

# Converting Colors

XYZ(85.8385, 95.8934, 79.4604)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(85.8385, 95.8934, 79.4604)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(85.9406, 95.9422,  
79.6348)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F5FFD9
RGB	245, 255, 217
RGB Percent	96%, 100%, 85%
CMY	0.0392, 0.0000, 0.1490
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.15, 0.00
HSL	76°, 100%, 93%
HSV	76°, 15%, 100%
XYZ	85.9406, 95.9422, 79.6348
YIQ	247.6780, 6.2380, -13.9380

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

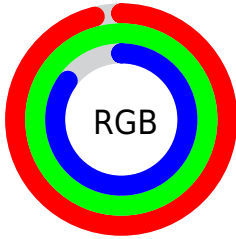
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	217, 255, 227
Decimal	16121817
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	98.41, -9.65, 17.06
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	98, 19.602, 119.494
Yxy	95.9422, 0.3286, 0.3669
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294311897 (0xFFFF5FFD9)
YUV	247.6780, -15.1243, -2.3486
Hunter-Lab	97.9501, -14.7982, 20.3615

# Details

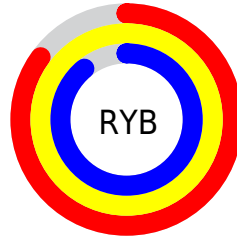
The XYZ color **85.9406, 95.9422, 79.6348** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **74.5422, 73.1778, 104.8037**, and the grayscale version is **89.0755, 93.7144, 102.0550**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **47.7019, 53.8156, 42.0557** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80.5770, 93.5313, 63.3869**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **91.9029, 98.6026, 98.5887**.

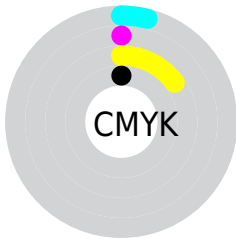
# Distribution



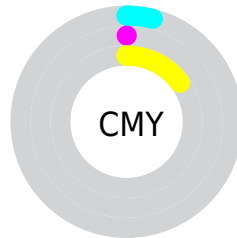
- Red (96%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (15%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 85.9406, 95.9422, 79.6348 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 85.9406, 95.9422, 79.6348 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 85.9406, 95.9422,  
79.6348

 85.9406, 95.9422,  
79.6348


503.1722,  
547.1769, 513.3755

 64.9440, 72.9194,  
58.8935


140.5938,  
155.5656, 134.6589

 47.6802, 53.9101,  
42.1079


174.9812,  
192.9351, 169.7788

 33.7839, 38.5298,  
28.8596


214.5628,  
235.8556, 210.5286

 22.8897, 26.3941,  
18.7300

259.7040,  
284.7115, 257.3269

 14.6323, 17.1187,  
11.3005

310.7702,  
339.8871, 310.5922

 8.6464, 10.3192,  
6.1526

368.1267,

 4.5665, 5.6111,

401.7670, 370.7430

2.8678

432.1390,  
470.7355, 438.1979

■ 2.0274, 2.6101,  
1.0275

■ 0.6493, 0.9317,  
0.0000

■ 85.9406, 95.9422,  
79.6348

■ 85.9406, 95.9422,  
79.6348

■ 80.5770, 93.5313,  
63.3869

■ 91.9029, 98.6026,  
98.5887

■ 75.7860, 91.3590,  
49.7171

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 71.5418, 89.4151,  
38.4937

■ 67.8162, 87.6881,  
29.5715

■ 64.5776, 86.1653,  
22.7901

■ 61.7908, 84.8324,  
17.9684

■ 59.4147, 83.6731,  
14.8955

■ 57.3992, 82.6670,  
13.3119

■ 56.4741, 82.1985,  
12.8894

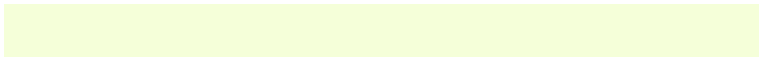
# Harmonies

## Analogous

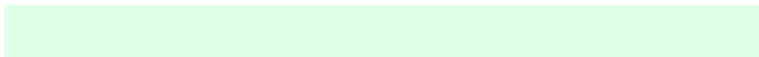
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



91.2863, 95.9422, 76.3152



85.9406, 95.9422, 79.6348



82.1385, 95.9422, 89.4398

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



85.9406, 95.9422, 79.6348



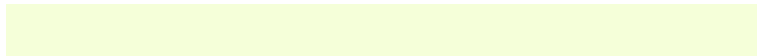
85.7807, 95.9422, 133.6594



102.5018, 95.9422, 104.7401

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85.9406, 95.9422, 79.6348



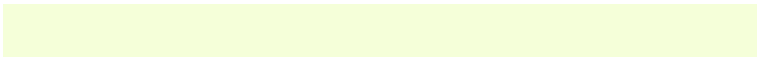
74.5422, 73.1778, 104.8037

# Split Complementary

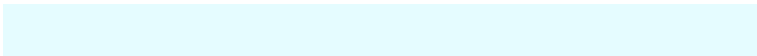
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



100.8836, 95.9422, 121.0847



85.9406, 95.9422, 79.6348



91.0941, 95.9422, 138.8033

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



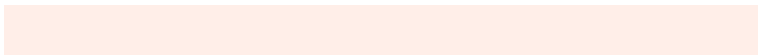
85.9406, 95.9422, 79.6348



82.0489, 95.9422, 120.5596



96.6493, 95.9422, 133.9839

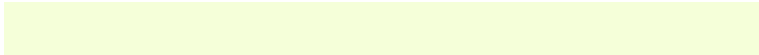


100.9864, 95.9422, 89.8701

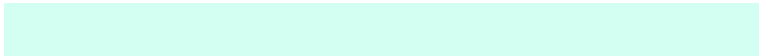


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85.9406, 95.9422, 79.6348



80.9107, 95.9422, 98.8884



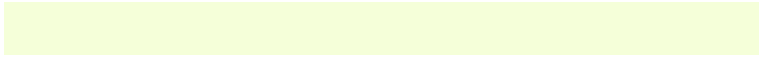
96.6493, 95.9422, 133.9839



102.3053, 95.9422, 110.2469

# Sweetspot

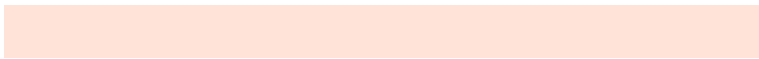
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85.9412, 95.9425, 79.6362



92.4703, 98.8548, 100.4334



81.0976, 80.9358, 76.9949



19.6910, 21.1139, 21.1669



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

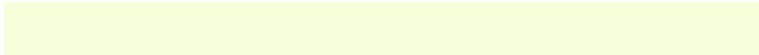


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

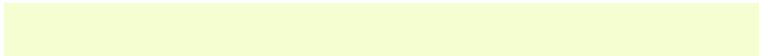


# Same Dimension

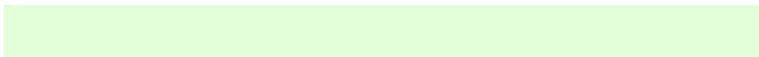
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85.9412, 95.9425, 79.6362



84.2162, 95.1692, 74.3174



79.8062, 92.7798, 79.3491



19.0674, 20.8362, 19.1612



29.6570, 43.0268, 6.7419



2.9905, 4.2424, 0.6613



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74.5422, 73.1778, 104.8037



70.7481, 68.2702, 104.0564



80.6944, 76.3494, 105.0916



17.4512, 17.6088, 22.7290



10.7630, 4.4590, 49.7280



1.1455, 0.4844, 4.8464



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 85.9406, 95.9422, 79.6348 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

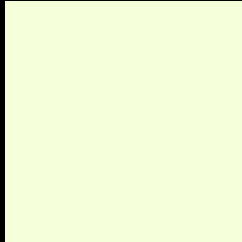
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 85.9406, 95.9422, 79.6348 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

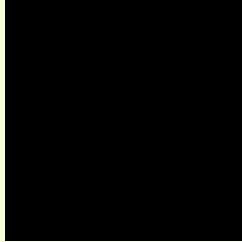
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

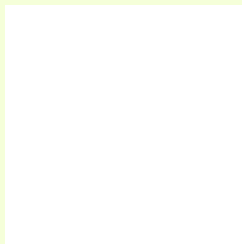
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 85.9406, 95.9422, 79.6348**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 85.9406, 95.9422, 79.6348.



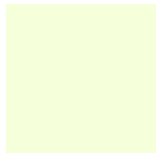
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 85.9406, 95.9422,

79.6348.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

85.9406, 95.9422, 79.6348

### Protanopia

90.8582, 95.8043, 94.5922

### Deuteranopia

91.9042, 95.7268, 101.6289

## **Tritanopia**

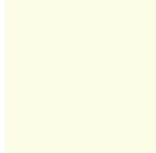
92.0193, 96.1004, 108.3070

# Trichromacy



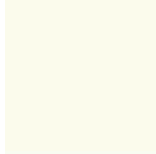
## Original Color

85.9406, 95.9422, 79.6348



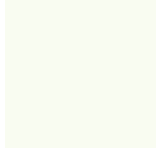
## Protanomaly

88.8770, 95.8432, 88.6782



## Deuteranomaly

89.4212, 95.5597, 93.0888



## Tritanomaly

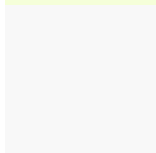
89.7545, 96.1114, 97.0399

# Monochromacy



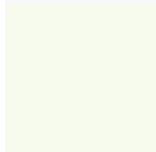
## Original Color

85.9406, 95.9422, 79.6348



## Achromatopsia

89.2221, 93.8686, 102.2229



## Achromatomaly

88.1410, 94.8829, 93.7895

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 85.9406, 95.9422, 79.6348 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(245, 255, 217)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(245, 255, 217)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(245, 255, 217) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(245, 255, 217) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 85.9406, 95.9422, 79.6348 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(245, 255, 217) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(245, 255, 217) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(245, 255, 217)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(245, 255, 217); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 255, 217);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 255,  
217) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 85.9406, 95.9422, 79.6348 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(245, 255, 217) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(245,  
255, 217) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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