

# Converting Colors

XYZ(85.9072, 85.4704, 71.6297)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(85.9072, 85.4704, 71.6297)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(81.2011, 82.9659,  
71.4088)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFE7D0
RGB	255, 231, 208
RGB Percent	100%, 91%, 82%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0941, 0.1843
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.18, 0.00
HSL	29°, 100%, 91%
HSV	29°, 18%, 100%
XYZ	81.2011, 82.9659, 71.4088
YIQ	235.5540, 21.6870, -2.0650

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

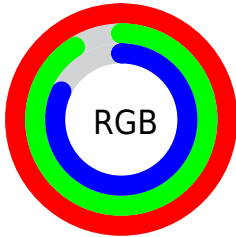
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 253, 208
Decimal	16771024
CIE Lab	93.00, 4.61, 14.17
CIE LCh	93, 14.897, 71.971
Yxy	82.9659, 0.3447, 0.3522
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294961104 (0xFFFFE7D0)
YUV	235.5540, -13.5841, 17.0541
Hunter-Lab	91.0856, -0.2705, 17.2781

# Details

The XYZ color **81.2011, 82.9659, 71.4088** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **72.9183, 78.3409, 105.8858**, and the grayscale version is **79.4785, 83.6176, 91.0595**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **44.4514, 44.9988, 36.9146** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **74.8037, 74.7947, 55.0226**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88.3779, 91.8881, 90.5454**.

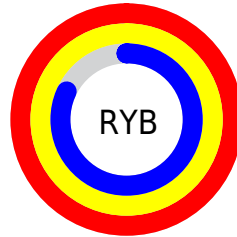
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (91%)

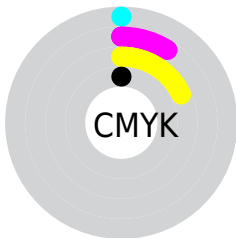
Blue (82%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (99%)

Blue (82%)

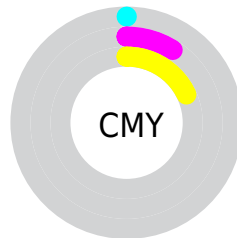


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (18%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (18%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 81.2011, 82.9659, 71.4088 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 81.2011, 82.9659, 71.4088 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 81.2011, 82.9659,  
71.4088

 81.2011, 82.9659,  
71.4088


487.6466,  
504.8729, 484.4033

 61.0191, 62.1620,  
52.1920


133.9948,  
137.5277, 122.9155

 44.4932, 45.1636,  
36.7748


167.3372,  
172.0544, 156.0425

 31.2580, 31.5863,  
24.7388


205.7971,  
211.9242, 194.6433

 20.9482, 21.0457,  
15.6653

249.7398,  
257.5214, 239.1364

 13.1984, 13.1574,  
9.1358

299.5308,  
309.2305, 289.9405

 7.6432, 7.5370,  
4.7319

355.5353,

 3.9174, 3.8002,

367.4359, 347.4740

2.0348

418.1188,  
432.5218, 412.1554

■ 1.6555, 1.5624,  
0.5766

■ 0.4282, 0.3321,  
0.0000

■ 81.2011, 82.9659,  
71.4088

■ 81.2011, 82.9659,  
71.4088

■ 74.8037, 74.7947,  
55.0226

■ 88.3779, 91.8881,  
90.5454

■ 69.1500, 67.3424,  
41.2529

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 64.2097, 60.5901,  
29.9623

■ 59.9482, 54.5138,  
20.9988

■ 56.3272, 49.0879,  
14.1931

■ 53.3038, 44.2842,  
9.3530

■ 50.8282, 40.0716,  
6.2509

■ 48.8331, 36.4111,  
4.5692

■ 48.5503, 35.8807,  
4.3668

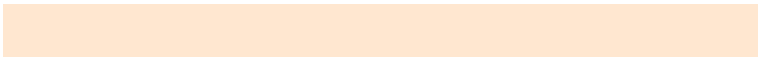
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



84.5662, 82.9659, 76.7172



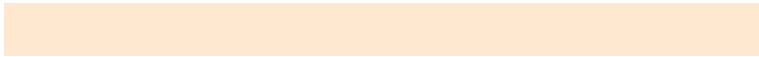
81.2011, 82.9659, 71.4088



77.3110, 82.9659, 70.9076

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



81.2011, 82.9659, 71.4088



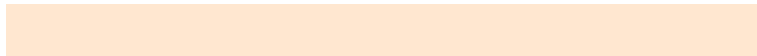
71.7438, 82.9659, 94.8653



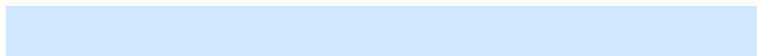
83.9802, 82.9659, 107.2679

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81.2011, 82.9659, 71.4088



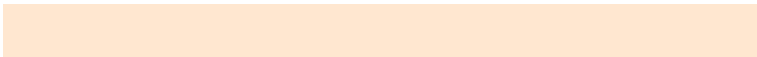
72.9183, 78.3409, 105.8858

# Split Complementary

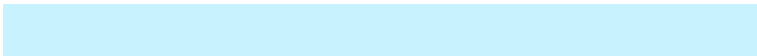
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



80.4227, 82.9659, 113.0234



81.2011, 82.9659, 71.4088



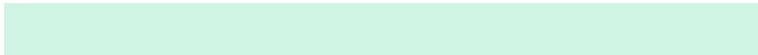
73.4100, 82.9659, 105.4776

# Square

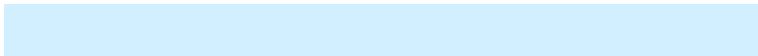
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



81.2011, 82.9659, 71.4088



71.9366, 82.9659, 83.8485



76.5577, 82.9659, 112.3424

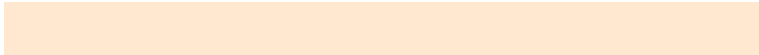


86.2067, 82.9659, 97.1492



# Rectangle

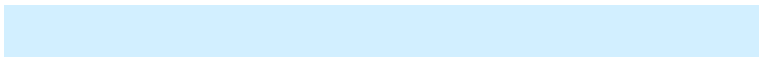
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81.2011, 82.9659, 71.4088



74.9511, 82.9659, 73.3094



76.5577, 82.9659, 112.3424



82.8955, 82.9659, 109.8131

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81.2031, 82.9695, 71.4105



90.2422, 94.1706, 95.6251



78.4022, 72.2150, 86.3624



19.2073, 20.0242, 20.1720



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

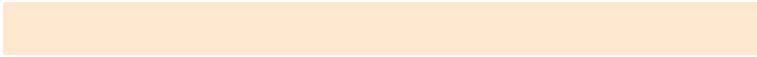


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

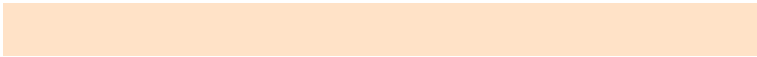


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81.2031, 82.9695, 71.4105



78.8314, 79.9673, 65.2524



88.1360, 96.8354, 73.7215



18.7435, 19.4551, 18.9117



25.5171, 19.0454, 2.3312

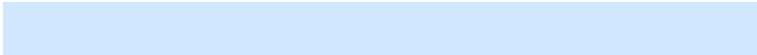


2.5935, 2.0723, 0.2633

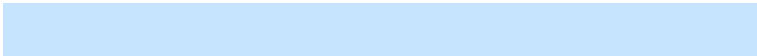


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72.9183, 78.3409, 105.8858



69.1938, 74.5827, 105.3567



66.8107, 66.1257, 103.8500



17.7698, 18.9111, 22.9636



13.7654, 12.4404, 51.1103

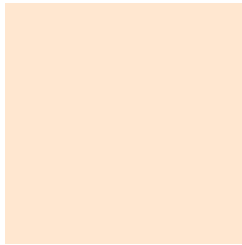


1.4497, 1.4300, 5.0129



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 81.2011, 82.9659, 71.4088 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 81.2011, 82.9659, 71.4088 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

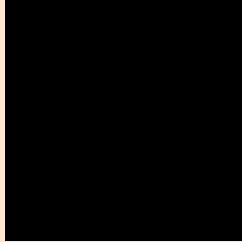
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 81.2011, 82.9659, 71.4088

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 81.2011, 82.9659, 71.4088.



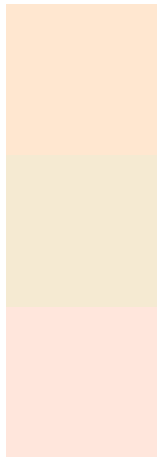
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 81.2011, 82.9659,

71.4088.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

81.2011, 82.9659, 71.4088

### Protanopia

78.7119, 82.9113, 72.8277

### Deuteranopia

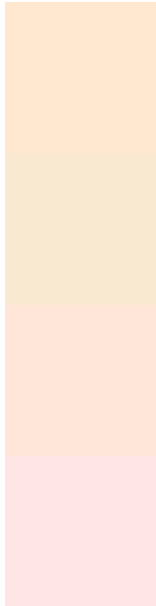
82.4551, 83.0209, 79.3889



## Tritanopia

85.0104, 83.1576, 95.5749

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

81.2011, 82.9659, 71.4088

## Protanomaly

79.7145, 83.0210, 72.1449

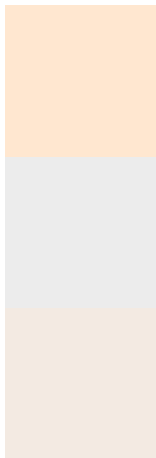
## Deuteranomaly

81.9315, 82.8115, 76.6317

## Tritanomaly

83.5422, 83.0118, 86.4826

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

81.2011, 82.9659, 71.4088

## Achromatopsia

79.7278, 83.8799, 91.3452

## Achromatomaly

80.1124, 83.3913, 83.8253

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 81.2011, 82.9659, 71.4088 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 231, 208)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 231, 208)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 231, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 231, 208) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 81.2011, 82.9659, 71.4088 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 231, 208) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 231, 208) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 231, 208)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 231, 208); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 231, 208);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 231,  
208) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 81.2011, 82.9659, 71.4088 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 231, 208) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
231, 208) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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