

Converting Colors

XYZ(85.9579, 95.6933, 91.2849)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(85.9579, 95.6933, 91.2849)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(86.0646, 95.7539,
91.0371)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EFFFE9
RGB	239, 255, 233
RGB Percent	94%, 100%, 91%
CMY	0.0627, 0.0000, 0.0863
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.09, 0.00
HSL	104°, 100%, 96%
HSV	104°, 9%, 100%
XYZ	86.0646, 95.7539, 91.0371
YIQ	247.7080, -2.4740, -10.2340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

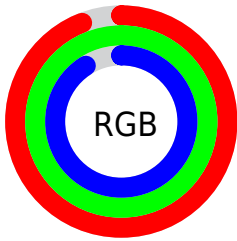
Format	Color
R _Y B	233, 255, 249
Decimal	15728617
CIE Lab	98.33, -9.10, 8.71
CIE LCh	98, 12.595, 136.230
Yxy	95.7539, 0.3154, 0.3509
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293918697 (0xFFEFFFFE9)
YUV	247.7080, -7.2510, -7.6369
Hunter-Lab	97.8539, -14.2498, 13.3381

Details

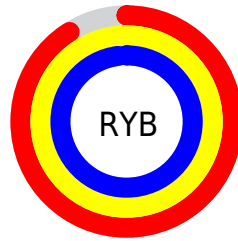
The XYZ color **86.0646, 95.7539, 91.0371** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **86.2566, 85.6388, 106.5915**, and the grayscale version is **89.0429, 93.6801, 102.0176**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **47.6583, 53.6298, 49.4347** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **76.7374, 91.3365, 72.9390**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**.

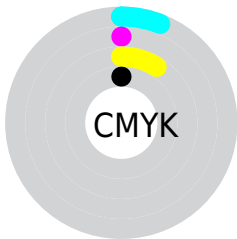
Distribution



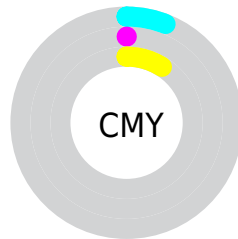
- Red (94%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 86.0646, 95.7539, 91.0371 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 86.0646, 95.7539, 91.0371 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 86.0646, 95.7539,
91.0371

 86.0646, 95.7539,
91.0371


503.5750,
546.5757, 552.0557

 65.0468, 72.7626,
68.2626


140.7660,
155.3057, 150.7262

 47.7639, 53.7819,
49.6434


175.1803,
192.6351, 188.4779

 33.8504, 38.4273,
34.7609


214.7909,
235.5125, 232.0590

 22.9411, 26.3145,
23.1967

259.9631,
284.3225, 281.8882

 14.6704, 17.0591,
14.5321

311.0623,
339.4494, 338.3839

 8.6732, 10.2766,
8.3487

368.4537,

 4.5841, 5.5827,

401.2777, 401.9647

4.2279

432.5028,
470.1916, 473.0491

■ 2.0376, 2.5931,
1.7512

■ 0.6549, 0.9232,
0.3955

■ 86.0646, 95.7539,
91.0371

■ 86.0646, 95.7539,
91.0371

■ 76.7374, 91.3365,
72.9390

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 68.5367, 87.4416,
57.5227

■ 61.4188, 84.0495,
44.6619

■ 55.3365, 81.1388,
34.2182

■ 50.2386, 78.6865,
26.0404

■ 46.0695, 76.6674,
19.9600

■ 42.7670, 75.0540,
15.7850

■ 40.2606, 73.8145,
13.2882

■ 38.4586, 72.9090,
12.1464

Harmonies

Analogous

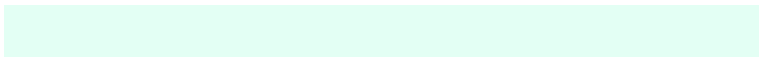
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



89.0748, 95.7539, 86.2246



86.0646, 95.7539, 91.0371



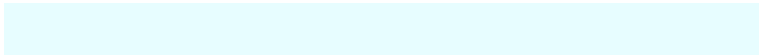
84.4005, 95.7539, 99.5749

Triad

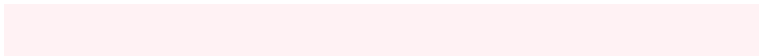
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



86.0646, 95.7539, 91.0371



89.3604, 95.7539, 124.8995



97.8769, 95.7539, 98.7732

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86.0646, 95.7539, 91.0371



86.2566, 85.6388, 106.5915

Split Complementary

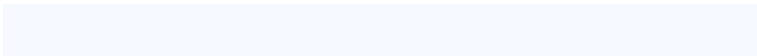
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



97.9584, 95.7539, 109.0892



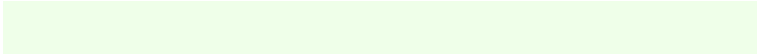
86.0646, 95.7539, 91.0371



92.9755, 95.7539, 124.6492

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



86.0646, 95.7539, 91.0371



86.2689, 95.7539, 119.3672



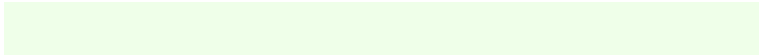
96.1438, 95.7539, 118.7044



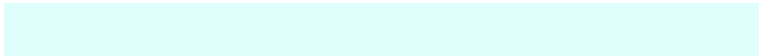
95.9242, 95.7539, 90.4839

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



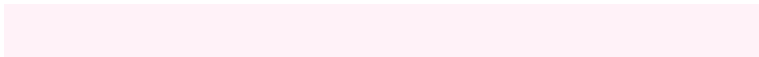
86.0646, 95.7539, 91.0371



84.2491, 95.7539, 106.4436



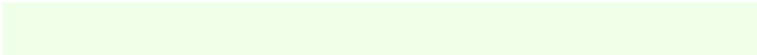
96.1438, 95.7539, 118.7044



98.1258, 95.7539, 102.1059

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86.0654, 95.7543, 91.0386



91.8252, 98.4771, 102.4474



89.7520, 94.7509, 90.6506



19.4738, 20.9928, 21.5682



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

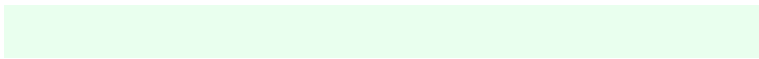
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86.0654, 95.7543, 91.0386



84.7160, 95.1159, 88.3895



84.7635, 95.0034, 94.5805



18.2364, 20.4078, 19.1223



20.1098, 38.1051, 6.2951



2.0575, 3.7614, 0.6176

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



86.2566, 85.6388, 106.5915



84.9354, 83.5005, 106.2484



87.6715, 86.4557, 102.7016



18.2812, 18.0367, 22.7679



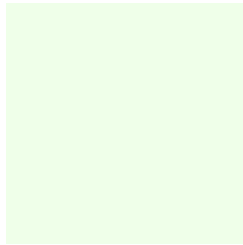
20.0941, 9.2694, 50.1647



2.0615, 0.9566, 4.8893

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 86.0646, 95.7539, 91.0371 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

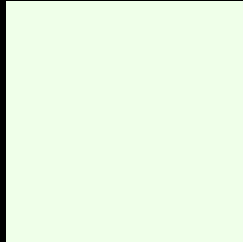
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 86.0646, 95.7539, 91.0371 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

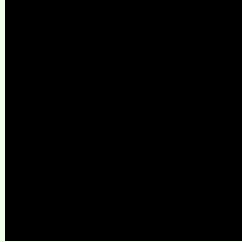
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

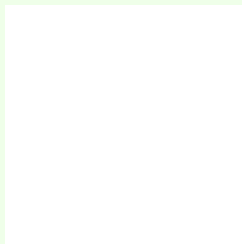
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 86.0646, 95.7539, 91.0371

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 86.0646, 95.7539, 91.0371.



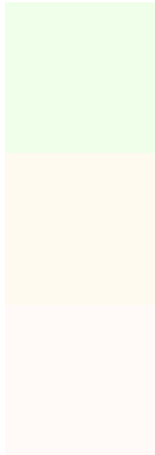
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 86.0646, 95.7539,

91.0371.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

86.0646, 95.7539, 91.0371

Protanopia

91.0056, 95.8632, 95.3683

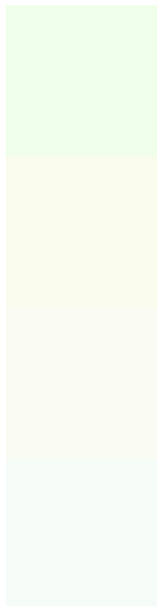
Deuteranopia

92.0590, 95.7887, 102.4440

Tritanopia

91.3025, 95.7310, 108.2735

Trichromacy



Original Color

86.0646, 95.7539, 91.0371

Protanomaly

89.1634, 95.8750, 93.9271

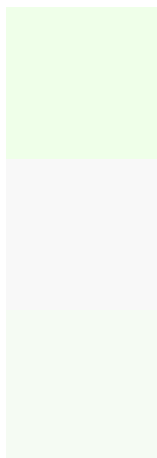
Deuteranomaly

89.7418, 95.6052, 98.5178

Tritanomaly

89.2551, 95.7487, 101.7728

Monochromacy



Original Color

86.0646, 95.7539, 91.0371

Achromatopsia

89.2221, 93.8686, 102.2229

Achromatomaly

88.3310, 94.8779, 98.4517

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 86.0646, 95.7539, 91.0371 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(239, 255, 233)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(239, 255, 233)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(239, 255, 233) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(239, 255, 233) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 86.0646, 95.7539, 91.0371 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(239, 255, 233) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(239, 255, 233) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(239, 255, 233)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(239, 255, 233); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 255, 233);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 255,  
233) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 86.0646, 95.7539, 91.0371 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(239, 255, 233) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(239,  
255, 233) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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