

# Converting Colors

XYZ(86.0628, 95.3920,  
107.3457)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(86.0628, 95.3920, 107.3457)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(85.9625, 95.3338,  
107.6365)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E5FFFE
RGB	229, 255, 254
RGB Percent	90%, 100%, 100%
CMY	0.1020, 0.0000, 0.0039
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	178°, 100%, 95%
HSV	178°, 10%, 100%
XYZ	85.9625, 95.3338, 107.6365
YIQ	247.1120, -15.1750, -5.8230

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

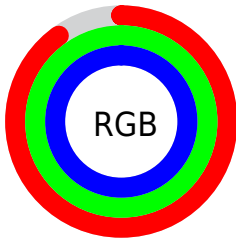
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	229, 242, 255
Decimal	15073278
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	98.17, -8.56, -2.39
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	98, 8.893, 195.618
Yxy	95.3338, 0.2975, 0.3300
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293263358 (0xFFE5FFFE)
YUV	247.1120, 3.3958, -15.8842
Hunter-Lab	97.6390, -13.7149, 2.9865

# Details

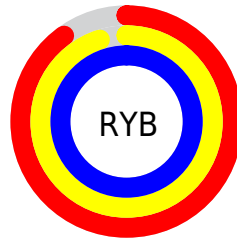
The XYZ color **85.9625, 95.3338, 107.6365** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **83.5429, 83.0130, 86.4831**, and the grayscale version is **88.4809, 93.0888, 101.3737**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **47.5057, 53.3036, 60.6081** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78.2588, 91.3804, 106.4610**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94.8640, 99.9045, 108.8752**.

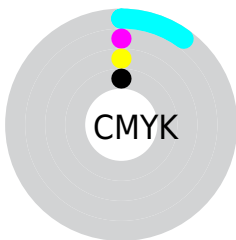
# Distribution



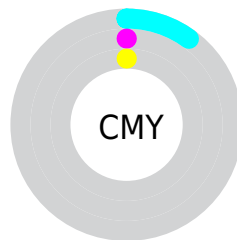
- Red (90%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 85.9625, 95.3338, 107.6365 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 85.9625, 95.3338, 107.6365 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 85.9625, 95.3338,  
107.6365

 85.9625, 95.3338,  
107.6365


503.2434,  
545.2331, 605.8628

 64.9621, 72.4128,  
82.0409


140.6243,  
154.7257, 173.7556

 47.6950, 53.4960,  
60.8632


175.0163,  
191.9654, 215.1163

 33.7956, 38.1989,  
43.6850


214.6031,  
234.7468, 262.5690

 22.8988, 26.1371,  
30.0875

259.7498,  
283.4543, 316.5323

 14.6391, 16.9262,  
19.6524

310.8218,  
338.4722, 377.4248

 8.6511, 10.1819,  
11.9611

368.1845,

 4.5696, 5.5197,

400.1851, 445.6651

6.5950

432.2032,  
468.9772, 521.6716

■ 2.0292, 2.5553,  
3.1355

■ 0.6503, 0.9043,  
1.1643

■ 85.9625, 95.3338,  
107.6365

■ 85.9625, 95.3338,  
107.6365

■ 78.2588, 91.3804,  
106.4610

94.8640, 99.9045,  
108.8752

■ 71.6982, 88.0163,  
105.3416

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 66.2258, 85.2131,  
104.2774

■ 61.7814, 82.9397,  
103.2654

■ 58.2987, 81.1620,  
102.3027

■ 55.7037, 79.8418,  
101.3856

■ 53.9117, 78.9355,  
100.5102

■ 52.8215, 78.3909,  
99.6718

■ 52.2734, 78.1253,  
98.8782

# Harmonies

## Analogous

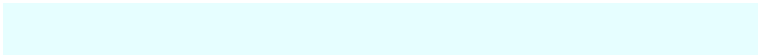
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



85.9360, 95.3338, 100.3468



85.9625, 95.3338, 107.6365



87.2191, 95.3338, 114.1860

# Triad

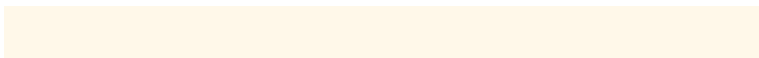
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



85.9625, 95.3338, 107.6365



94.1685, 95.3338, 113.9573



91.8376, 95.3338, 90.7614

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



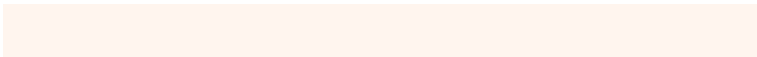
85.9625, 95.3338, 107.6365



83.5429, 83.0130, 86.4831

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



94.0916, 95.3338, 94.0680



85.9625, 95.3338, 107.6365



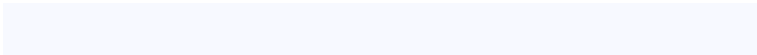
95.4544, 95.3338, 107.3362

# Square

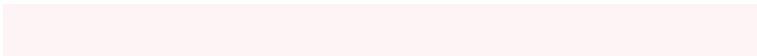
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



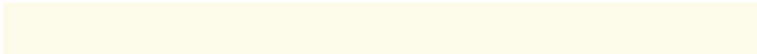
85.9625, 95.3338, 107.6365



91.9410, 95.3338, 117.9505



95.4260, 95.3338, 100.0603



89.2957, 95.3338, 90.8333

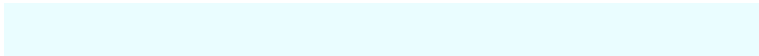


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



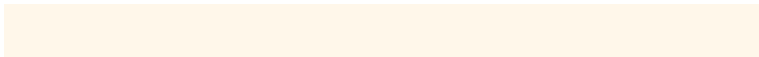
85.9625, 95.3338, 107.6365



88.5990, 95.3338, 117.1517



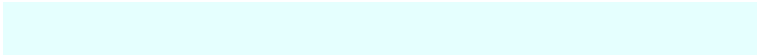
95.4260, 95.3338, 100.0603



92.6551, 95.3338, 91.5076

# Sweetspot

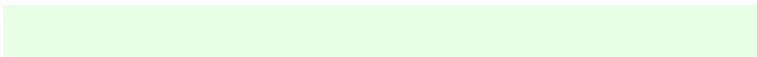
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85.9634, 95.3342, 107.6380



92.2441, 98.5589, 108.5220



82.6333, 94.0503, 87.9286



19.5875, 21.0153, 23.2068



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

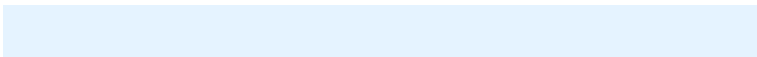
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85.9634, 95.3342, 107.6380



84.4860, 94.5758, 107.4212



82.5045, 88.1598, 107.2758



18.5230, 20.4687, 23.0568



27.3273, 40.8275, 51.7364

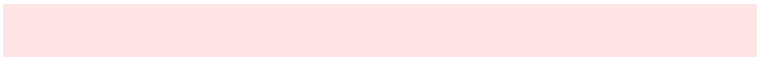


2.6698, 3.9788, 5.0850



# Inverse Universe

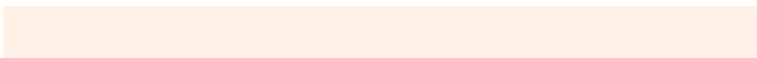
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83.5429, 83.0130, 86.4831



81.6725, 80.2543, 82.8321



86.7501, 89.6511, 86.8624



18.0376, 17.9984, 18.8154



21.5890, 11.1249, 1.2203

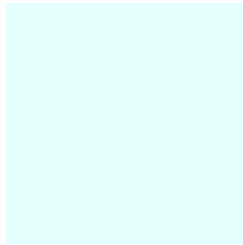


2.1115, 1.0870, 0.1688



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 85.9625, 95.3338, 107.6365 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

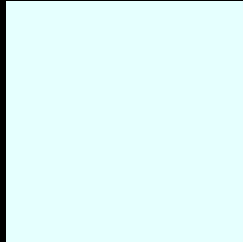
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 85.9625, 95.3338, 107.6365 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

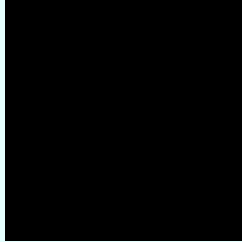
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

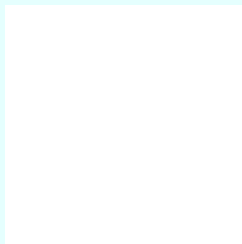
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 85.9625, 95.3338, 107.6365

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 85.9625, 95.3338, 107.6365.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 85.9625, 95.3338,

107.6865.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

85.9625, 95.3338, 107.6365



### Protanopia

91.3307, 94.9196, 103.9501

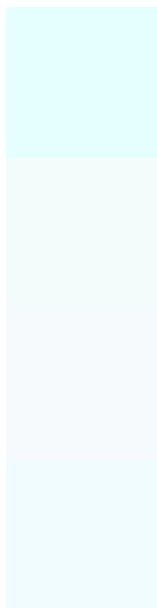
### Deuteranopia

91.9134, 94.7466, 104.7103

## **Tritanopia**

90.2416, 95.1840, 108.2239

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

85.9625, 95.3338, 107.6365

## Protanomaly

89.2180, 95.1925, 104.9385

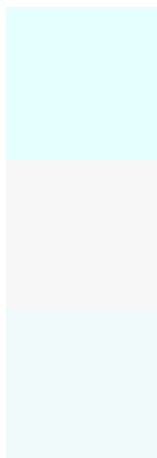
## Deuteranomaly

89.7623, 94.9923, 105.6998

## Tritanomaly

88.7956, 95.3661, 108.3352

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

85.9625, 95.3338, 107.6365

## Achromatopsia

88.4070, 93.0111, 101.2891

## Achromatomaly

87.3761, 93.7986, 103.9422

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 85.9625, 95.3338, 107.6365 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(229, 255, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(229, 255, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(229, 255, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(229, 255, 254) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 85.9625, 95.3338, 107.6365 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(229, 255, 254) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(229, 255, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(229, 255, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(229, 255, 254); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 255, 254);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 255,  
254) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 85.9625, 95.3338, 107.6365 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(229, 255, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(229,  
255, 254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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