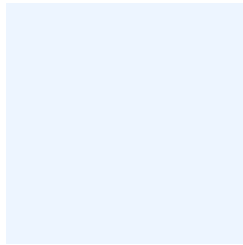


2.3119, 1.1671, 1.2240



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 85.6275, 90.5293, 107.5686 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

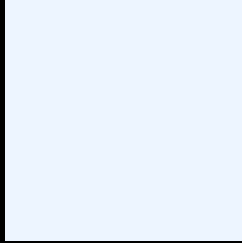
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 85.6275, 90.5293, 107.5686 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

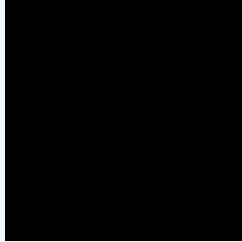
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

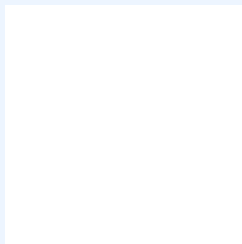
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 85.6275, 90.5293, 107.5686

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 85.6275, 90.5293, 107.5686.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 85.6275, 90.5293,

107.5686.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

85.6275, 90.5293, 107.5686

### Protanopia

87.5962, 90.6694, 106.6501

### Deuteranopia

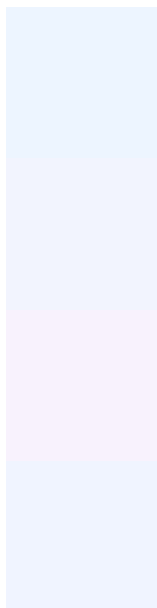
89.9708, 90.6085, 104.8427



## Tritanopia

86.6763, 90.6221, 107.5312

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

85.6275, 90.5293, 107.5686

## Protanomaly

86.8580, 90.7344, 106.7015

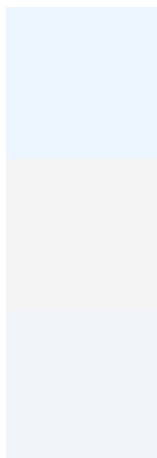
## Deuteranomaly

88.1932, 90.5526, 105.7586

## Tritanomaly

86.3359, 90.4466, 107.5153

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

85.6275, 90.5293, 107.5686

## Achromatopsia

85.9880, 90.4661, 98.5176

## Achromatomaly

85.5696, 90.1795, 101.7033

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 85.6275, 90.5293, 107.5686 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(237, 245, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(237, 245, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(237, 245, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(237, 245, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 85.6275, 90.5293, 107.5686 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(237, 245, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(237, 245, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(237, 245, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(237, 245, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 245, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 245,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 85.6275, 90.5293, 107.5686 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(237, 245, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(237,  
245, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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