

# Converting Colors

XYZ(86.0676, 90.2844,  
103.6382)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(86.0676, 90.2844, 103.6382)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(86.2240, 90.4807,  
103.3625)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F2F4FA
RGB	242, 244, 250
RGB Percent	95%, 96%, 98%
CMY	0.0510, 0.0431, 0.0196
CMYK	0.03, 0.02, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	225°, 44%, 96%
HSV	225°, 3%, 98%
XYZ	86.2240, 90.4807, 103.3625
YIQ	244.0860, -3.1180, 1.4420

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

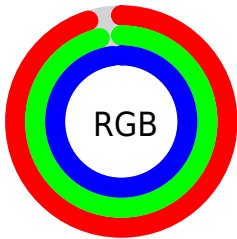
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	242, 244, 250
Decimal	15922426
CIE Lab	96.20, 0.42, -3.12
CIE LCh	96, 3.148, 277.685
Yxy	90.4807, 0.3079, 0.3231
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294112506 (0xFFFF2F4FA)
YUV	244.0860, 2.9156, -1.8294
Hunter-Lab	95.1213, -4.6587, 2.1582

# Details

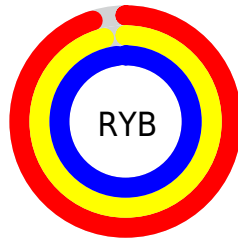
The XYZ color **86.2240, 90.4807, 103.3625** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **89.0191, 93.8689, 97.4327**, and the grayscale version is **86.0393, 90.5201, 98.5763**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **47.9705, 50.3006, 58.2196** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **72.8688, 75.6490, 101.2050**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94.2556, 99.6822, 104.7166**.

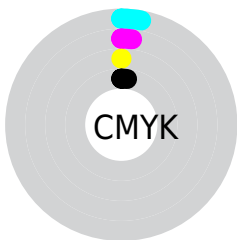
# Distribution



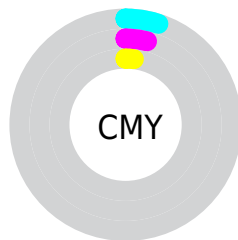
- Red (95%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (96%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (2%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 86.2240, 90.4807, 103.3625 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 86.2240, 90.4807, 103.3625 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



86.2240, 90.4807,  
103.3625

86.2240, 90.4807,  
103.3625

504.0924,  
529.5933, 592.2587

65.1791, 68.3794,  
78.4792

140.9873,  
148.0059, 167.8624

47.8716, 50.2065,  
57.9489

175.4363,  
184.1986, 208.3161

33.9360, 35.5775,  
41.3531

215.0842,  
225.8573, 254.7971

23.0071, 24.1080,  
28.2734

260.2961,  
273.3663, 307.7237

14.7195, 15.4138,  
18.2910

311.4376,  
327.1100, 367.5147

8.7078, 9.1103,  
10.9875

368.8739,

4.6066, 4.8132,

387.4728, 434.5885

5.9444

432.9704,  
454.8391, 509.3636

■ 2.0507, 2.1381,  
2.7430

■ 0.6622, 0.6859,  
0.9650

■ 86.2240, 90.4807,  
103.3625

■ 86.2240, 90.4807,  
103.3625

■ 72.8688, 75.6490,  
101.2050

94.2556, 99.6822,  
104.7166

■ 61.1929, 62.5062,  
99.2835

■ 51.1305, 50.9943,  
97.5919

■ 42.6085, 41.0478,  
96.1212

■ 35.5480, 32.5965,  
94.8620

■ 29.8628, 25.5645,  
93.8043

■ 25.4570, 19.8688,  
92.9372

■ 22.2216, 15.4168,  
92.2484

■ 20.0271, 12.1020,  
91.7242

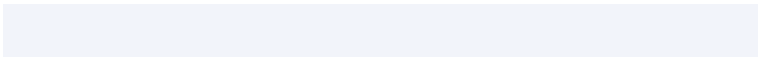
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



85.3630, 90.4807, 103.0355



86.2240, 90.4807, 103.3625



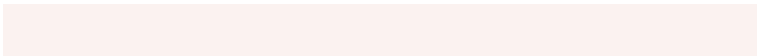
87.0301, 90.4807, 102.3741

# Triad

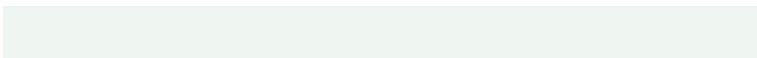
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



86.2240, 90.4807, 103.3625



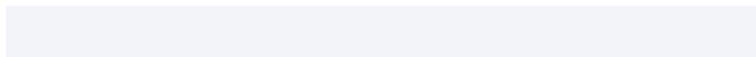
87.3353, 90.4807, 95.6066



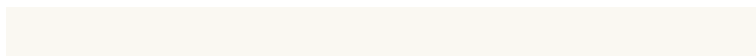
84.4547, 90.4807, 96.7029

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86.2240, 90.4807, 103.3625



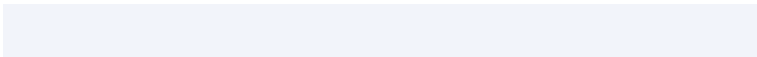
89.0191, 93.8689, 97.4327

# Split Complementary

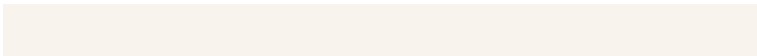
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



84.9765, 90.4807, 94.7601



86.2240, 90.4807, 103.3625



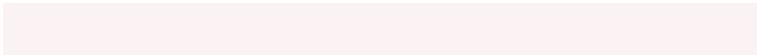
86.6385, 90.4807, 94.1347

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



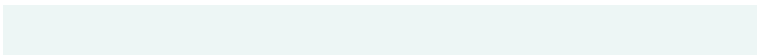
86.2240, 90.4807, 103.3625



87.6745, 90.4807, 97.8762



85.7748, 90.4807, 93.8275

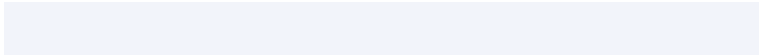


84.3454, 90.4807, 99.1628

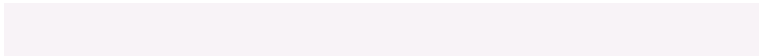


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



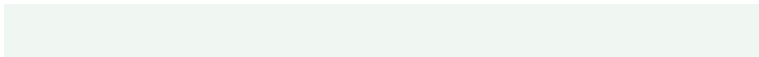
86.2240, 90.4807, 103.3625



87.4265, 90.4807, 101.1120



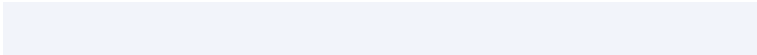
85.7748, 90.4807, 93.8275



84.5875, 90.4807, 95.9690

# Sweetspot

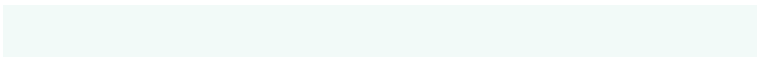
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86.2266, 90.4846, 103.3645



93.5113, 98.3061, 108.6541



87.7276, 94.0190, 102.2237



20.0315, 21.0594, 23.2591



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

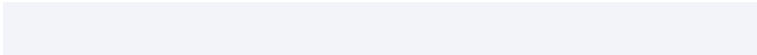


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86.2266, 90.4846, 103.3645



89.0058, 93.3352, 107.9321



86.2710, 89.6173, 103.1947



18.0141, 18.8776, 22.0796



10.1797, 5.7150, 48.5401



1.0232, 0.6901, 4.5224

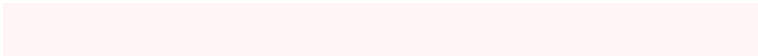


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87.5077, 90.3618, 98.4218



90.6752, 93.1812, 101.4895



88.9728, 94.7643, 97.6080



18.4180, 18.8417, 20.5205



21.4303, 10.9878, 3.7083

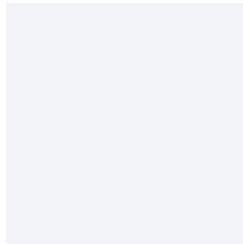


2.0254, 1.0339, 0.5571



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 86.2240, 90.4807, 103.3625 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

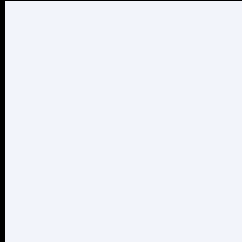
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 86.2240, 90.4807, 103.3625 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

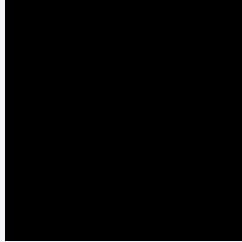
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

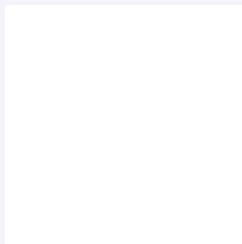
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 86.2240, 90.4807, 103.3625

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 86.2240, 90.4807, 103.3625.



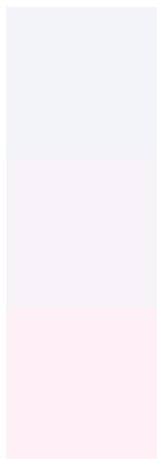
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 86.2240, 90.4807,

103.3525.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

86.2240, 90.4807, 103.3625

### Protanopia

87.5072, 90.7149, 102.5201

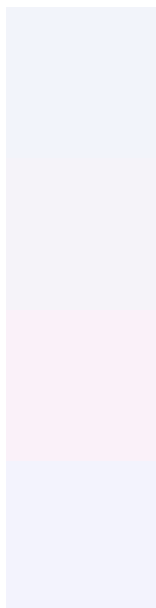
### Deuteranopia

89.3434, 90.3575, 101.5388

## Tritanopia

87.4088, 90.5543, 107.4795

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

86.2240, 90.4807, 103.3625

## Protanomaly

86.8057, 90.3532, 102.4873

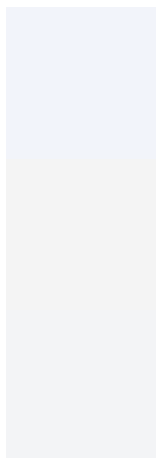
## Deuteranomaly

87.9785, 90.0741, 102.3716

## Tritanomaly

86.7424, 90.2477, 105.7762

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

86.2240, 90.4807, 103.3625

## Achromatopsia

85.9880, 90.4661, 98.5176

## Achromatomaly

85.9474, 90.4099, 100.1097

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 86.2240, 90.4807, 103.3625 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(242, 244, 250) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 244, 250)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 244, 250) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 244, 250) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 86.2240, 90.4807, 103.3625 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 244, 250) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 244, 250) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(242, 244, 250)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 244, 250); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 244, 250);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 244,  
250) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 86.2240, 90.4807, 103.3625 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 244, 250) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242,  
244, 250) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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