

Converting Colors

XYZ(86.3431, 95.6542,
102.0417)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(86.3431, 95.6542, 102.0417)
contains.

| | |
|--|----|
| XYZ(86.4802, 95.7278, 101.9150) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 12 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 24 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 28 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 31 |

Color

**XYZ(86.4802, 95.7278,
101.9150)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | EAFFF7 |
| RGB | 234, 255, 247 |
| RGB Percent | 92%, 100%, 97% |
| CMY | 0.0823, 0.0000, 0.0314 |
| CMYK | 0.08, 0.00, 0.03, 0.00 |
| HSL | 157°, 100%, 96% |
| HSV | 157°, 8%, 100% |
| XYZ | 86.4802, 95.7278, 101.9150 |
| YIQ | 247.8090, -9.9480, -6.9400 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

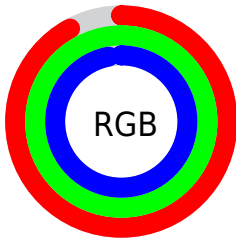
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 234, 247, 255 |
| Decimal | 15400951 |
| CIE Lab | 98.32, -8.27, 1.47 |
| CIE LCh | 98, 8.403, 169.918 |
| Yxy | 95.7278, 0.3044, 0.3369 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4293591031 (0xFFEAF7) |
| YUV | 247.8090, -0.3988, -12.1105 |
| Hunter-Lab | 97.8406, -13.4469, 6.7294 |

Details

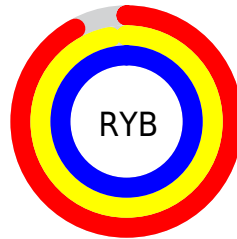
The XYZ color **86.4802, 95.7278, 101.9150** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **86.6904, 86.5176, 96.1350**, and the grayscale version is **89.0757, 93.7146, 102.0552**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **47.9582, 53.6147, 57.1112** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **77.2421, 91.1341, 93.8617**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**.

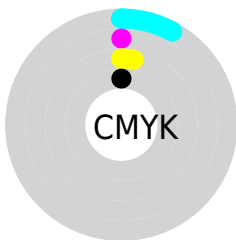
Distribution



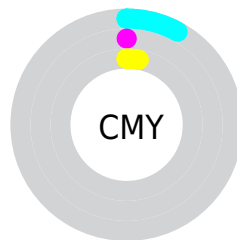
- Red (92%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (97%)



- Red (92%)
- Yellow (97%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 86.4802, 95.7278, 101.9150 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 86.4802, 95.7278, 101.9150 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 86.4802, 95.7278,
101.9150

 86.4802, 95.7278,
101.9150

504.9235,
546.4923, 587.6141

 65.3917, 72.7409,
77.2750


141.3428,
155.2697, 165.8611

 48.0447, 53.7641,
56.9657


175.8476,
192.5935, 206.0044

 34.0737, 38.4131,
40.5685


215.5553,
235.4650, 252.1524

 23.1134, 26.3035,
27.6649

260.8311,
284.2686, 304.7238

 14.7984, 17.0508,
17.8364

312.0405,
339.3888, 364.1372

 8.7634, 10.2707,
10.6644

369.5488,

 4.6430, 5.5788,

401.2098, 430.8110

5.7303

433.7213,
470.1162, 505.1638

■ 2.0720, 2.5907,
2.6157

■ 0.6739, 0.9220,
0.9005

■ 86.4802, 95.7278,
101.9150

■ 86.4802, 95.7278,
101.9150

■ 77.2421, 91.1341,
93.8617

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 69.2337, 87.1654,
86.2660

■ 62.3997, 83.7935,
79.1205

■ 56.6796, 80.9871,
72.4159

■ 52.0072, 78.7124,
66.1426

■ 48.3089, 76.9316,
60.2902

■ 45.5010, 75.6016,
54.8480

■ 43.4849, 74.6718,
49.8041

■ 42.1252, 74.0726,
45.1448

Harmonies

Analogous

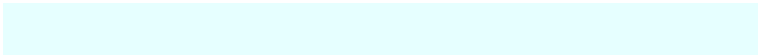
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



87.4713, 95.7278, 95.8815



86.4802, 95.7278, 101.9150



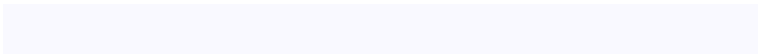
86.6800, 95.7278, 108.8388

Triad

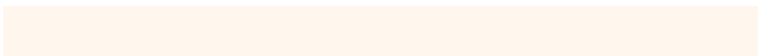
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



86.4802, 95.7278, 101.9150



92.5813, 95.7278, 117.2734



94.0165, 95.7278, 94.3610

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



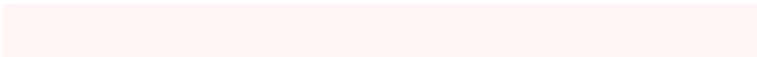
86.4802, 95.7278, 101.9150



86.6904, 86.5176, 96.1350

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



95.4331, 95.7278, 99.7557



86.4802, 95.7278, 101.9150



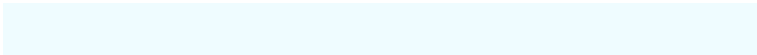
94.5944, 95.7278, 113.0524

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



86.4802, 95.7278, 101.9150



90.1740, 95.7278, 117.9144



95.6465, 95.7278, 106.5824



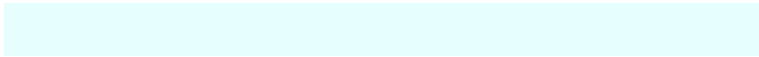
91.8037, 95.7278, 91.6499

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86.4802, 95.7278, 101.9150



87.4630, 95.7278, 113.0214



95.6465, 95.7278, 106.5824



94.6032, 95.7278, 95.9092

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86.4811, 95.7283, 101.9165



92.8873, 98.9210, 107.1744



87.2471, 96.3469, 91.8418



19.9044, 21.1845, 22.9579



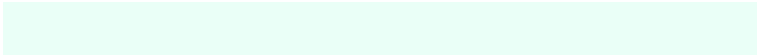
0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



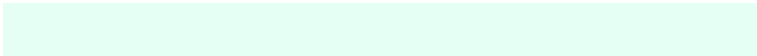
20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

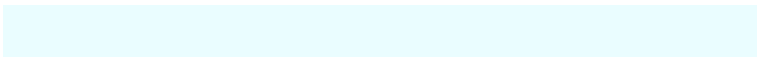
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86.4811, 95.7283, 101.9165



84.7582, 94.8705, 100.4607



86.9658, 94.6797, 108.2992



18.2444, 20.3573, 21.5899



21.9794, 38.6883, 23.5744



2.1933, 3.7883, 2.5759

Inverse Universe

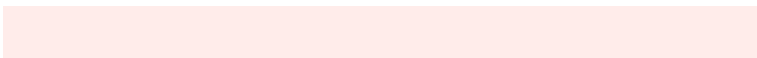
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



86.6904, 86.5176, 96.1350



85.0093, 83.8203, 93.5249



86.2173, 87.4520, 90.1792



18.2956, 18.1016, 20.1740



22.7463, 11.5878, 7.3147



2.2660, 1.1488, 0.9819

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 86.4802, 95.7278, 101.9150 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

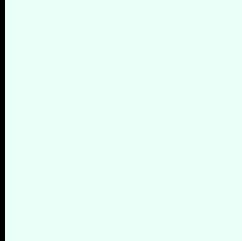
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 86.4802, 95.7278, 101.9150 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

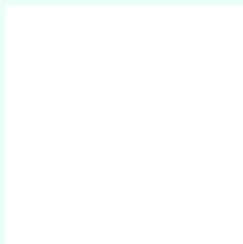
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 86.4802, 95.7278, 101.9150

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 86.4802, 95.7278, 101.9150.



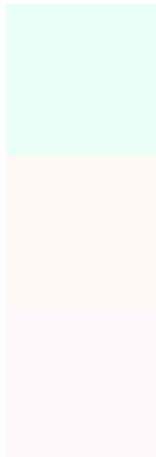
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 86.4802, 95.7278,

101.9150.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

86.4802, 95.7278, 101.9150

Protanopia

91.4448, 95.5430, 99.2099

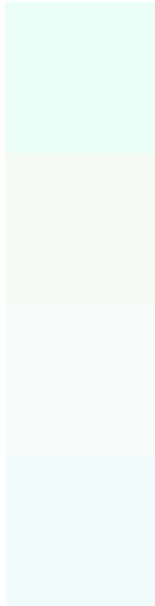
Deuteranopia

92.0627, 95.2969, 103.9844

Tritanopia

90.5934, 95.3654, 108.2403

Trichromacy



Original Color

86.4802, 95.7278, 101.9150

Protanomaly

89.3364, 95.3611, 100.0842

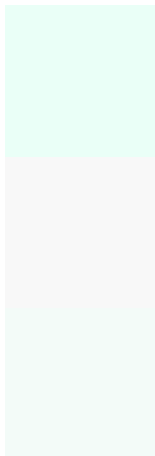
Deuteranomaly

89.9538, 95.6081, 103.3357

Tritanomaly

88.9990, 95.5263, 105.8431

Monochromacy



Original Color

86.4802, 95.7278, 101.9150

Achromatopsia

89.2221, 93.8686, 102.2229

Achromatomaly

88.4026, 94.8264, 102.4509

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 86.4802, 95.7278, 101.9150 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(234, 255, 247)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(234, 255, 247)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(234, 255, 247) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(234, 255, 247) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 86.4802, 95.7278, 101.9150 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(234, 255, 247) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(234, 255, 247) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(234, 255, 247)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(234, 255, 247); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 255, 247);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 255,  
247) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 86.4802, 95.7278, 101.9150 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(234, 255, 247) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(234,  
255, 247) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor