

Converting Colors

XYZ(86.3796, 100.0000,
171.0879)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(86.3796, 100.0000, 171.0879)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(70.6046, 87.3979,
107.7560)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|------------------------------|
| Hex | ABFFFF |
| RGB | 171, 255, 255 |
| RGB Percent | 67%, 100%, 100% |
| CMY | 0.3294, 0.0000, 0.0000 |
| CMYK | 0.33, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00 |
| HSL | 180°, 100%, 84% |
| HSV | 180°, 33%, 100% |
| XYZ | 70.6046, 87.3979, 107.7560 |
| YIQ | 229.8840, -50.0640, -17.8080 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

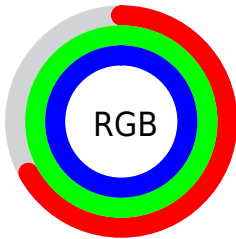
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| RYB | 171, 213, 255 |
| Decimal | 11272191 |
| CIELab | 94.91, -25.22, -8.09 |
| CIElCh | 95, 26.483, 197.785 |
| Yxy | 87.3979, 0.2657, 0.3289 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4289462271 (0xFFABFFFF) |
| YUV | 229.8840, 12.3822, -51.6413 |
| Hunter-Lab | 93.4868, -28.7924, -2.8988 |

Details

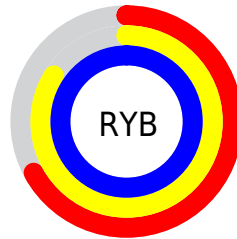
The XYZ color **70.6046, 87.3979, 107.7560** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **63.1547, 53.3277, 45.4947**, and the grayscale version is **75.0659, 78.9751, 86.0039**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86.1231, 95.3980, 108.4822**, and **37.4574, 48.1102, 60.7381** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65.5761, 84.8056, 107.5206**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **76.7063, 90.5435, 108.0415**.

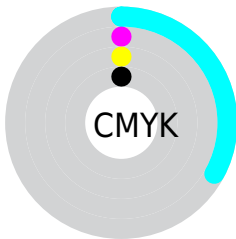
Distribution



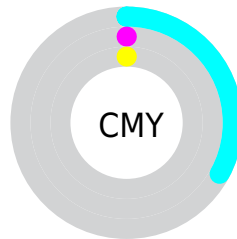
- Red (67%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 70.6046, 87.3979, 107.7560 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 70.6046, 87.3979, 107.7560 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 70.6046, 87.3979,
107.7560

 70.6046, 87.3979,
107.7560


451.9034,
519.5295, 606.2409

 52.3010, 65.8245,
82.1406


 119.0921,
143.7186, 173.9201

 37.4703, 48.1300,
60.9450


150.0067,
179.2348, 215.3058

 25.7471, 33.9298,
43.7505

185.8557,
220.1673, 262.7855

 16.7663, 22.8397,
30.1386

227.0044,
266.9006, 316.7776

 10.1622, 14.4752,
19.6909

273.8181,
319.8191, 377.7006

 5.5698, 8.4519,
11.9887

326.6623,

 2.6234, 4.3854,

379.3071, 445.9732

6.6135

385.9023,
445.7491, 522.0137

■ 0.9579, 1.8914,
3.1469

■ 0.0000, 0.5432,
1.1701

■ 70.6046, 87.3979,
107.7560

■ 70.6046, 87.3979,
107.7560

■ 65.5761, 84.8056,
107.5206

■ 76.7063, 90.5435,
108.0415

■ 61.5563, 82.7333,
107.3325

■ 83.9354, 94.2702,
108.3798

■ 58.4779, 81.1464,
107.1885

■ 92.3457, 98.6059,
108.7734

■ 56.2645, 80.0054,
107.0849

■ 95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 54.8275, 79.2646,
107.0176

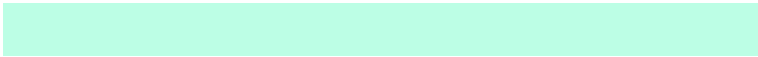
■ 54.0595, 78.8686,
106.9817

■ 53.8100, 78.7400,
106.9700

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



70.2935, 87.3979, 87.0386



70.6046, 87.3979, 107.7560



74.1339, 87.3979, 127.5505

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



70.6046, 87.3979, 107.7560



93.7190, 87.3979, 124.2765



86.0245, 87.3979, 61.5134

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



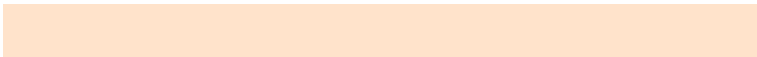
70.6046, 87.3979, 107.7560



63.1547, 53.3277, 45.4947

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



92.6948, 87.3979, 68.7796



70.6046, 87.3979, 107.7560



97.3057, 87.3979, 103.7746

Square

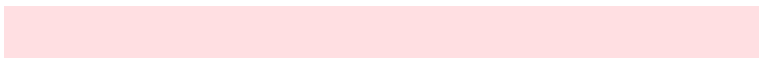
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



70.6046, 87.3979, 107.7560



87.3576, 87.3979, 137.9930



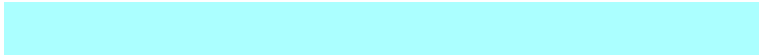
96.9204, 87.3979, 83.5886



78.9233, 87.3979, 62.2597

Rectangle

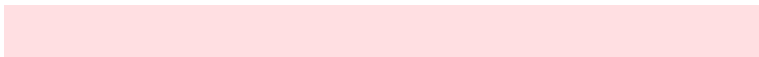
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



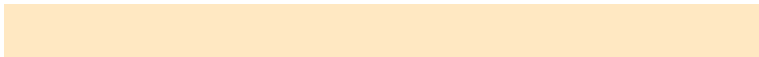
70.6046, 87.3979, 107.7560



77.9580, 87.3979, 136.6580



96.9204, 87.3979, 83.5886



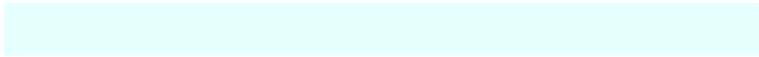
88.3989, 87.3979, 63.0509

Sweetspot

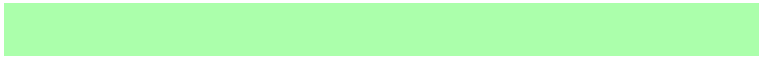
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70.6054, 87.3984, 107.7560



86.2829, 95.4804, 108.4897



59.9065, 83.1188, 51.4161



18.2251, 20.3115, 23.2099



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

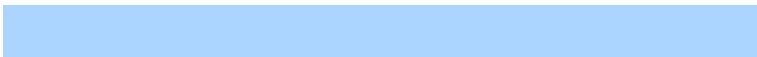
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70.6054, 87.3984, 107.7560



66.9469, 85.5123, 107.5848



58.6402, 63.4678, 103.7676



18.5550, 20.4815, 23.2253



28.1169, 41.1433, 55.8941



2.7376, 4.0060, 5.4422

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



73.8536, 57.6073, 101.8345



70.6812, 51.2625, 100.7771



72.3858, 71.7899, 48.5717



18.7928, 18.3004, 22.7918



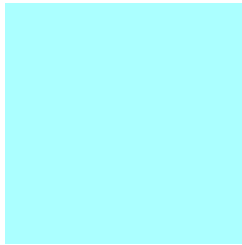
30.9803, 14.8814, 50.6741



3.0164, 1.4490, 4.9340

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 70.6046, 87.3979, 107.7560 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

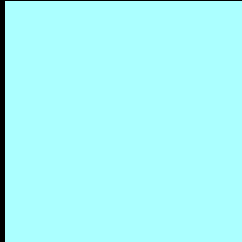
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 70.6046, 87.3979, 107.7560 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 70.6046, 87.3979, 107.7560

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 70.6046, 87.3979, 107.7560.

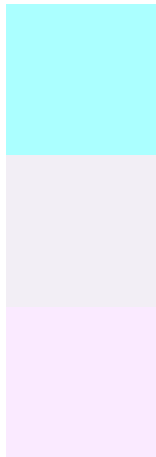


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 70.6046, 87.3979,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

70.6046, 87.3979, 107.7560

Protanopia

83.6739, 86.6189, 98.6952

Deuteranopia

86.8972, 86.3896, 106.7026



Tritanopia

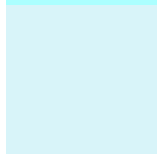
78.1430, 86.6709, 107.2183

Trichromacy



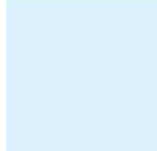
Original Color

70.6046, 87.3979, 107.7560



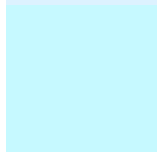
Protanomaly

77.7685, 86.1399, 102.1504



Deuteranomaly

79.6209, 86.0964, 107.0295



Tritanomaly

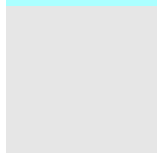
75.2144, 86.9771, 107.4318

Monochromacy



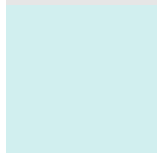
Original Color

70.6046, 87.3979, 107.7560



Achromatopsia

75.2129, 79.1298, 86.1723



Achromatomaly

72.7410, 81.5203, 93.5625

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 70.6046, 87.3979, 107.7560 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 255, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 255, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 255, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 255, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 70.6046, 87.3979, 107.7560 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 255, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 255, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 255, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(171, 255, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 255, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 255,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 70.6046, 87.3979, 107.7560 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 255, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171,  
255, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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